



Center for Advanced Infrastructure and Transportation (CAIT)  
The Role of Accelerated Testing in Bridge  
Performance Research

*Presented by*  
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Funding provided by the USDOT, FHWA, NIST, NSF, NJDOT

Motivation:

## Some Critical, Open (and billion dollar) Questions

- **What are the primary factors that lead to poor bridge durability and how do they interact with one another?**
  - Construction techniques, quality? Structural characteristics, design details? Environmental inputs? Live load? De-icing agents? Others?
- What are the best practice design and maintenance actions to ensure good long-term bridge performance?
- **What are the most reliable techniques to identify and predict the onset of deterioration?**
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# Structuring Bridge Performance

Key goal of bridge performance research



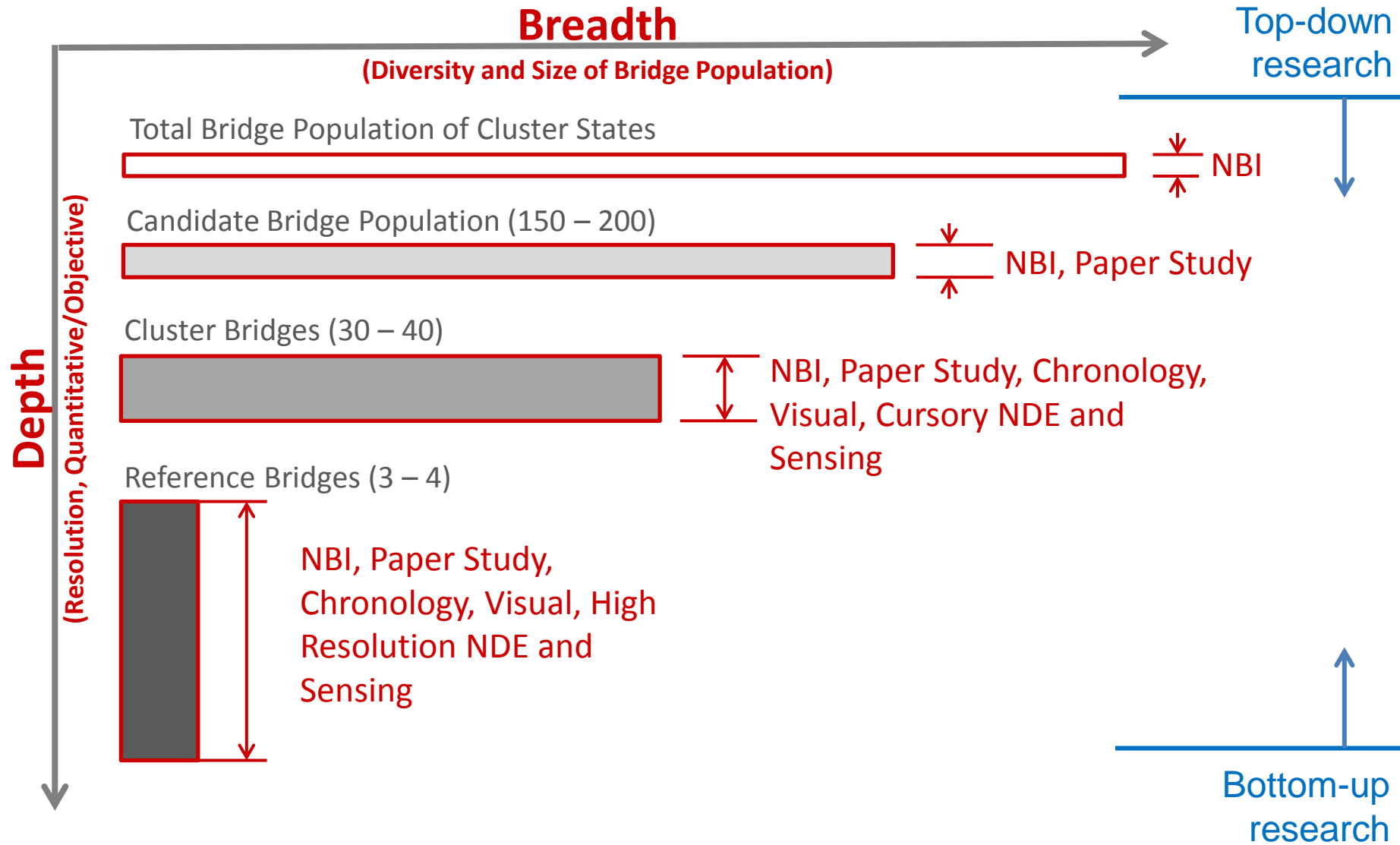
- Live load
- Environmental inputs
- Maintenance
- Preservation
- ...

$$f(\text{Attributes, Inputs}) = \text{Bridge Performance}$$

- Age
- Design details
- Materials
- Structural Characteristics
- Construction Quality
- ...

- Structural Safety
- Serviceability and Durability
- Functionality and Utility
- Cost
- ...

