

Modeling Optimal Congestion Fees within the Ohio River Navigation Investment Model

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Goals of this work

- **Estimate benefits of collecting fees at locks as a non-structural alternative for the Ohio River Mainstem study**
 - **Fixed fee (\$/ton) set annually at each lock**
 - **Maximize the National Economic Development (NED) benefits (social optimum)**

Traditional Congestion Fee Analysis

- **Typical non-structural alternative**
- **Compared to construction alternatives**
- **Single lock**
- **“Brute force” optimization**

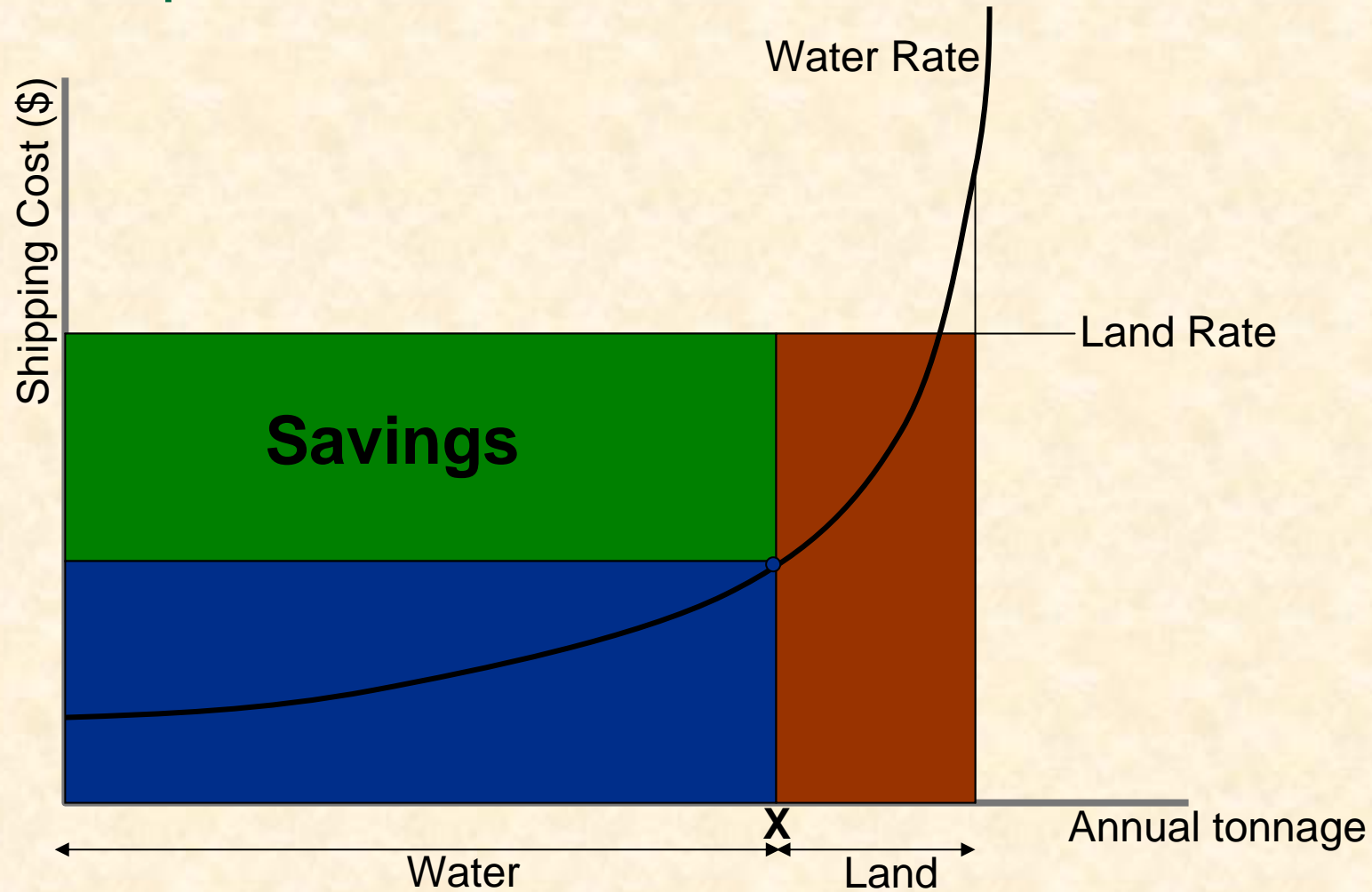
Congestion fees

- **Short term**
 - **Only during high congestion**
 - **Seasonal, Daily, Hourly**
 - **Goal is to reduce congestion at locks**
 - **spread out the traffic**
 - **Move traffic off system**
 - **Requires modeling individual shipments**
 - **Must estimate the NED cost of changing schedules or moving off the system**

