Making the Case for Environmental Stewardship within the Marine Transportation System

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Introduction

- ► The Nation's Marine Transportation System (MTS) represents a complex, highly interdependent system that is comprised of waterways, ports, intermodal connections, and vessels
- Viewed from a macro-level perspective, the efficient and effective operation of this system is a vitally important aspect of the economic and national security interests of the country
- ▶ In recent years, attention within the federal government has focused on a number of strategic issues concerning the nature, operation, and management of the MTS
 - → National Strategy for the Marine Transportation System
- ➤ Sitting at the nexus of these strategic issues are difficult MTS challenges pertaining to environmental stewardship and environmental sustainability

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Making the Case for Environmental Stewardship within the Marine Transportation System

- Fundamental challenge:
 - operating and managing the MTS in ways that promote and support the efficient operation of the overall system, while concomitantly sustaining human health, safety, and the environment
- Numerous challenges exist at the federal level to make informed decisions, as well as to coordinate actions between the numerous federal agencies whose purviews or mandates deal with specific aspects or components of environmental stewardship and sustainability
- ► The CMTS is charged with providing high-level leadership and improved coordination to promote safety, security, efficiency, economic vitality, sound environmental integration, and reliability of the MTS for commercial, recreational, and national defense requirements

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 - Valuation of consequences arising from threats/hazards and vulnerabilities

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The USACE Perspective

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- ► The mission of USACE is to provide vital public engineering services in peace and war to strengthen our Nation's security, energize the economy, and reduce risks from disasters
- As a key participant in the use and management of many of the Nation's water resources, USACE strives to protect, sustain, and improve the natural and man-made environment.
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Some Fundamental Questions

Within the MTS, the issue of environmental sustainability raises a number of important — and, indeed, fundamental — questions:

Can our current patterns of economic activity and consumption be continued over long periods of time, without potentially disastrous consequences for humankind and the environment?

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- → Sustainable development as "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs" (Brundtland Report, 1987)
- → Sustainability as "the possibility that humans and other life will flourish on the Earth forever" (J. Ehrenfeld, 2009)

Important themes that emerge from current efforts to substantiate the notion sustainability:

- An awareness and concern for both the present and the long-term future, placing a positive value on the very long run
- ► An explicit recognition of the intrinsic value of environmental assets

Key challenges facing public decision-makers and environmental regulators/stakeholders:

- ► The ability to model and evaluate alternative long-term dynamic paths open to a global economy
- ➤ A willingness to acknowledge and confront the uncertainties that underlie many of the systems and processes that drive or otherwise influence sustainability

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- Any systematic effort to analyze policies and initiatives relevant to environmental sustainability must have three key aspects:
 - → An understanding of long-run dynamics
 - → An understanding of risk and uncertainty
 - → Prescriptive frameworks for framing and guiding the selection of strategic options
- ► A related set of concepts and considerations, central to any fully-realized conception of environmental sustainability:

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 - ▶ Flexibility in adaptation and mitigation response strategies

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Some Desirable Characteristics

- National strategies are not required by either executive or legislative mandate to address a single, consistent set of characteristics
- GAO has identified a set of desirable characteristics to aid responsible parties in developing and implementing national strategies
- Six key characteristics:
 - 1. Purpose, Scope, and Methodology
 - 2. Problem Definition and Risk Assessment
 - 3. Goals, Subordinate Objectives, Activities, and Performance Measures
 - 4. Resources, Investments, and Risk Management
 - 5. Organizational Roles, Responsibilities, and Coordination
 - 6. Integration and Implementation

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- ▶ 9/11, Katrina/Rita/Wilma, et al., have resulted in adverse consequences of an unprecedented nature
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 - Uncertainty concerning the potential costs and benefits associated with possible prevention and mitigation strategies
 - ► Efforts to pursue a broad range of strategic or operational goals and objectives e.g., program effectiveness and economic efficiency, etc.

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The Need for Movement Towards a Risk-Based Culture

- ▶ The centrality of risk management as an organizing principle around which problems of regulation and scarce resource allocation are approached is an idea that permeates most contemporary efforts within the federal government to assess and manage the potential adverse consequences associated with a variety of risks both man-made and natural
- Any incrementalized steps to this end must first be informed by a strategic roadmap that lays out how risk management principles should inform a broad range of MTS-related decisions
- Central in this regard is the ability to provide at every level of the organization — clear and direct guidance on how risk management principles should be applied in a broad range of strategic, tactical, and operational settings
- ▶ There has been little in the way of systematic guidance for how risk management principles should be applied across the federal government (though some progress has been made in certain areas in recent years)

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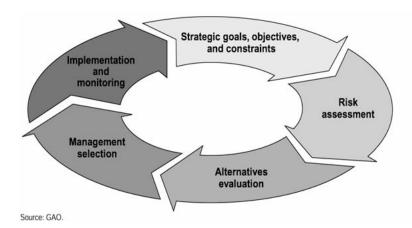
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Elements of the Prescriptive RM Framework



- Operationalize the notion of sustainability
- Establish real and tangible linkages between the conceptual realms of risk and sustainability
- Development of appropriate and congruent decision support tools that support this ambitious objective
- Continued stakeholder engagement, including risk communication
- ► Risk-informed balancing of long-term vs. short-term needs
- Awareness and understanding of emerging risks / emerging technologies

Concluding Remarks

- Perhaps the most vexing challenge in our quest for social, political, economic, and technological trajectories that hold the greatest promise for a "sustainable" future:
 - ► How best to regulate and allocate scarce resources among the vast panoply of risks that can beset mankind in the technological society of the 21st century?
- We have argued for a common set of analytical frameworks and conceptual schemes for utilizing risk management in the service of sustainability
- ► The challenge remains one of continued vigilance, flexibility, and resilience in anticipation of, and in response to, an ever-changing threat/hazard environment