# Approaches to Studying Bridge Performance



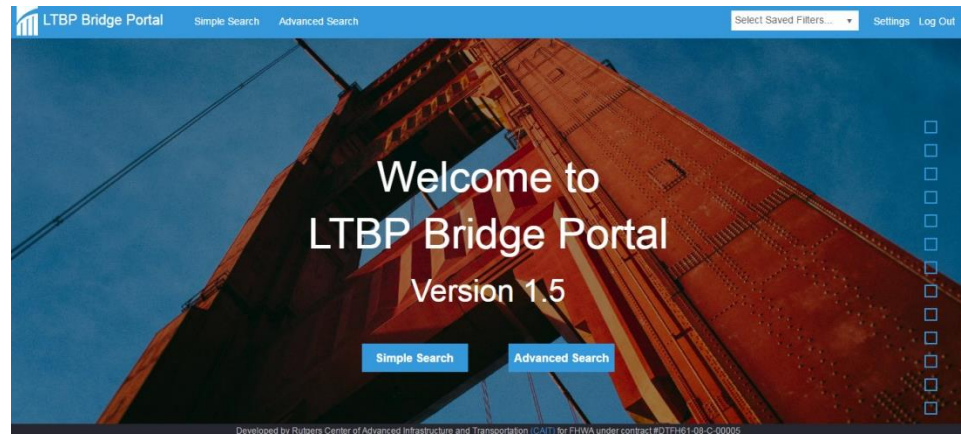
# Top-down Research Efforts

*LTBP Portal, Deterioration modeling, Machine learning, etc.*

# LTBP Portal Data Sources and Functionality

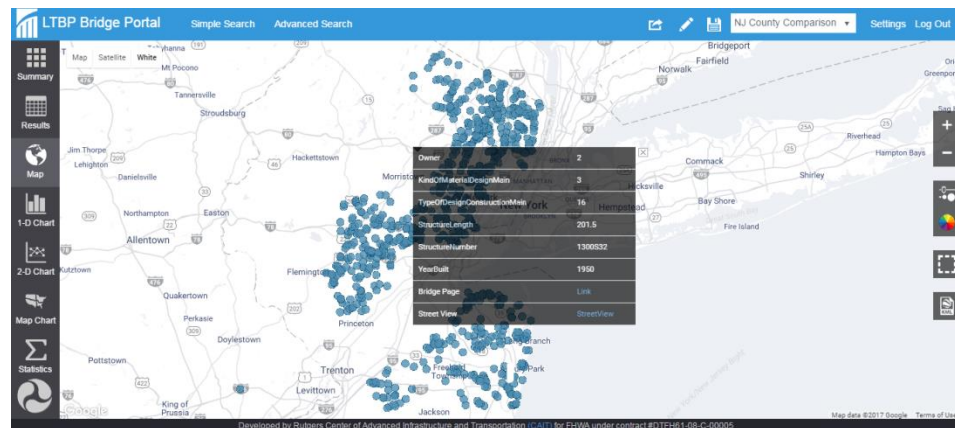
## Current Data Sources

- National Bridge Inventory (NBI) (1992 – 2016)
  - Historical Condition Data
  - Historical Traffic Data
- Element Level Inspection from a Few States (1997 – 2014)
- Environmental Data (1992 – 2016)
  - No. of snowfalls
  - No. of freeze-thaw cycles
- LTBP Data
  - Field Testing (80 bridges)
  - Legacy Data Mining



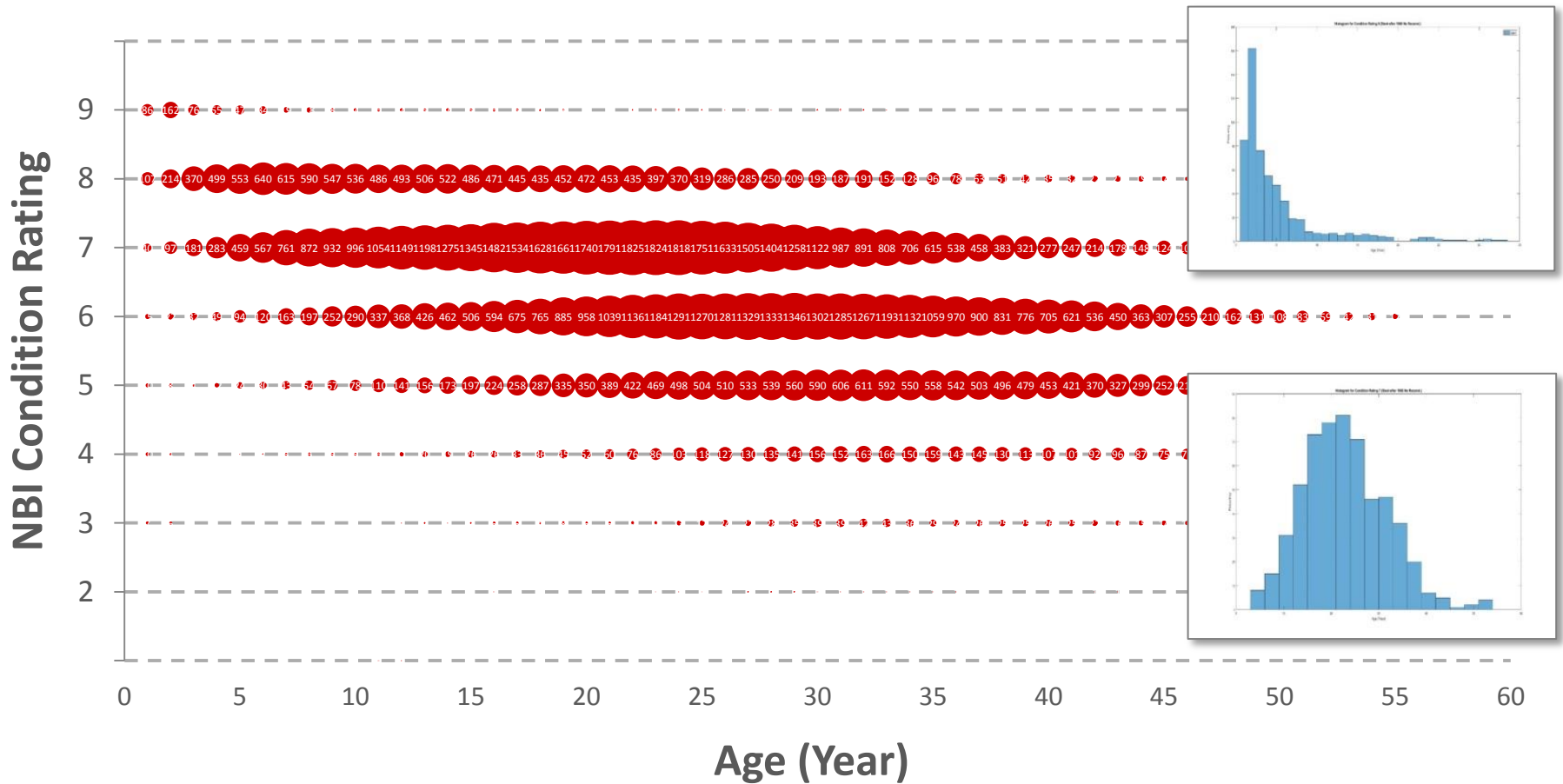
## Current Functionality

- Search Mechanism
- Advanced GIS
- Analytics Tools
- Reporting
- Bridge Historical Data
- Deterioration Modeling