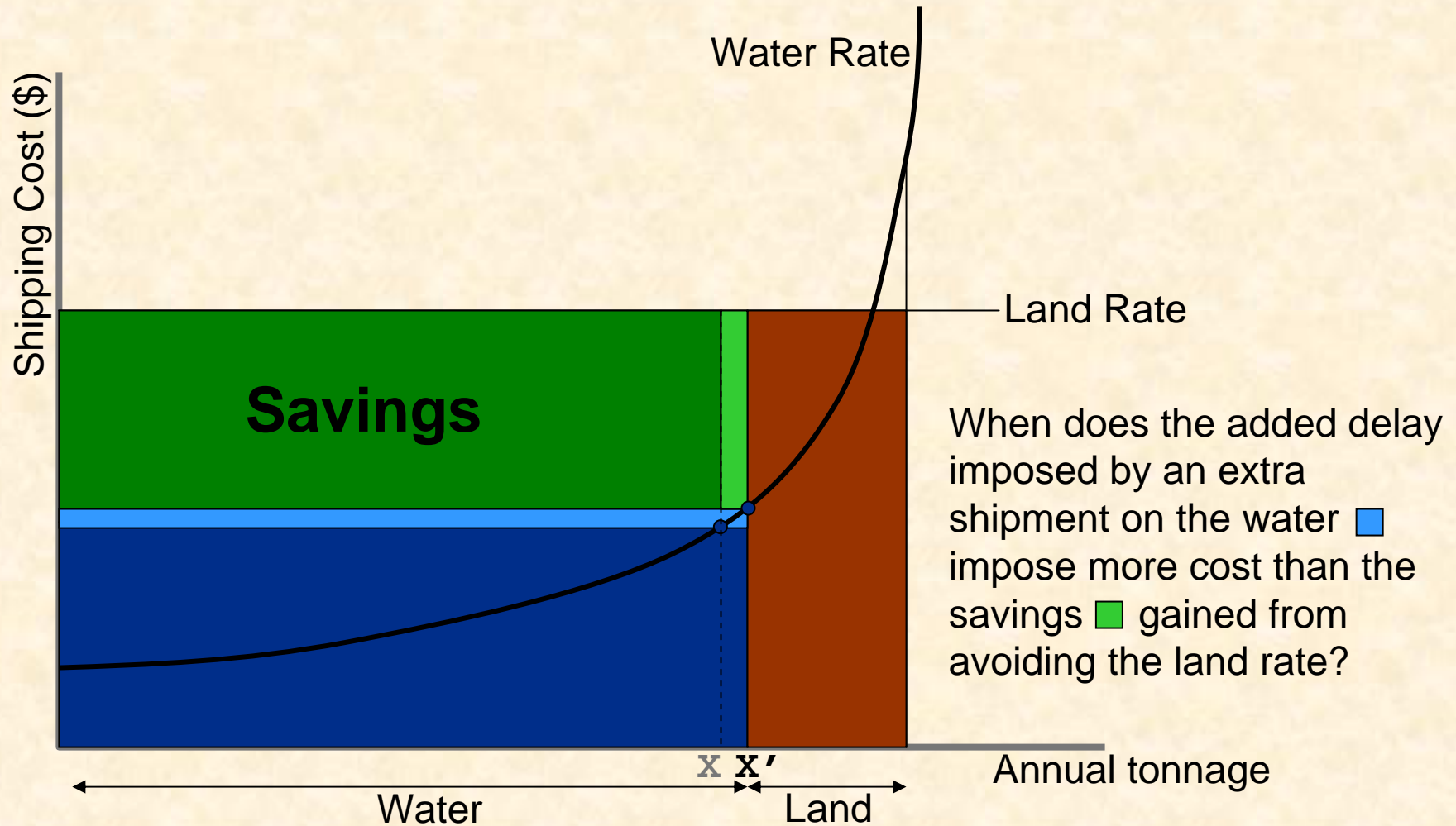
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 - Only during high congestion
 - Seasonal, Daily, Hourly
 - Goal is to reduce congestion at locks
 - spread out the traffic
 - Move traffic off system
 - Requires modeling individual shipments
 - Must estimate the NED cost of changing schedules or moving off the system
- **Long term**
 - Annual/multi-year
 - Published well ahead
 - **Goal is to price the use of the waterway to maximize national benefits.**
 - **Must assume shippers have an alternative.**

