



Estimating Pedestrian Traffic Volumes

NATMEC Improving Traffic Data Collection, Analysis, and Use
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Maryam Moshiri, EIT
Jeannette Montufar, P.Eng.
University of Manitoba

Purpose

- To investigate practices in pedestrian traffic monitoring in urban areas

Background and Need

- Pedestrian exposure rates
- Prioritization of infrastructure improvements
- Develop prediction models
- Guide design of pedestrian infrastructure
- Warrants for pedestrian crosswalks
- Track change of pedestrian activity
- Raise priority of pedestrian issues

Methodology

- Based on an environmental scan
- Literature review of over 35 documents spanning 25 years
- Comprehensive jurisdictional survey of Canadian jurisdictions
 - Telephone → 14 jurisdictions
 - Email questionnaire → 250 jurisdictions
 - Approximately 25% response rate in each

Key Findings

- Pedestrian traffic monitoring
- Counting practices
- Expansion practices
- Use of advanced technologies
- Pedestrian traffic modelling

Pedestrian Traffic Monitoring

- No standard practice exists for pedestrian traffic monitoring
- Only one of the surveyed jurisdictions
- Pedestrian counts conducted based on need
- Large variations in terms of pedestrian counting

Information management principles

- Responsiveness to need
- Truth-in-data
- Consistent practice
- Base data integrity
- Data interoperability
- Future flexibility

Counting Practices

- Location
 - Residential
 - Fringe
 - Business district
 - Commercial retail
 - Mix residential/commercial
- Time of day
- Day of week
- Duration of count

Expansion Practices

- Land use type
- Temporal variations
 - Time of day
 - Day of week
 - Month/seasonality
- Weather

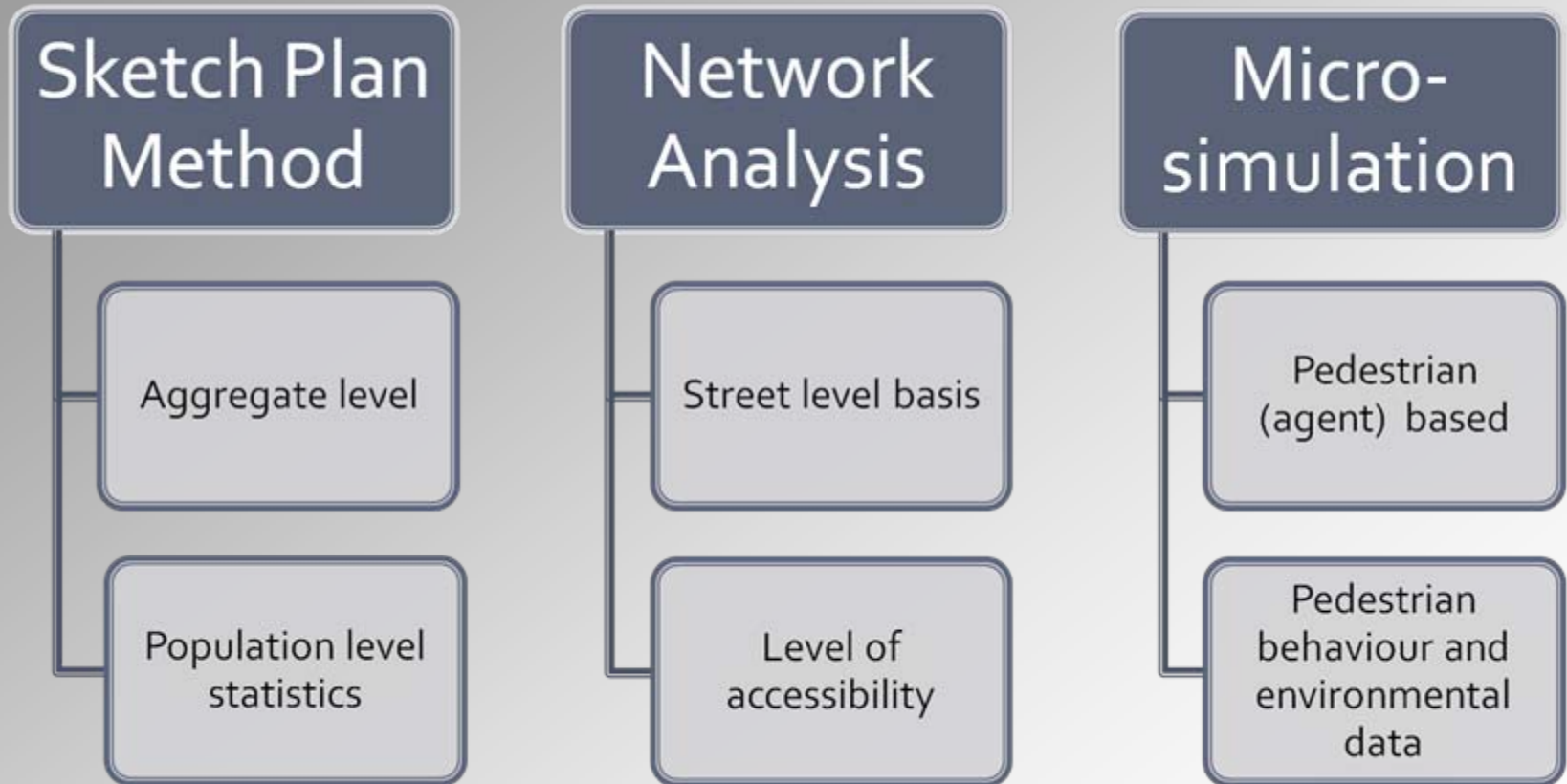
Use of Advanced Technologies

- Most counts are done manually
- Some jurisdictions use infrared, microwave, or video technologies for pedestrian counting
- Not much research has been conducted to test the accuracy of these technologies
- Winnipeg is currently testing sensitivity of three automated detection devices in different weather conditions

Pedestrian Traffic Modelling

- Extensive documentation of pedestrian travel modelling - different from pedestrian traffic monitoring
 - Sketch plan method
 - Network analysis
 - Micro-simulation

Pedestrian Traffic Modelling



Concluding Remarks

- Pedestrian traffic monitoring is critical for engineering analysis and design
- There is a need for a standard method to monitor pedestrian traffic in urban areas
 - Selection process of key locations
 - Count durations
 - Adjustment factors to expand short term counts
 - Should follow information management principles
- Technologies for pedestrian counting exist
- Sources of useful information exist

THANK YOU