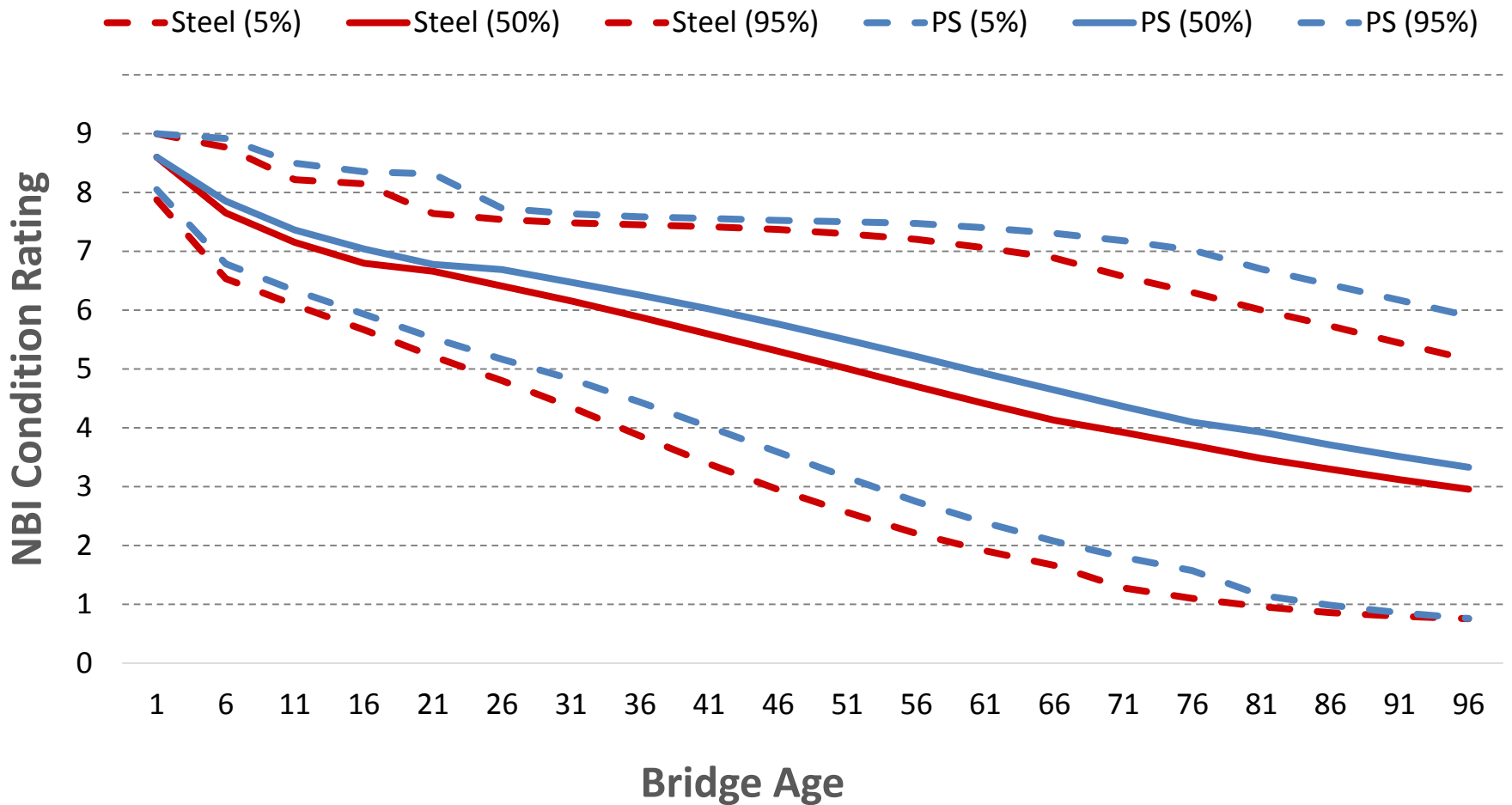
# Current Basis for Deterioration Models

Raw NBI Data – Mid-Atlantic Cluster (Steel, Multi-Girder >1960)



# Variability of Resulting Deterioration Models

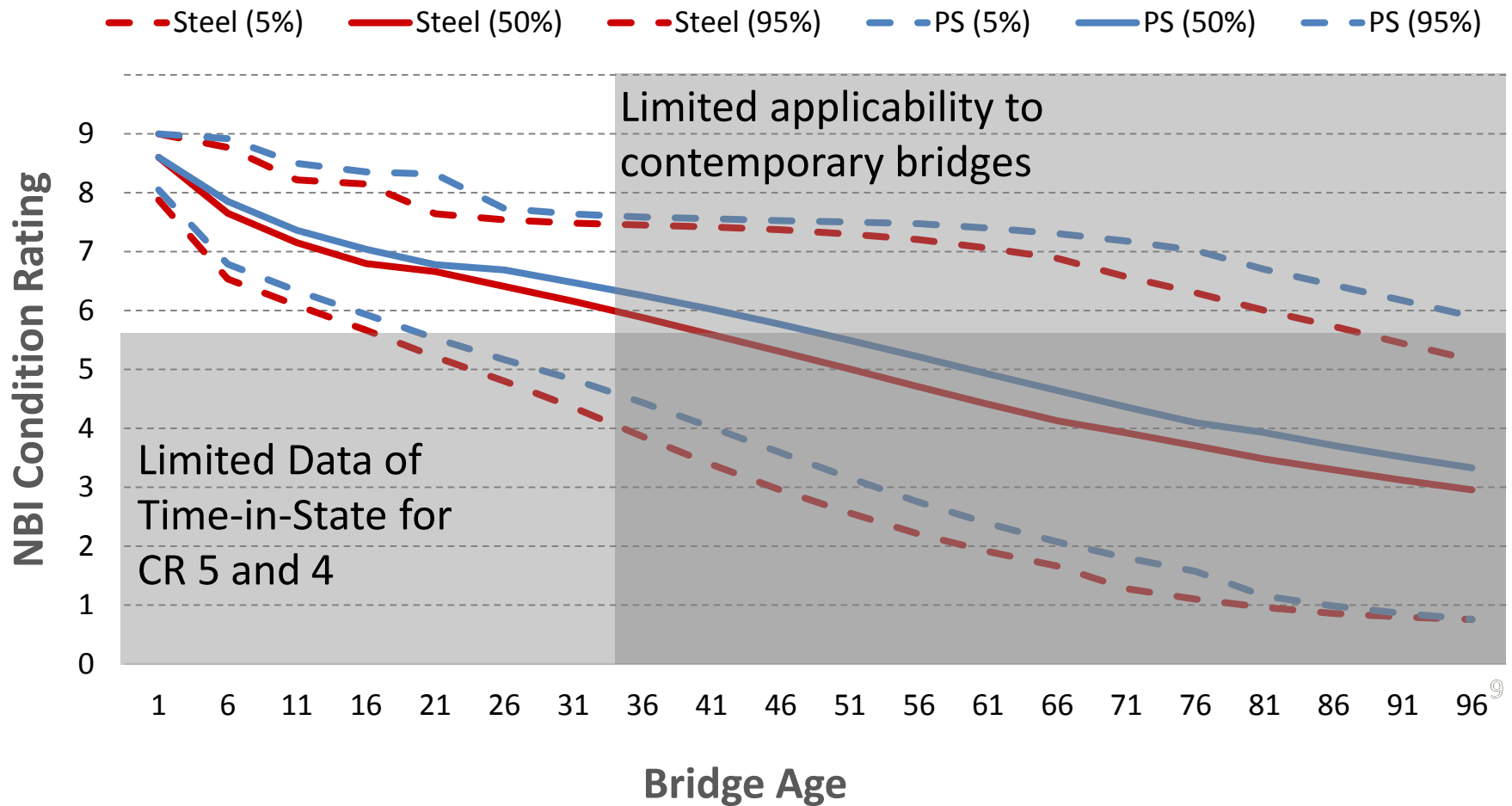
## Deterioration Modeling (Weibull) – Mid-Atlantic Cluster