Maximize Savings (social optimum)-simplified



Maximize Savings (social optimum) - simplified



The Math

Maximize **Savings**

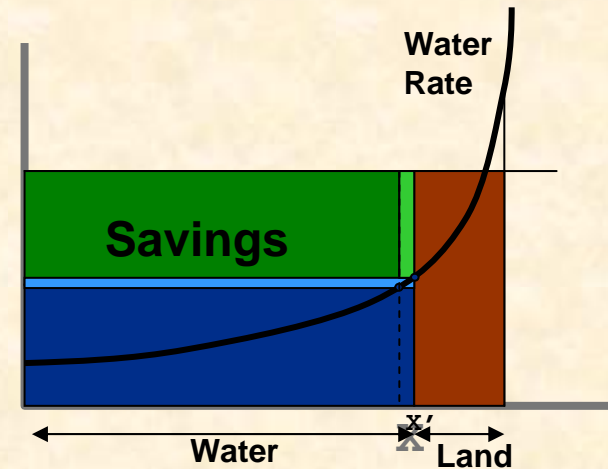
Let $f(x)$ = water rate

Max $[x(R - f(x))]$

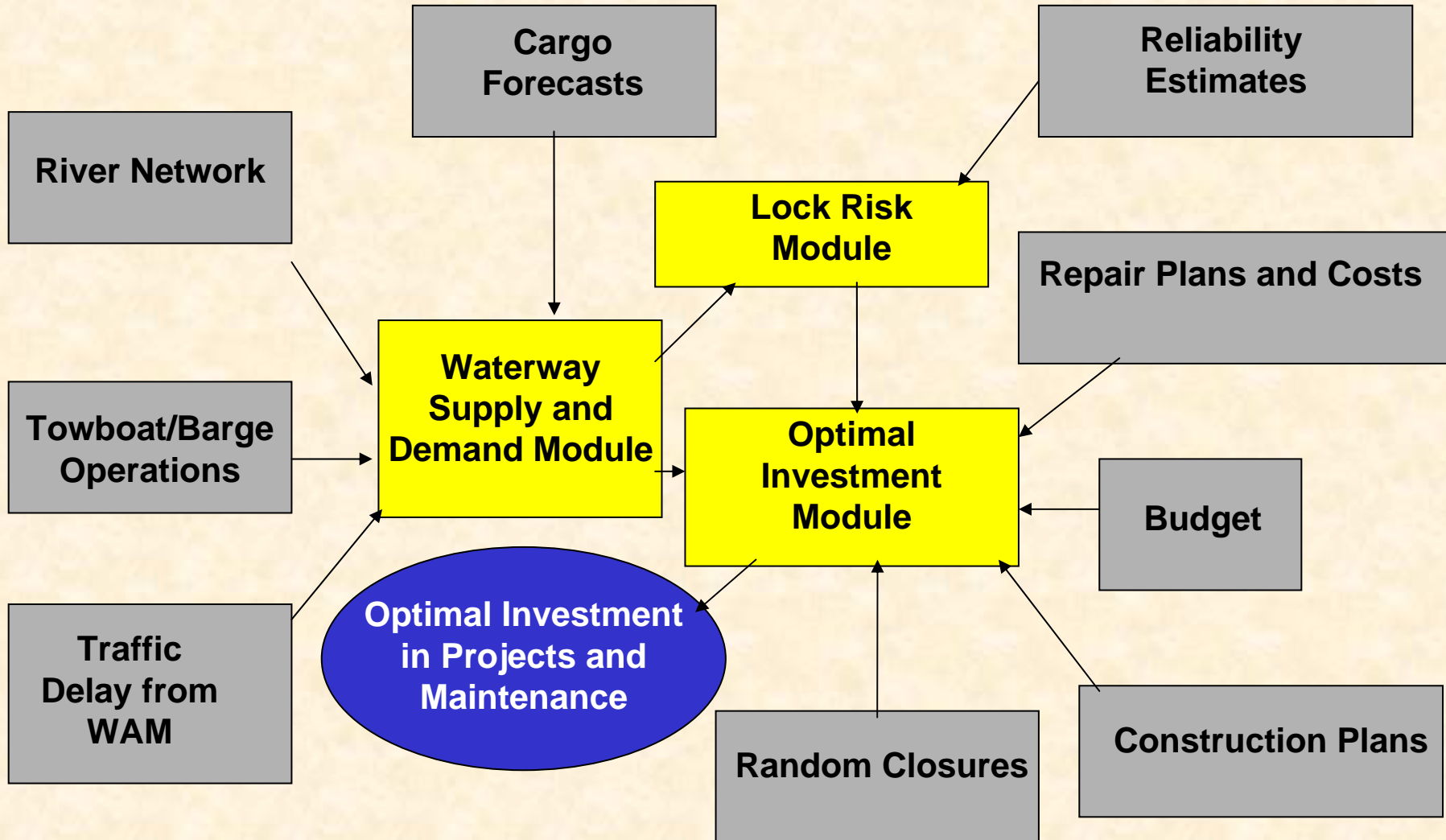
$d/dx [x(R - f(x))] = R - xf'(x) - f(x)$

