## National Travel Data Relevancy: Policy Applications of National Household Travel Survey Data

US Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

## Outline

- NHTS Data
- Key Policy Questions
- Policy Example 1
- Policy Example 2


## The NHTS obtains information on the public's use of the transportation system

Commercial Drivers


Highway Statistics, 2001

## Major Users and Uses

## Users

- Administration
- DOT Offices
- Federal Agencies
- State DOT
- Local governments
- Universities
- Research Entities
- Nonprofit/Interest NHTS groups


## Uses

- Performance measures - trip rates, mode share, system connectivity, travel time, speed, and distance
Travel Characteristics trends and forecasts
- Policy Issues - air quality, fuel dependency, highway finance, pedestrian and vehicle safety
- Program Evaluation


## NHTS is the Policy Wonk's Dream

- 40 Years of Data
- Depth
- Breadth
- Power beyond the data
- Forward thinking in survey content


## What are the hot topics?

- Highway Funding
- Fuel Use and Emissions
- Congestion
- Performance Measurement
- Safety
- Intermodalism
- System and Network
- Future Travel Demand
- Rural Programs


## Interstate Revenue

How much revenue does the Interstate generate now?

| Mileage | Interstate | All | $\%$ Interstate |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urban | $334,765,000$ | $1,417,950,000$ | $23.6 \%$ |
| Rural | $139,621,000$ | $595,485,000$ | $23.4 \%$ |
|  | 0.184 |  |  |
| Gas tax |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Urban and Rural <br> have Equal |
| Revenue from Gas Tax | $\$ 61,596,760$ |  | Shares of VMT |
| Urban | $\$ 25,690,264$ |  | Shal |
| Rural |  |  |  |

## Interstate Revenue

How much revenue does household travel on the Interstate generate?

| Mileage | All Interstate | Passenger Vehicle Miles | \% Passenger |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Urban | 334,765,000 | 306,309,975 | 91.5\% |
| Rural | 139,621,000 | 111,138,316 | 79.6\% |
| Gas tax | 0.184 | But very different levels of household use |  |
| Revenue from Gas Tax |  |  |  |
| Urban | \$56,361,035 |  |  |
| Rural | \$20,449,450 |  |  |

FHWA Policy Office National Household Travel Survey, Highway Cost Allocation Report, Highway Statistics

## Interstate Cost

## How much does it cost to maintain the Interstate?

| Estimated Annual Costs to Maintain and Preserve the <br> Interstate System |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Interstate System | 24.8 billion |
| Rural Interstate | 4.4 billion |
| Urban Interstate | 21.5 billion |

Source: 2010 Conditions and Performance Report to Congress

> Cost far exceeds revenue generated by households

## Who are the Interstate Users?



## Mileage Distribution of Interstate Trips



Source: 2009 NHTS

## Trip Purpose Distribution



Source: 2009 NHTS

## Would any trips be diverted to local roads?



NHTS
Source: 2009 NHTS

## What do we know?

- Interstate costs a lot more than the revenue from household travel
- If tolled, people in urban areas would pay the largest share due to increased reliance
- Higher income folks are more likely to use the Interstate for trips
- Interstate is used more than local for trips as low as 6 miles.
- Almost half of Interstate trips are non-work which could shift demand to local alternative facilities


## Telecommuting

| Workers |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Yes | $11 \%$ of workers <br> have the option <br> to work from <br> home |
| No | $151,373,000$ |
|  | $86,807,000$ |
| Workers with option to work at home |  |
| Yes | $16,524,000$ |
| No | $117,862,000$ |

Source: 2009 NHTS

## Usual mode for telecommuters

| Work at home by Usual <br> Mode | Car | Van/SUV | Truck | Transit | Bike/Walk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| yes | $60.6 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| No | $63.3 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ | $12.7 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ |
| Number of People who can <br> work at home by usual <br> mode |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Car | Van/SUV | Truck | Transit | Bike/Walk |
| Non- <br> telecommuters <br> more likely to <br> use car for work <br> trip | $10,013,544$ | $1,949,832$ | $1,321,920$ | $1,123,632$ | 859,248 |

## Frequency of telecommuting



## Number of People

Usual Mode to Work by Number of Times Work at Home

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | 1 to 4 | 5 to 10 | $10+$ |
| Car | $3,564,822$ | $4,095,539$ | $1,482,005$ | 871,178 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Transit | 400,013 | 459,565 | 166,298 | 97,756 |
| Bike/Walk | 305,892 | 351,432 | 127,169 | 74,755 |

Lots of non-car folks
telecommuting

## Number of Trips

Average Work Trips Replaced by Telecommuting

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car | 2.5 | 7 | 10 |
| Transit | $2,477,697$ | $20,748,063$ | $17,423,567$ |
| Bike/Walk | $1,757,162$ | $2,328,166$ | $1,955,120$ |

Source: 2009 NHTS

## Over 11.5 million

 work bike/walk and transit trips per month are replaced by telecommuting
## What do we know?

- About $11 \%$ of workers telecommute and the numbers are growing
- $12 \%$ of telecommuters use transit or bike/walk to work
- $25 \%$ of telecommuters work from home 5 or more times per month
- Over 11.5 million transit, walk, and bike trips are replaced by telecommuting each month
- People who work from home make more trips

What is the best mix of congestion mitigation programs and how can we target them?

## Wrap Up

- Policy and program decisions need national data like the NHTS
- The applications of the data to real world transportation questions are numerous
- The relevancy, depth, breadth, and history of the program has enormous value


## Thank You!

 Heather Contrino
## Heather.Contrino@dot.gov