# Fundamental Limitations of Top-down Studies

## Deterioration Modeling (Weibull) – Mid-Atlantic Cluster



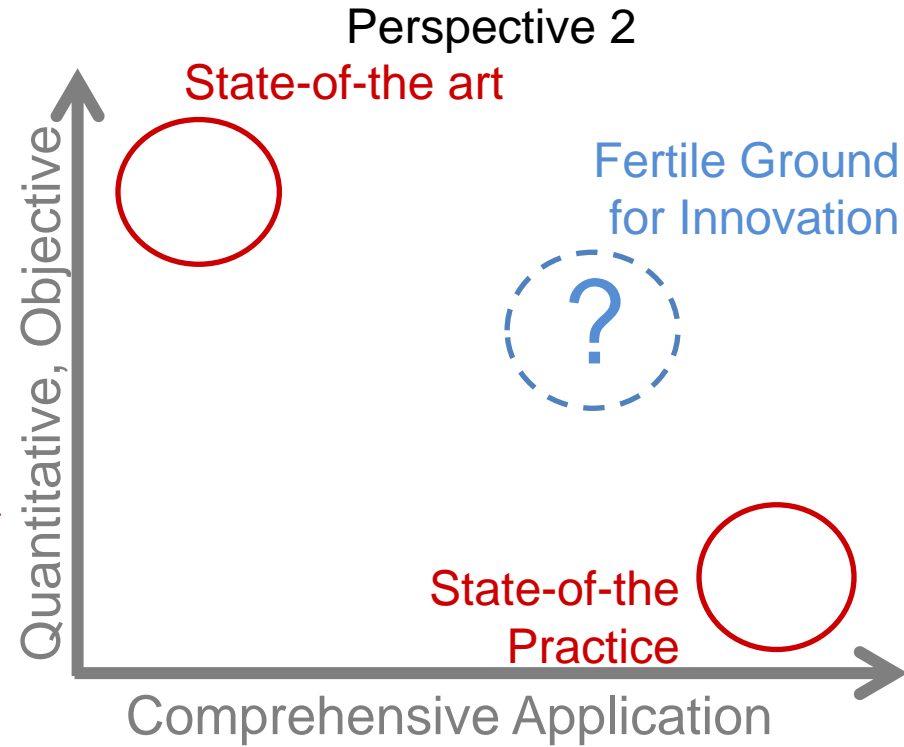
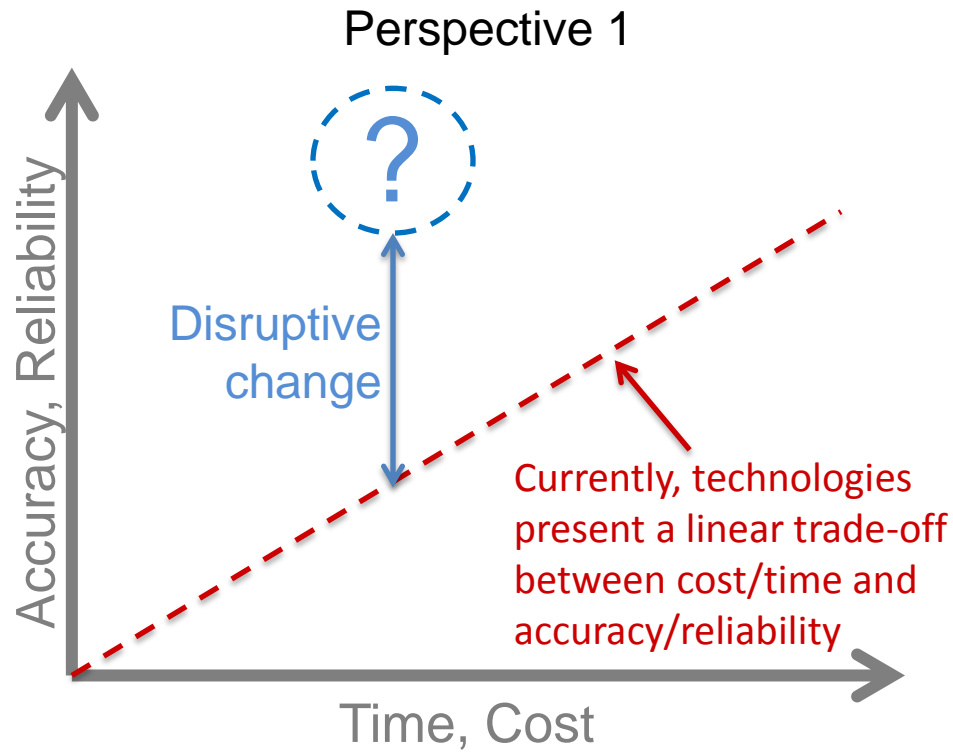
# Path Forward for Top Down Research

- Improving the data sets – increased reliability and resolution through...
  - Element-level data sets
  - Legacy data collection (LTBP)
- Improving the tools used to model the data
  - Machine learning...
    - Is fundamentally data driven – generates models directly from input-output data
    - Does not rely on explicit, static programming
    - Offers the ability to examine and model large, disparate data sets
    - Can identify complex correlations and patterns that may be indicative of causal relationships

# Bottom-up Research Efforts

*Target Hits for Modal Parameter Estimation and Rating (THMPER), Robotic Assisted Bridge Inspection Tool (RABIT), Mobile LiDAR*

# Cost, Time, Accuracy – Pick Two Innovation Space



# THMPER™ System for Rapid Capacity Evaluation

Targeted Hit for Modal Parameter Estimation and Rating

## Step 1

Rapid modal impact testing using a self-contained mobile device

## Step 2

Semi-Automated pre- and post-processing to obtain global frequencies and mode shapes