Maximum occurs at

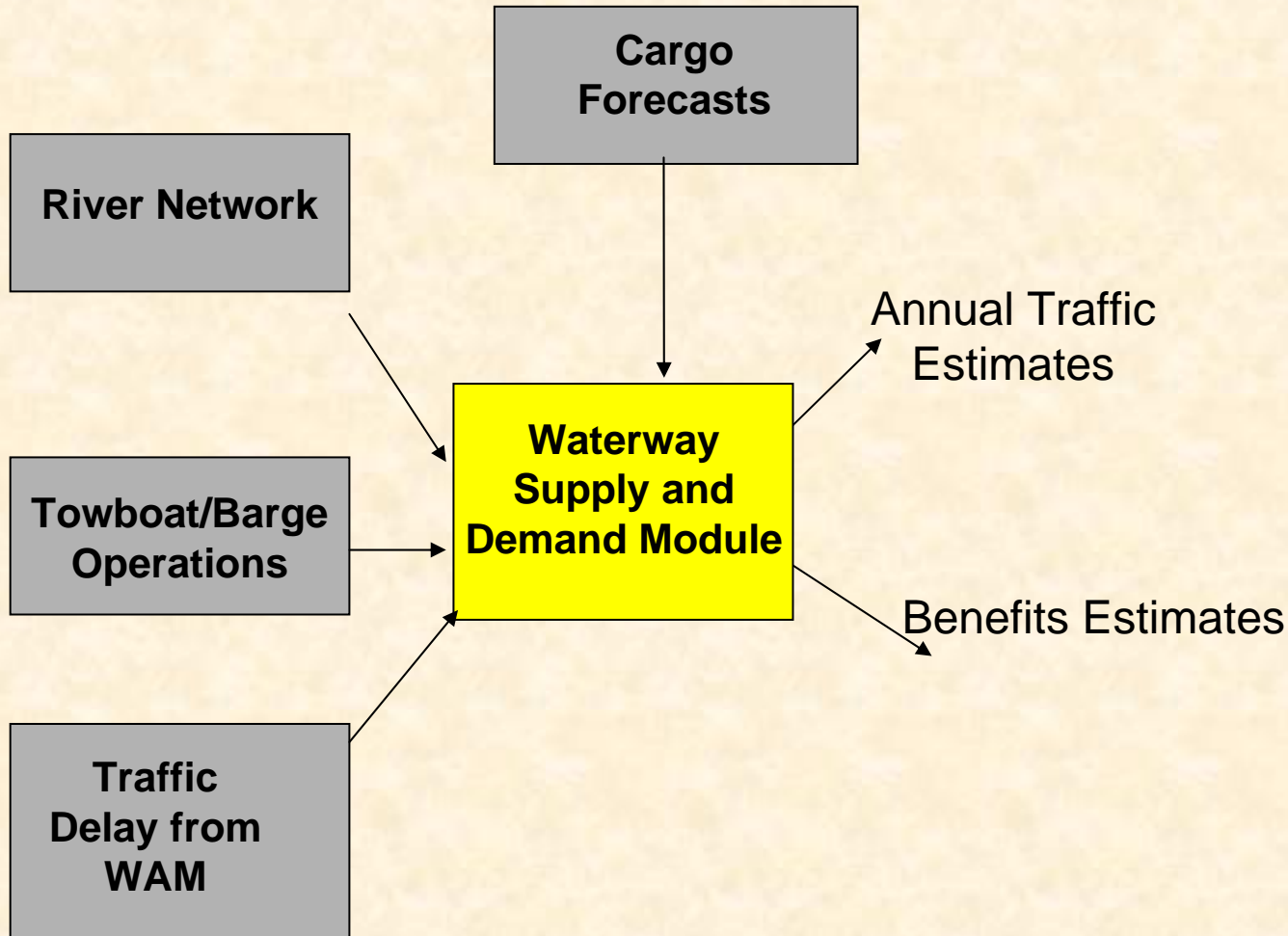
$$R - f(x) = xf'(x)$$



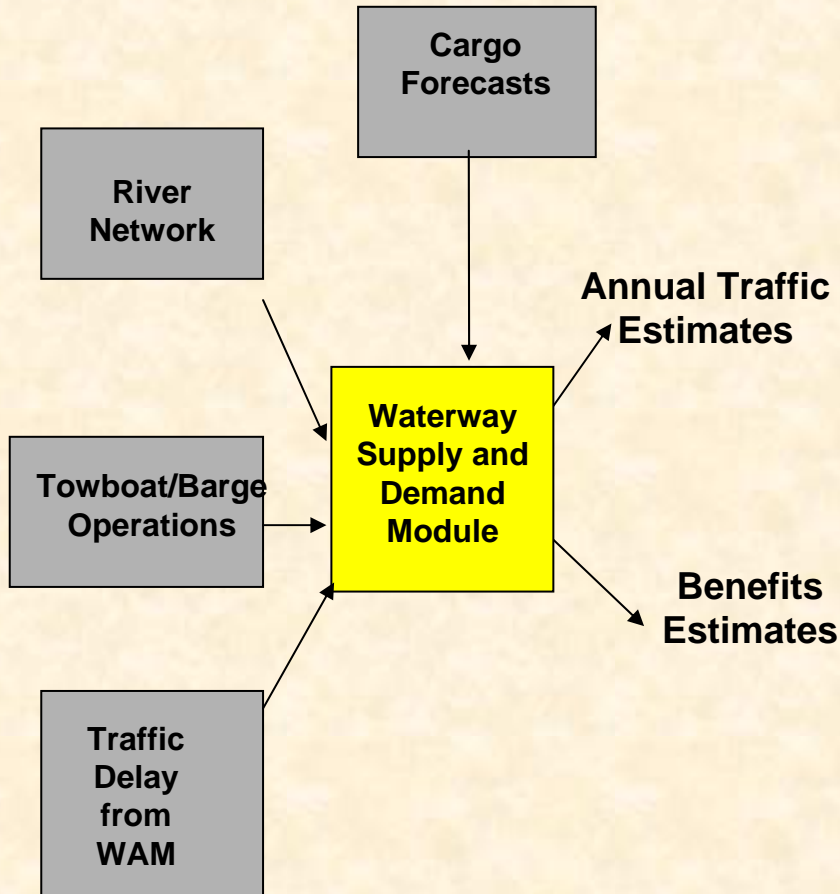
The ORNIM System



The ORNIM System— Equilibrium Process

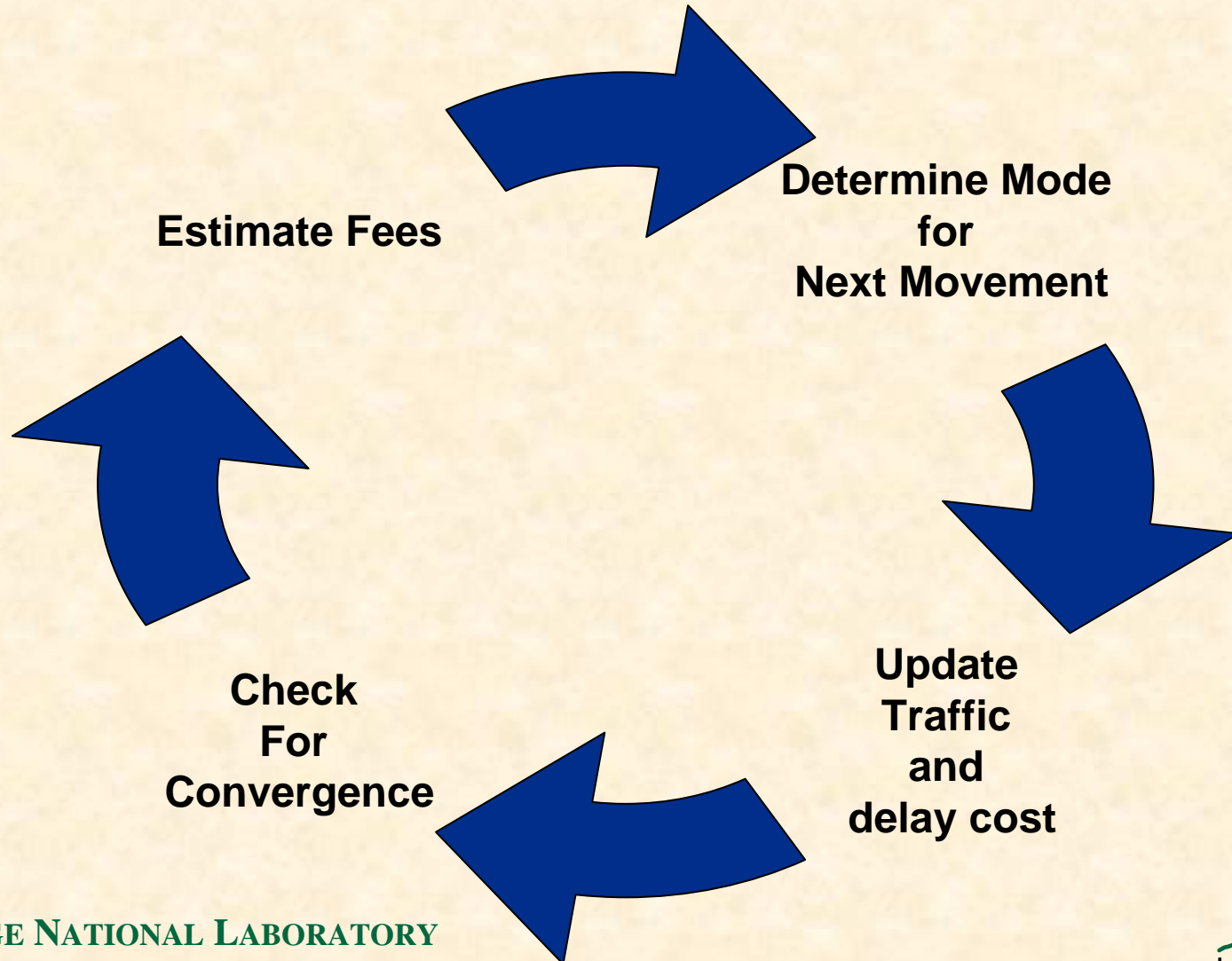


