# Navigation Research and Development

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**Transforming the Marine Transportation** 

System: A Vision for Research and

Development

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US Army Corps of Engineers
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#### Agenda

#### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Navigation R&D

- Navigation Mission
- Navigation Research & Development Programs
- Research & Development in a Perfect World
- Summary



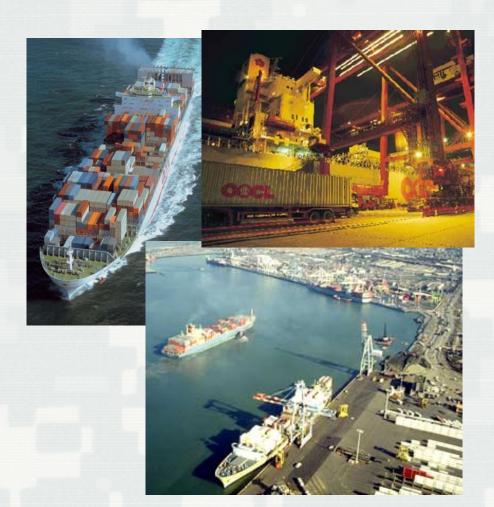
## **U.S. Marine Transportation System**

#### Foreign Trade

- Value of all foreign trade represents nearly 30% of nation's GDP (vs 13% in 1970)
- Overseas waterborne trade
  - 95% of overseas trade by volume
  - 75% of overseas trade by value
  - 8.4 million jobs
- About \$2 trillion in economic activity
- Cargo volumes projected to increase by 50% - containers to double by 2020

#### **System Capacity**

- Already a generation behind in channel improvements – but West Coast in better shape
- Capacity constraints increase transportation costs, pollution, congestion





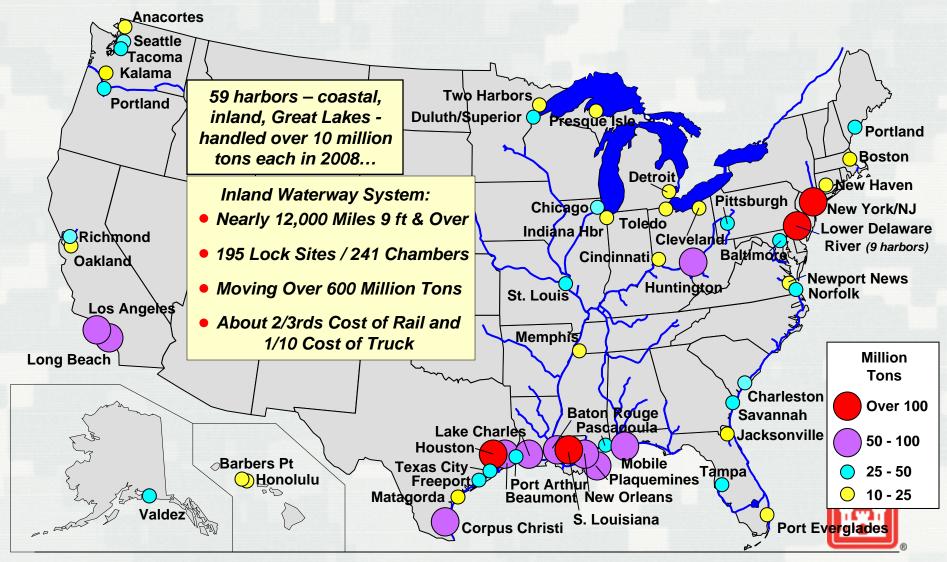
## **Corps Navigation Mission**

Provide safe, reliable, efficient, effective and environmentally sustainable waterborne transportation systems for movement of commerce, national security needs, and recreation.



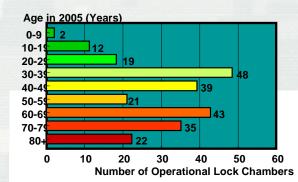


# U.S. Ports: Vital to Trade ....and to Our National Economy



## **Inland Navigation**

- 12,000 miles of inland channels
- 195 lock sites with 241 lock chambers
- Waterways are the only transportation mode with significant capacity remaining
- Most energy efficient of the 3 systems
- Inland infrastructure aging and in need of reinvestment
- More than half of the inland navigation locks have exceeded their 50-year service life.