## Step 3

Automated FE modeling using NBI data and on-site assessment

## Step 4

Automated FE model calibration and load rating

## Step 5

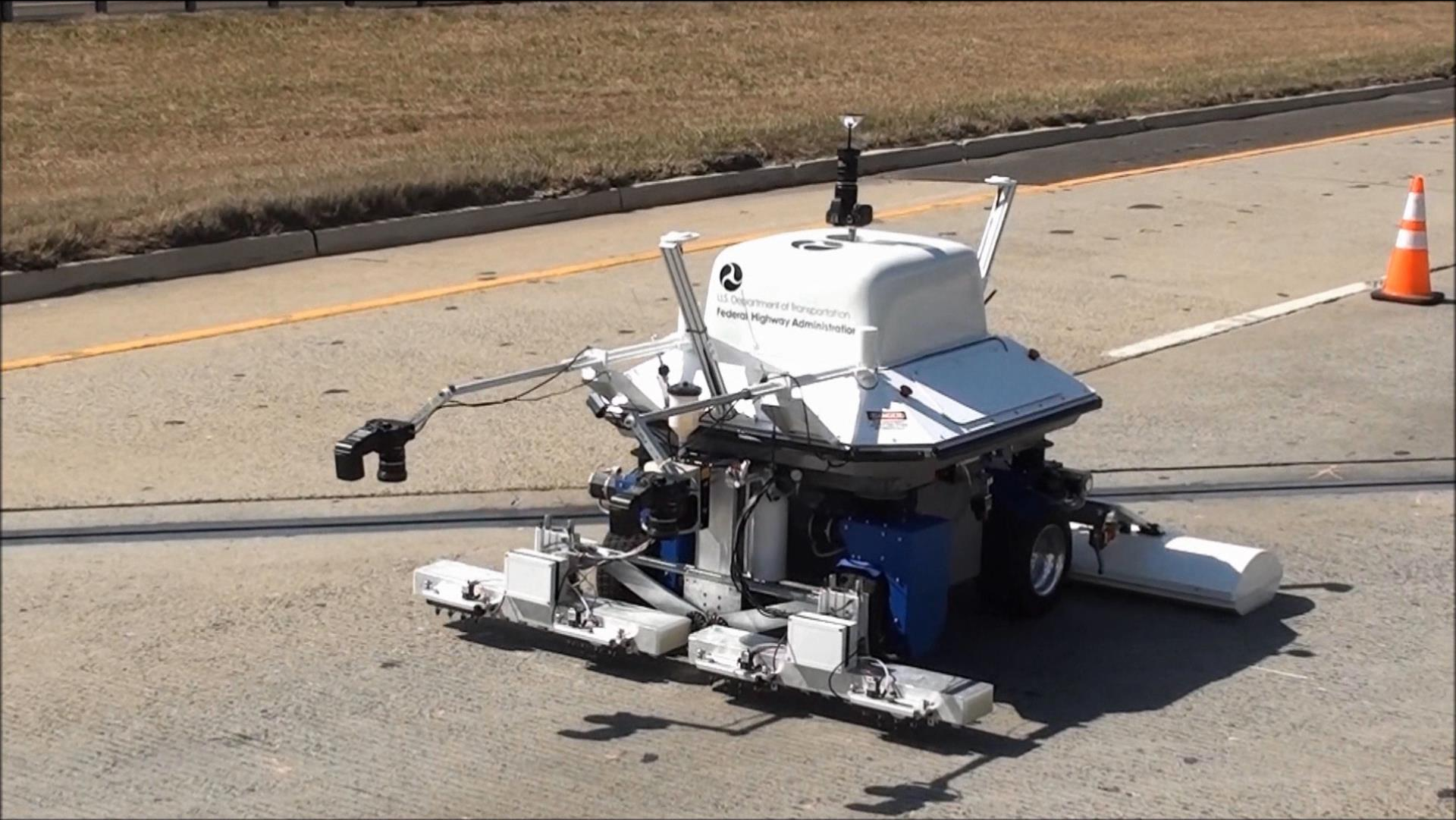
Reporting



\* Patent pending

# THMPER System – Rapid Data Collection

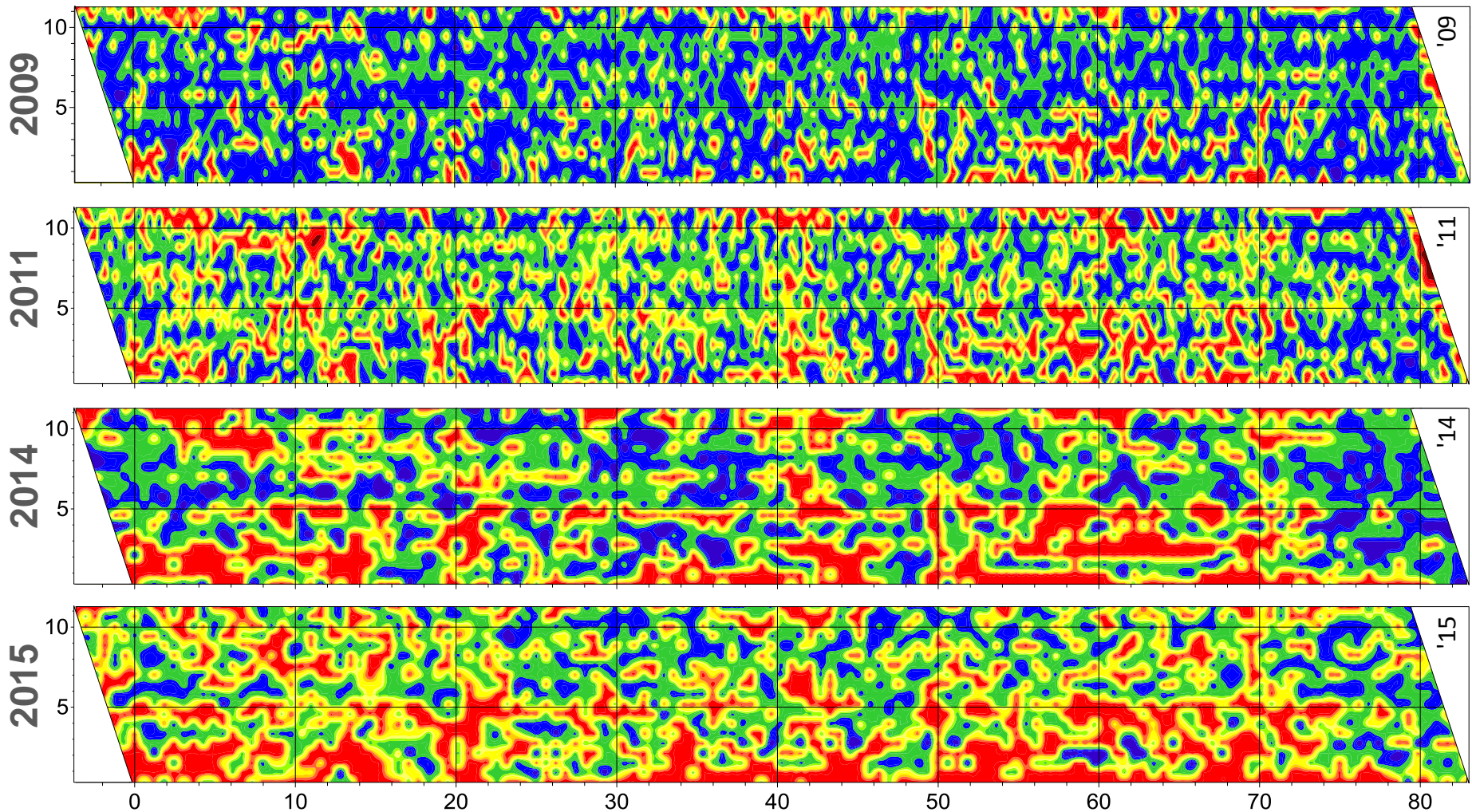




