

Naturalistic driving studies: an update from Europe

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This presentation

- European projects
- New European initiatives
- Dutch projects and initiatives
- Some remarks for discussion

Naturalistic Driving in Europe

- Strategic Research Agenda ICT for Mobility
- (TRA Ljubljana 25 April 2008)
- www.esafetysupport.org

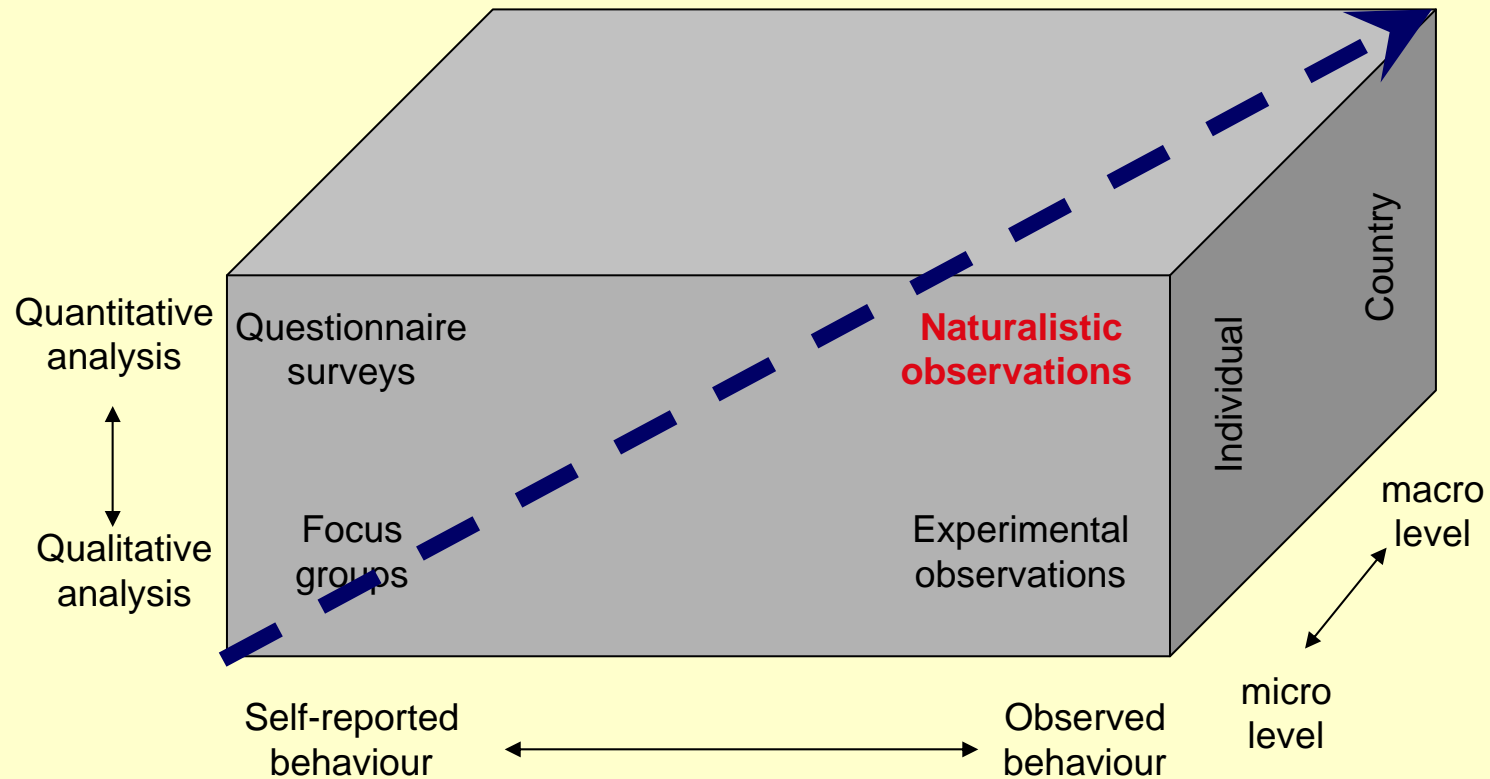


- High priority R&D topics
 - Clean, safe, secure and efficient mobility of people and goods
 - Mobility and transport in urban areas
 - Intelligent Vehicles and Infrastructure towards cooperative systems
 - Field Operational Tests
 - E.g. Naturalistic driving observation
 - Horizontal issues

Naturalistic Driving research

- Naturalistic Driving
 - Unobtrusive observation of driver behavior in daily journeys
 - Video (inside/outside)
 - GPS/Galileo
 - Vehicle dynamics data collection
 - Analysis of all data after observation period
- Allows to build a database and to study
 - drivers' behavior under normal, critical and crash conditions
 - + exposure to risk
 - + safety performance indicators