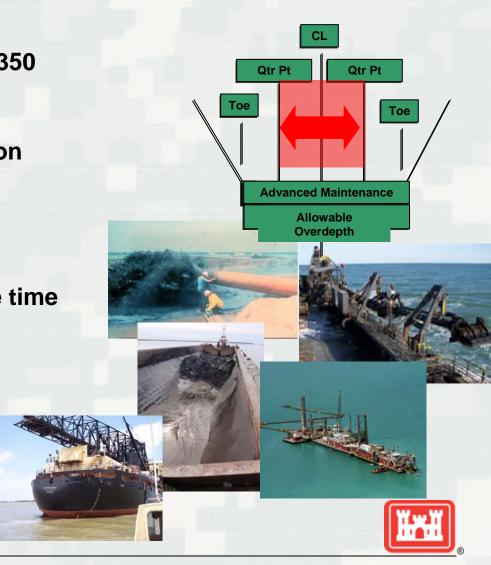






## **Coastal Navigation**

- Each year the Corps moves 250-350
   Million cu yd of sediment
- At a cost of more than \$700 Million per year
- Initial Standard
  - Full project depth
  - Half project width, 95% of the time
- Trend
  - FY 2005: 38%
  - FY 2006: 35%
  - FY 2007: 32%
  - FY 2009 2013
    - get to 95%



Dredging Operations and Environmental Research

**Coastal Inlets Research Program** 

**Navigation Systems** 

**Regional Sediment Management** 

**Monitoring Completed Navigation Projects** 

**Dredging Operations Technical Support** 

**Inland Electronic Navigation Charts** 

**National Coastal Mapping Program** 

**ARRA Improving Throughput & Safety** 

**Inland Navigation Safety Initiative** 

**Navigation Structures** 

\$7M

\$3M

\$3M

\$2M

\$1.8M

\$2M

\$3.8M

\$7M

\$6.2M

\$2.7M

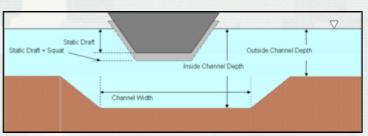
**Proposed** 

\$38.5M

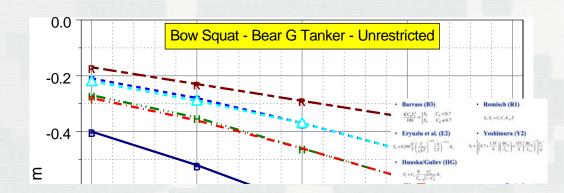


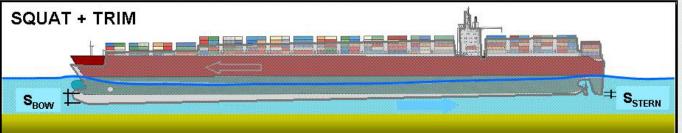
**Navigation Systems** 

 Channel Analysis and Design Evaluation Tool (CADET)



- Calculates underkeel clearance
- Validated with PIANC empirical formulas









#### **Coastal Inlets Research Program**

Current, Water Level,

Morphology Change

Hydrodynamics

Other Processes

CMS-Wave
Diffraction, Reflection, Run-up, Setup, Overtopping, Wave generation, Structures

CMS-Flow

Wave Height, Direction, Period, Dissipation, Radiation Stresses

Morphology

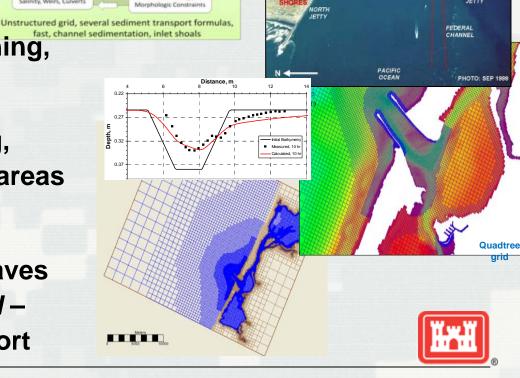
Sediment Transport

Coastal Modeling System

 Channels: Deepening, widening, lengthening, realigning

 Jetties: Lengthening, raising, rehabbing O&M: Placement areas berms, wetlands

 Processes: Navigability – waves and currents; Environmental – circulation, sediment transport

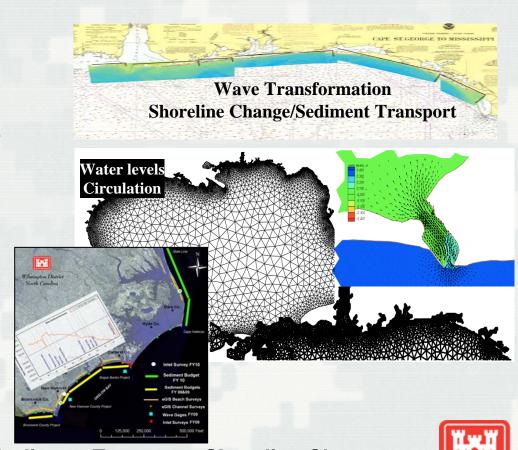


CMS-PTM Lagrangian Particle Tracking Model



#### **Regional Sediment Management**

- Manage sediments and projects through a systems based approach
- Manage sediment resources as a regional scale resource
- Support sustainable dredging practices
- Adaptive management process for O&M