Courtesy of Dr. Nenad Gucunski

# Quantitative Tracking of Deterioration

Delamination Maps (IE) for the Haymarket, VA Bridge

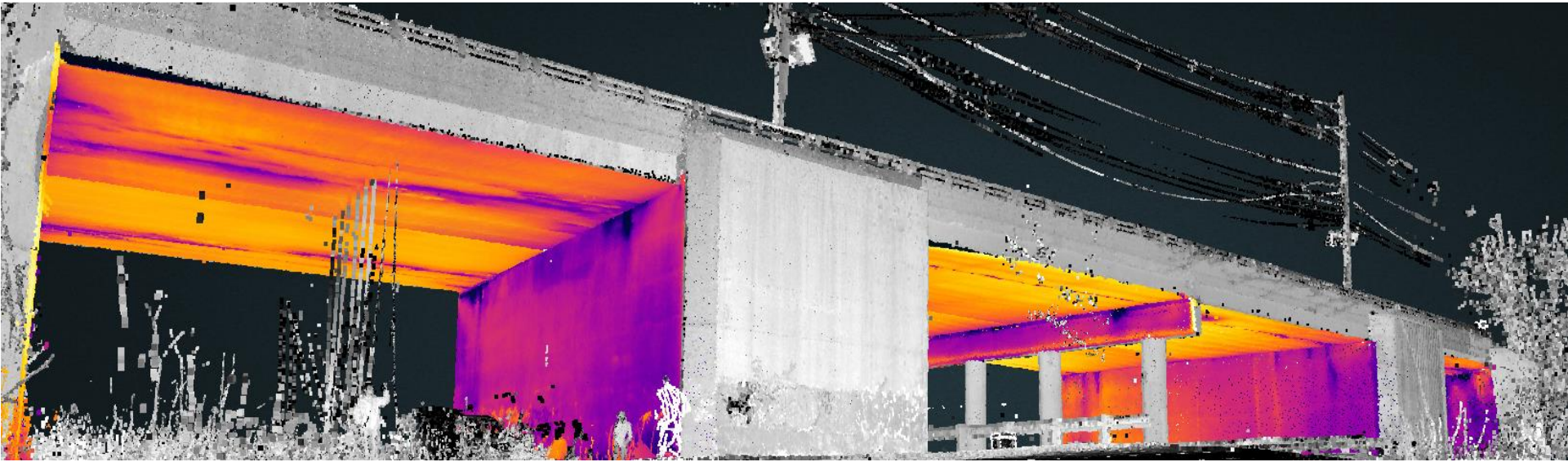




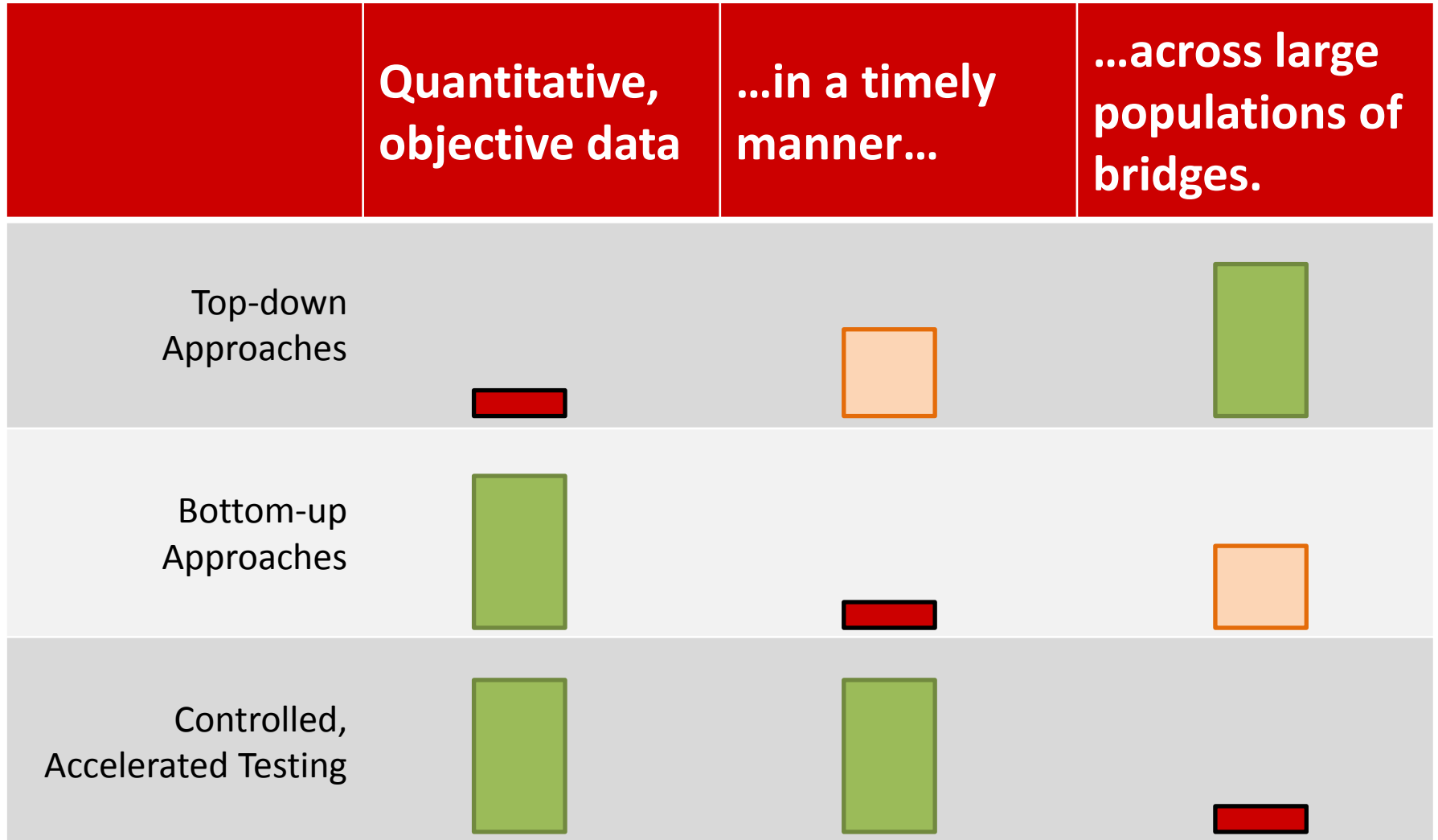
# Mobile, Remote Geometry Capture



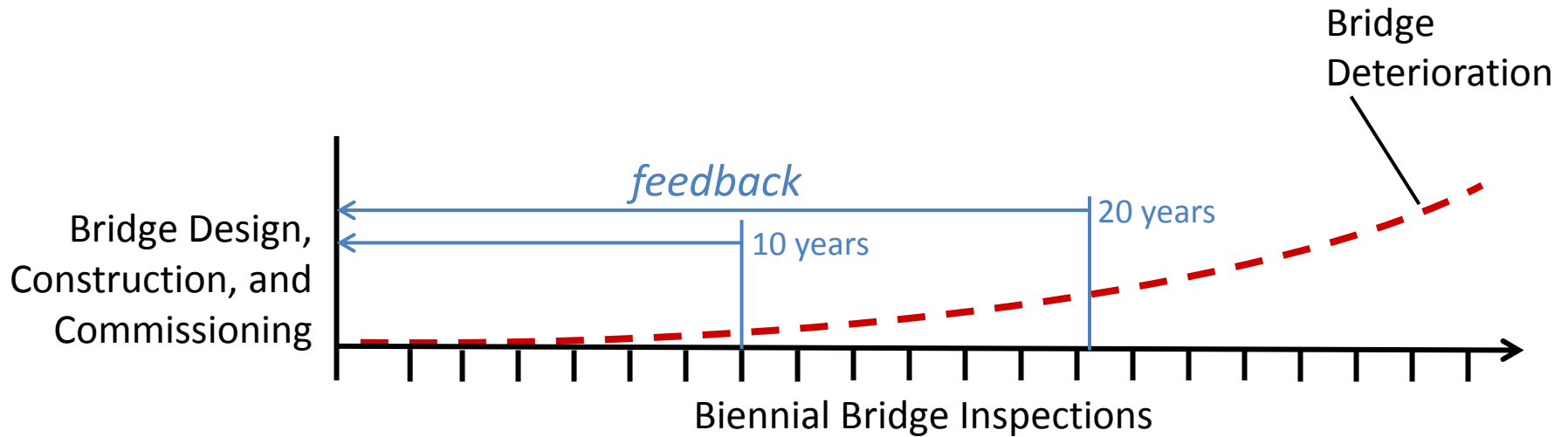