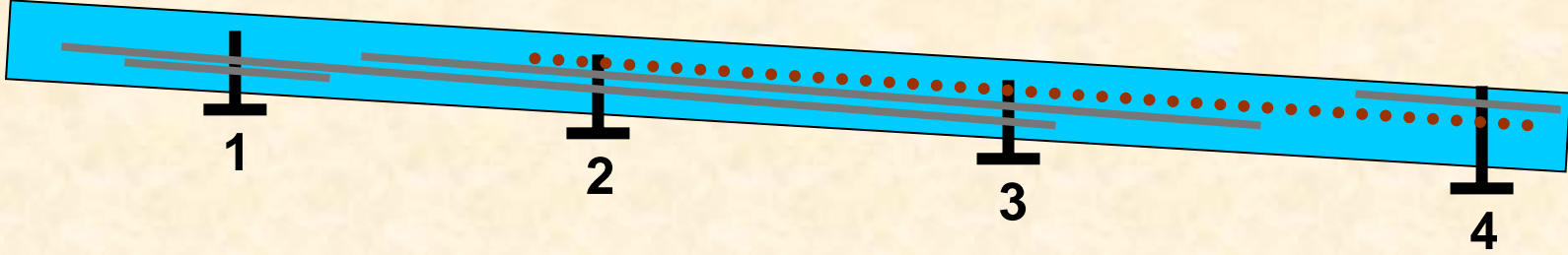
The ORNIM model is a few steps closer to reality.



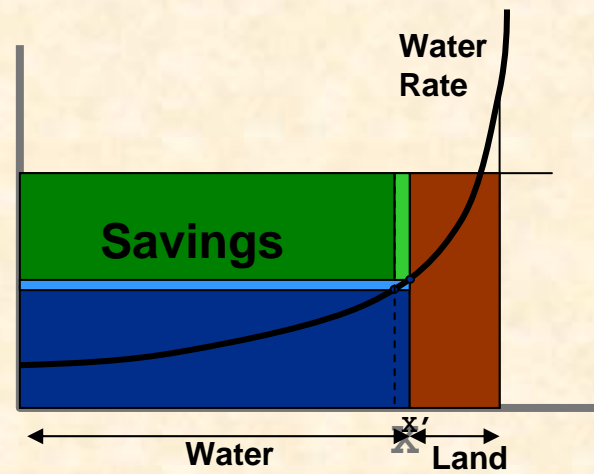
- **Network of 56 unique locks**
- **31,000 unique movements**
 - Origin/destination
 - commodity
 - Alternative (Land) rate
 - Delay cost (\$/hour)
- **70 year horizon**
- **Multiple forecasts and investment plans**

The estimation of fees has been integrated into the equilibrium process.