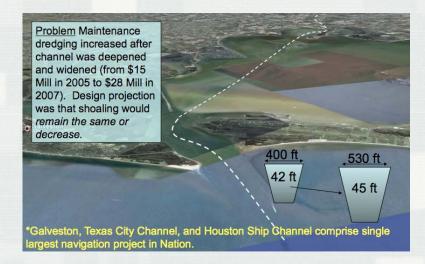


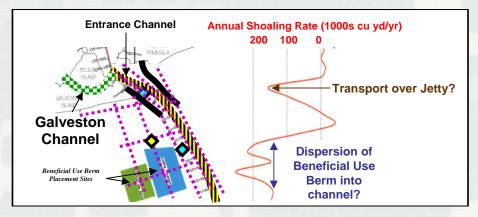
Waves, Circulation, Water levels, Sediment Transport, Shoreline Change



**Monitoring Completed Navigation Projects** 

- Houston Galveston Channel Deepening and Widening
- Depth from 40 to 45 ft
- Width –from 400 to 500 ft
- O&M Dredging cost nearly doubled 2005 to 2007







#### **Inland Electronic Navigation Charts**

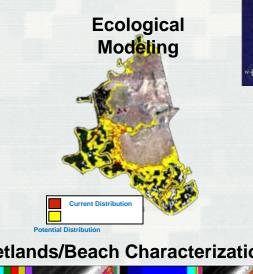
- Authorized in 2002 following tow / bridge allision
- 7,297 miles of charted channels
- Operations and R&D
  - Chart production
  - International stds
  - Chart of the future

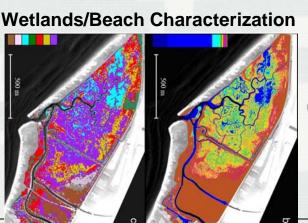




**National Coastal Mapping** 

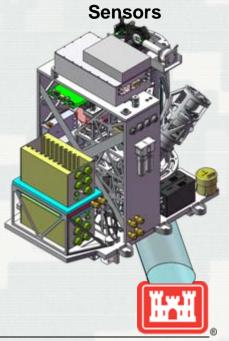
- Initiated in 2004 to monitor change and rates of change
- Operational mapping to measure and monitor engineering, environmental, and economic condition and characteristics
- R&D to develop next generation sensors
- R&D to develop new environmental and ecosystem data, tools, and products







**Next Generation** 



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**Inland Navigation Safety Initiative** 

- Non-Destructive Testing
- Measure Lock Gate
   Deflections using lidar
- Other NDT technologies
  - o ultrasonics
  - o acoustic imaging
  - o strain gages
  - o vibration sensors
  - o adcp profiliers



**ARRA Improving Throughput & Safety** 

#### **Lock Operator Management Application**

- Improve Safety, Reliability & Efficiency
- Non-structural improvement
- National deployment in FY11
- e-Navigation & River Information Services (RIS) backbone
- Features and capabilities
  - AIS foundation
  - Creates IT Architecture
  - Deploys Lock Operator Applications





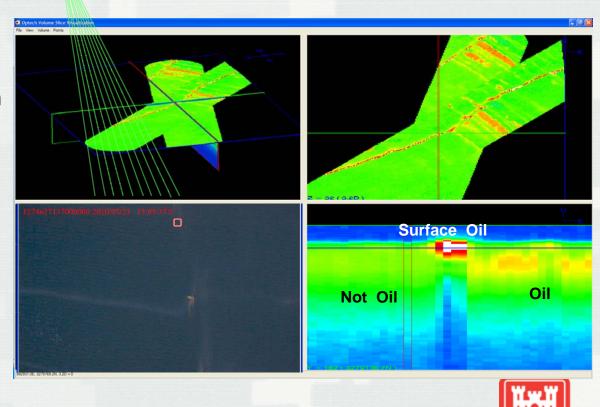


#### **Green Lidar Detection of Oil**



Habitat mapping and monitoring

- Ecosystem Restoration
- ContaminatedSediment Management
- Dredging Techniques
- Shallow water movement & forecasting



## 1. What do you see as the role of your agency in R&D to support the MTS?

Design: locks, dams, and coastal channels – concrete, steel, beneficial use of dredge material, river training structures, jetties, etc.

Improve Operations: safety, efficiency, reliability - Inland Electronic Navigation Charts, Lock Operator Management Application, dredging, Channel Portfolio Tool, etc.

Prediction of future Conditions: hurricane surge, river flooding, risk assessment, – numerical hydrodynamics, waves, sediment transport, and storm surges.

Adaptive Management: measure & monitor project and watershed / regional scale – SMART Gate, CZMIL, CMS, etc.



## 2. Can you describe a good business model for community-wide R&D collaboration?





#### 3. What are your biggest technical challenges?

- 1. Inland waterway reliability.
- 2. Coastal navigation network.
- 3. Information sharing & use.



## **Summary**