# Context, Augmented Reality



# Synergies Between Research Strategies



# Principal Challenge – Slow Feedback Loop



*The long-durations of the current feedback loop are stifling innovation*

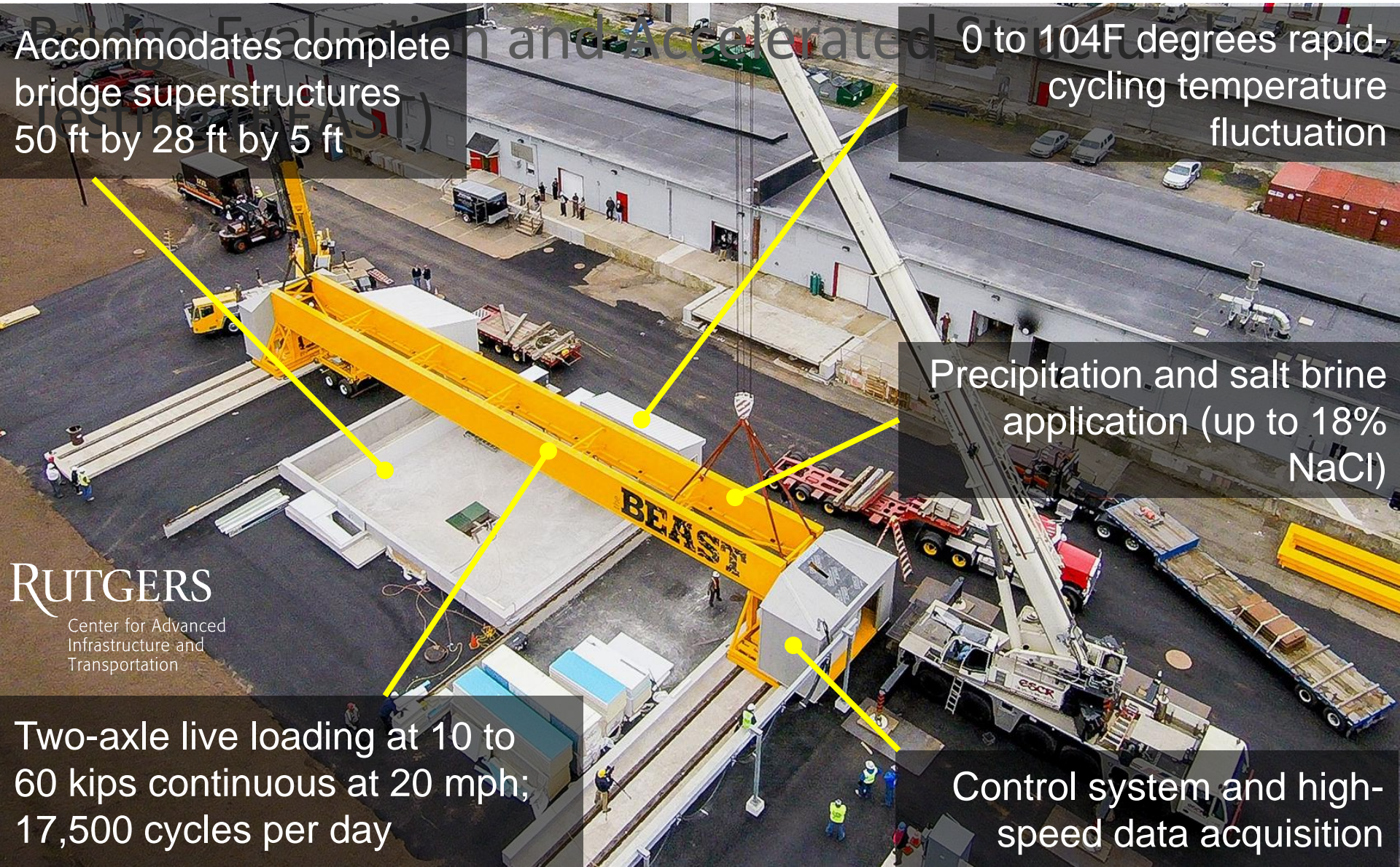


Best Cell Phone (2007)  
 "Offers everything you could want in a cell phone"  
 -PC World



