On the use of a randomized bayesian network (RBN) model of time use and activity engagement for understanding latent behavioral mobility patterns

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Research objectives

- ► Time use and activity engagement modeling
- Latent behavioral patterns identification



Use of BN depends on known/unknown structure and complete/incomplete data

	Known structure	Unknown structure
Complete data	Statistical parametric	Discrete optimization
	estimation	over structures
Incomplete data	Parametric optimization	Combined methods

Table 1: Learning problems categorization



Randomized bayesian network (RBN)

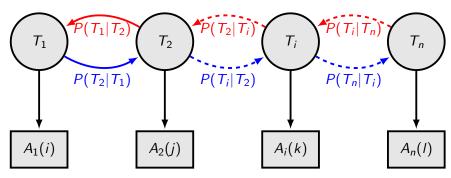
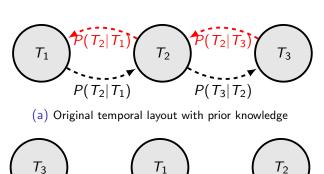


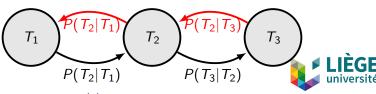
Figure 1: Structure of the bayesian network with time spans



Randomization



(b) Randomization and causal relationships breaking



(c) Patterns identification

Model selection

$$\Theta^* = \operatorname*{argmax}_{\Theta} \log \mathcal{L}(D; \Theta)$$
 $BIC = \log \mathcal{L} - \frac{d}{2} \times \log(m)$
 $AIC = \log \mathcal{L} - d$



Empirical analysis

- ► Household Travel Survey (BELDAM) conducted in 2010
- ▶ Variables: trip purpose, trip start/end times, mode, OD at commune level + socio-demographics

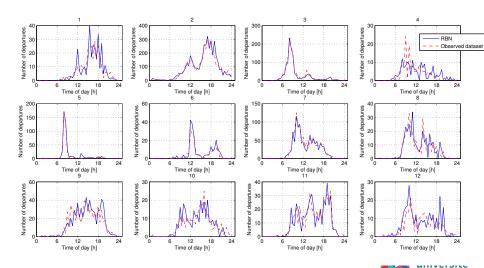


BN structures for different temporal resolutions

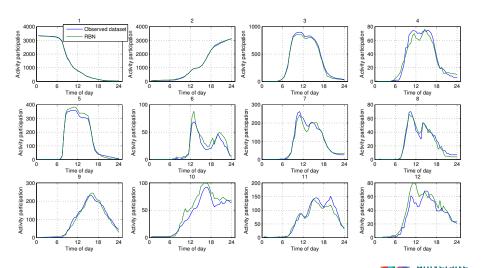




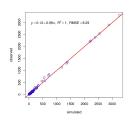
Model validation

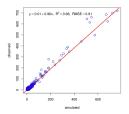


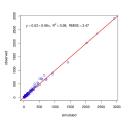
Model validation

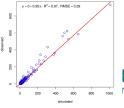


Comparison between simulated and observed multi-variate joint distributions (based on activity engagement and activity time-slots)











Further research

- ▶ Why is the complexity of the BN topological structure increasing with temporal resolution ?
- Interpretation of the BN structures
- Considering RBN in the absence of complete data
- Incorporating the influence of individual attributes on the activity-travel patterns



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Related research:

Saadi et al., 2018, An efficient hierarchical model for multi-source information fusion, in *Expert Systems With Applications*

Saadi et al., 2016, Forecasting travel behavior using Markov Chains-based approaches, in *Transportation Research Part C:* Emerging Technologies

Saadi et al., 2016, Hidden Markov Model-based population synthesis, in *Transportation Research Part B: Methodological*