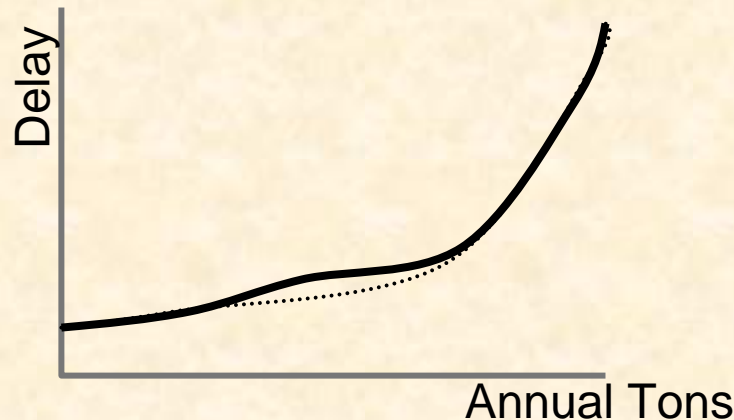


		MOVEMENTS				
LOCK	DELAY SLOPE	1	2	3	4	5
		x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5
1	d_1	c_1	c_2			
2	d_2		c_2	c_3	c_4	
3	d_3		c_2	c_3	c_4	
4	d_4				c_4	c_5