AT&T Phone (1997)  
 Big Breakthrough...  
 - Internal antenna

# The BEAST – Accelerated Aging of Bridges



Accommodates complete bridge superstructures 50 ft by 28 ft by 5 ft

0 to 104F degrees rapid-cycling temperature fluctuation

Precipitation and salt brine application (up to 18% NaCl)

Two-axle live loading at 10 to 60 kips continuous at 20 mph; 17,500 cycles per day

Control system and high-speed data acquisition





round  
3

distance  
0.06 mi

at Conditions

re 73 °F

me 0d 00h 00m 13s

0.5mph  
round distance  
6 lbs 712374 13491.92mi  
**ambient Conditions**  
temperature 104 °F  
Elapsed Time 180d 04h 20m 30s





# Potential Focuses of Primary Objectives

## ***Performance of Primary Components***

- Longitudinal – deterioration curves for nominal bridge decks, steel coatings, joints, bearings, etc.
- Comparative – examination of different rebar coatings, steel coatings, cover depth/variability, live load levels, etc.

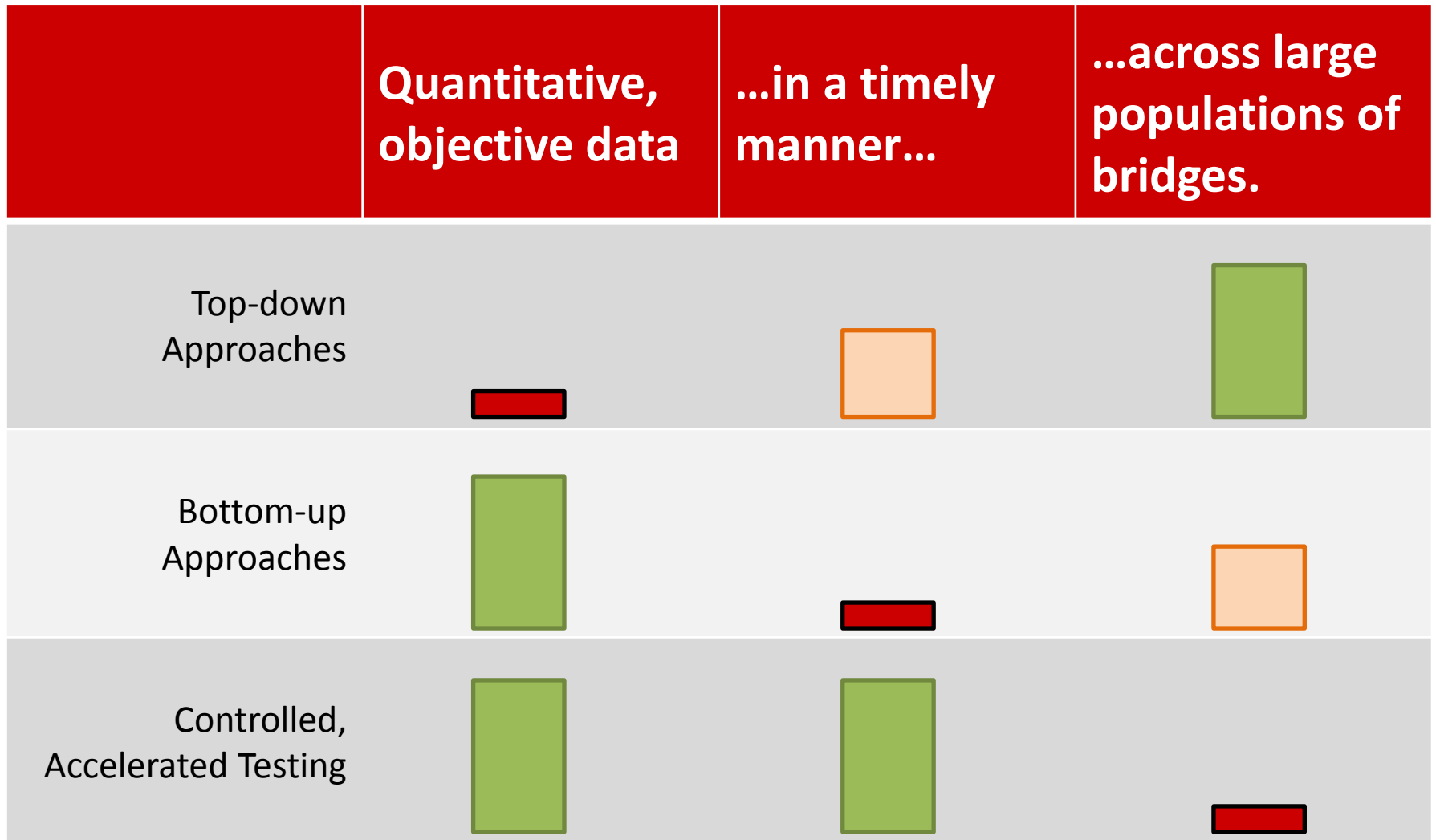
## ***Effectiveness and Performance of Repair Techniques***

- Longitudinal – deterioration curves for various overlays, repaired decks, etc.
- Comparative – examination of different overlays, different application times, different application approaches

## ***Effectiveness of Maintenance and Preservation Activities***

- Comparative – examination of bridge washing, joint cleaning, various sealants, etc.

# Synergies Between Research Strategies



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# Same Old Story...

## 1 Opening a pathway

Porous materials  
Cracking/damage

- Shrinkage
- Intrinsic Forces
- Temperature
- Live Loads
- Settlements



## 2 Entering

Water  
Deicing chemicals  
Intrinsic materials/chemicals



## 3 Expanding

Freeze-thaw  
Corrosion  
Chemical reactions (ASR)