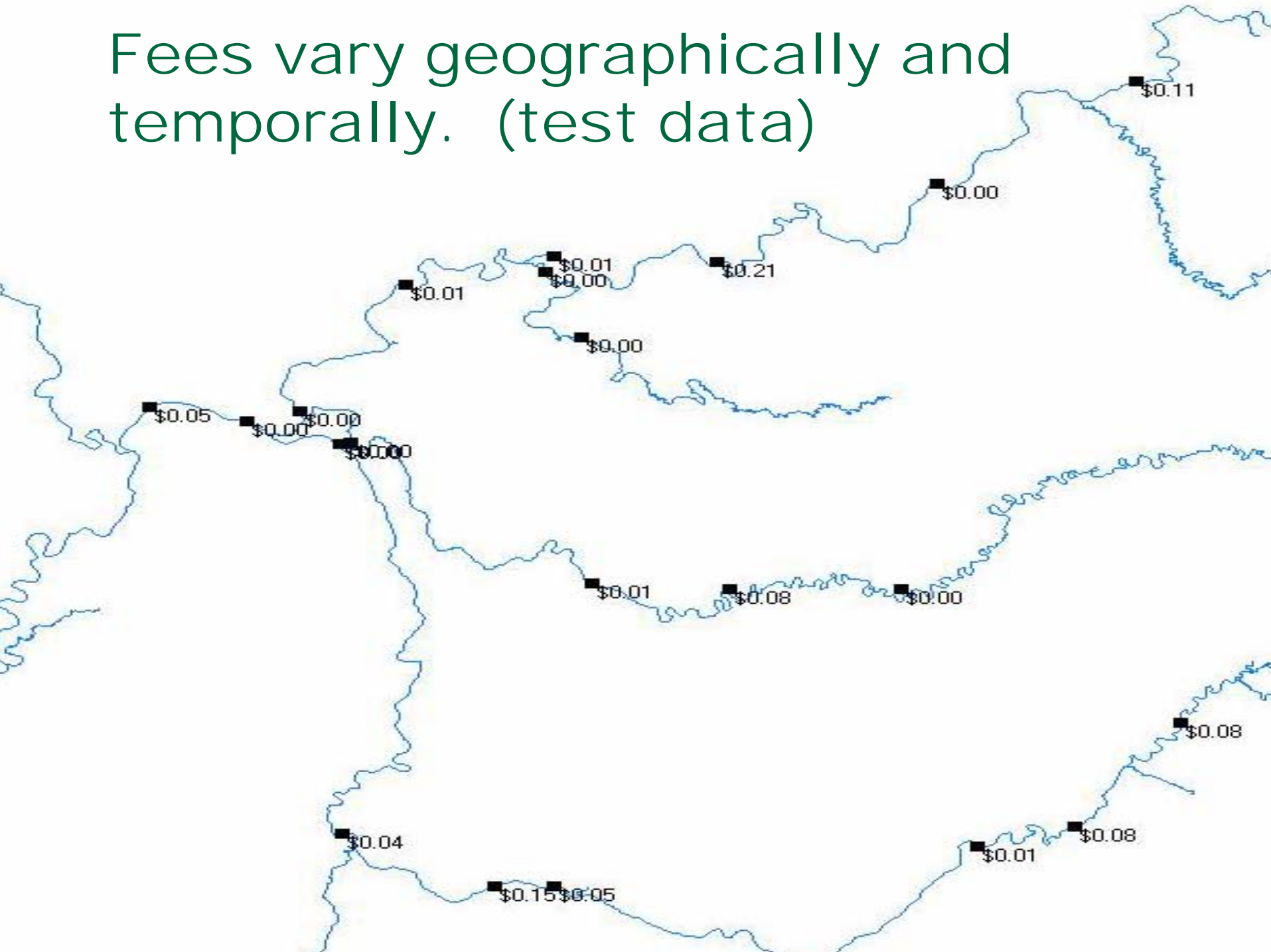


Convergence

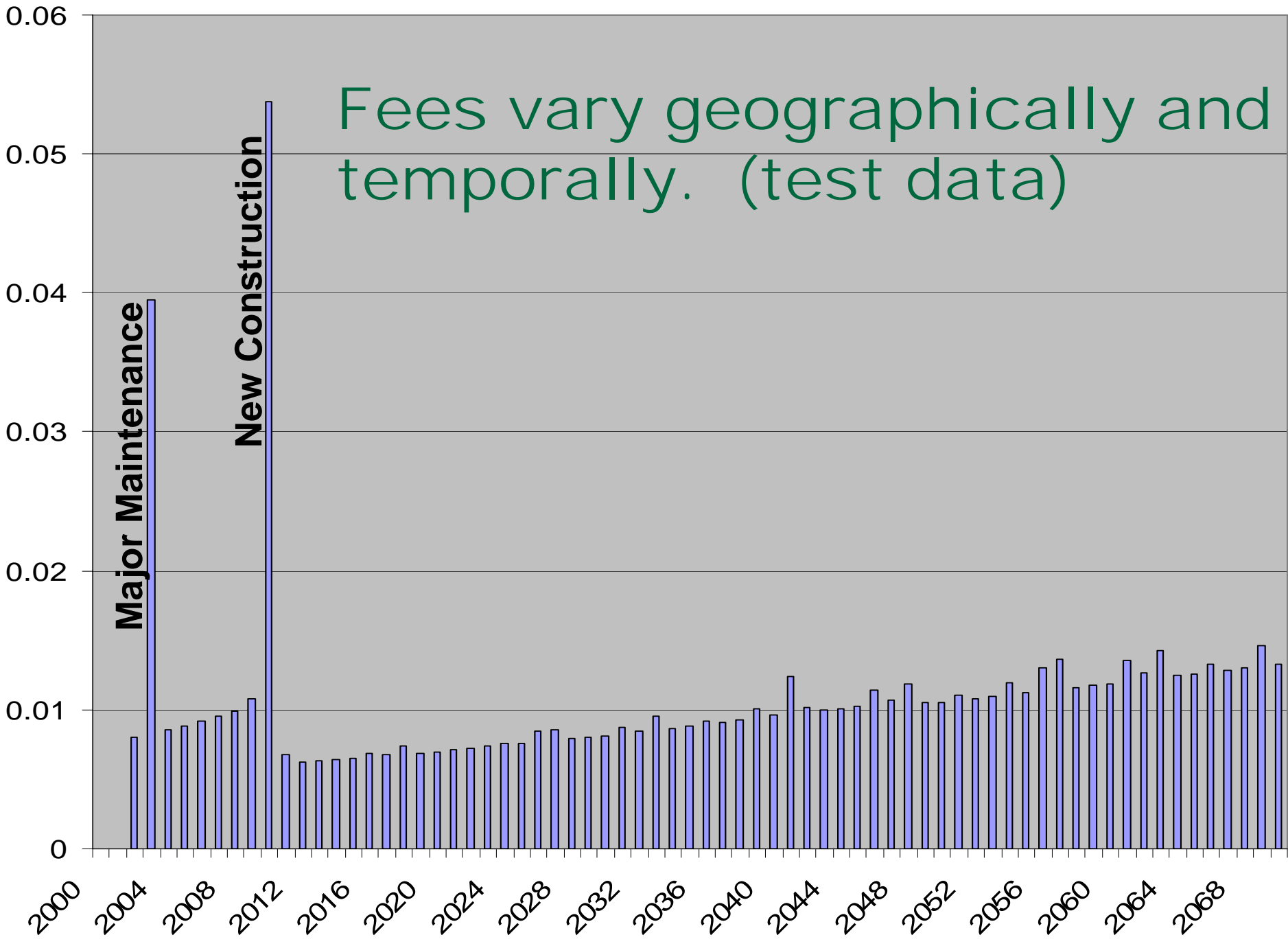
- **Converges quickly for most cases**
- **Can be problematic for non-convex delay curves—probably need to “smooth” the simulation results at these rare points.**



Fees vary geographically and temporally. (test data)



Fees vary geographically and temporally. (test data)



Benefits of estimating fees at all locks

- **Fulfills the goal of a “system” study**
- **Estimates an upper bound on the potential benefits of fees.**
- **Fees indicate a relative value of capacity at each lock in each year (given a forecast and investment plan).**