A comprehensive framework for road safety research (used in Interaction)



European projects

- FOTs
 - Several European + Member States activities (not yet S05/S07-scale)
 - EuroFOT, FESTA, FOT-net
- INTERACTION
 - European project (formally still under negotiation)
 - Naturalistic Driving observations on drivers INTERACTION with in-vehicle technologies

INTERACTION proposal Objectives

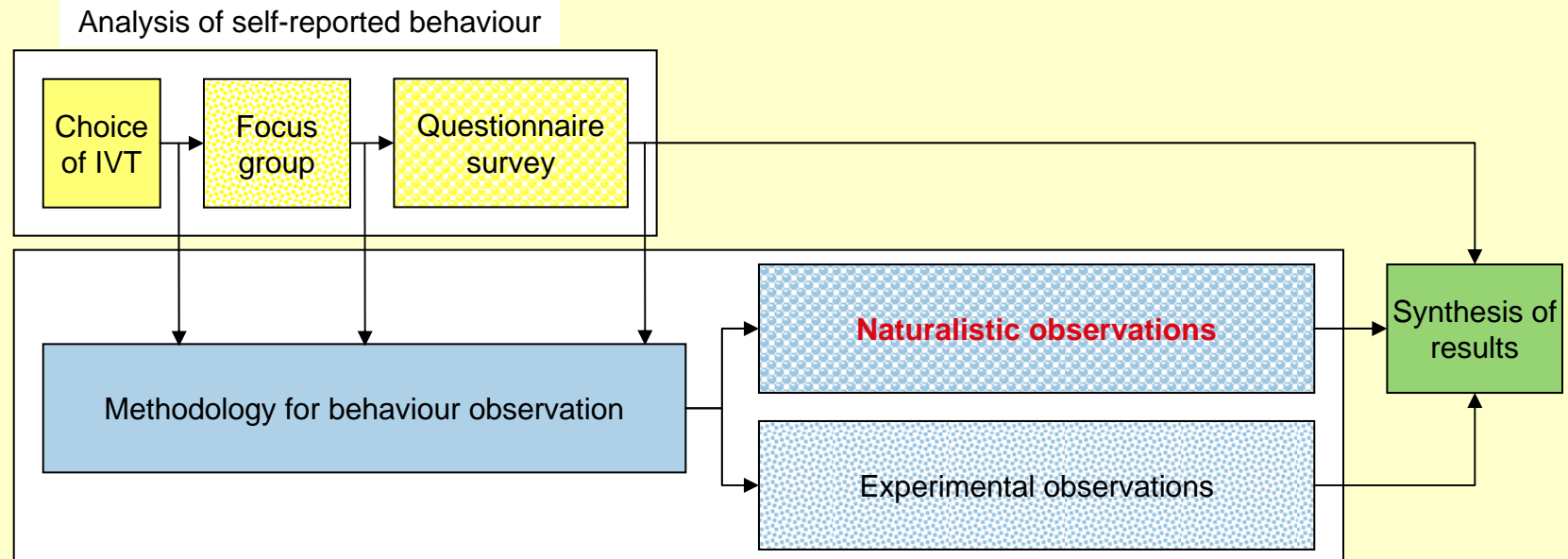
Study on differences and similarities in driver INTERACTION with in-vehicle technologies

- to gain a better understanding of driver interactions with in-vehicle technologies;
- to focus on technologies already available on the European market;
- to identify patterns of use of these systems by European drivers in everyday life;
- to analyse their effects on driver's behavior and skills, in normal and emergency situations;
- to highlight individual and cultural differences that influence the nature of driver interactions with in-vehicle technologies and their impacts on road safety.

INTERACTION proposal

- INTERACTION is an innovative combination of well-established research methodologies and techniques structured in a comprehensive framework
- 12 partners under the leadership of INRETS France
- 9 countries involved (8 European + MUARC Australia)
- INTERACTION duration 42 months (start Autumn 2008?)
- 7 countries involved in naturalistic observations (Czech Republic, Finland, France, Spain, Netherlands, UK and Australia, under the leadership of SWOV NL)
- Small-scale pilots (7 countries, 20 persons per country, a few months of observations, 3500 hours of data)

INTERACTION research program



Analysis of observed driver behaviour

	Countries involved	Drivers population		Driving hours	
		by country	Total	by driver	Total
Focus groups	5 countries	32	160		
Questionnaires surveys	9 countries	1000	9000		
Naturalistic observation	7 countries	20	140	25	3500
Experimental observation	6 countries	20	120	1.5	180

European Initiatives on ND (7thFP, call 2008)

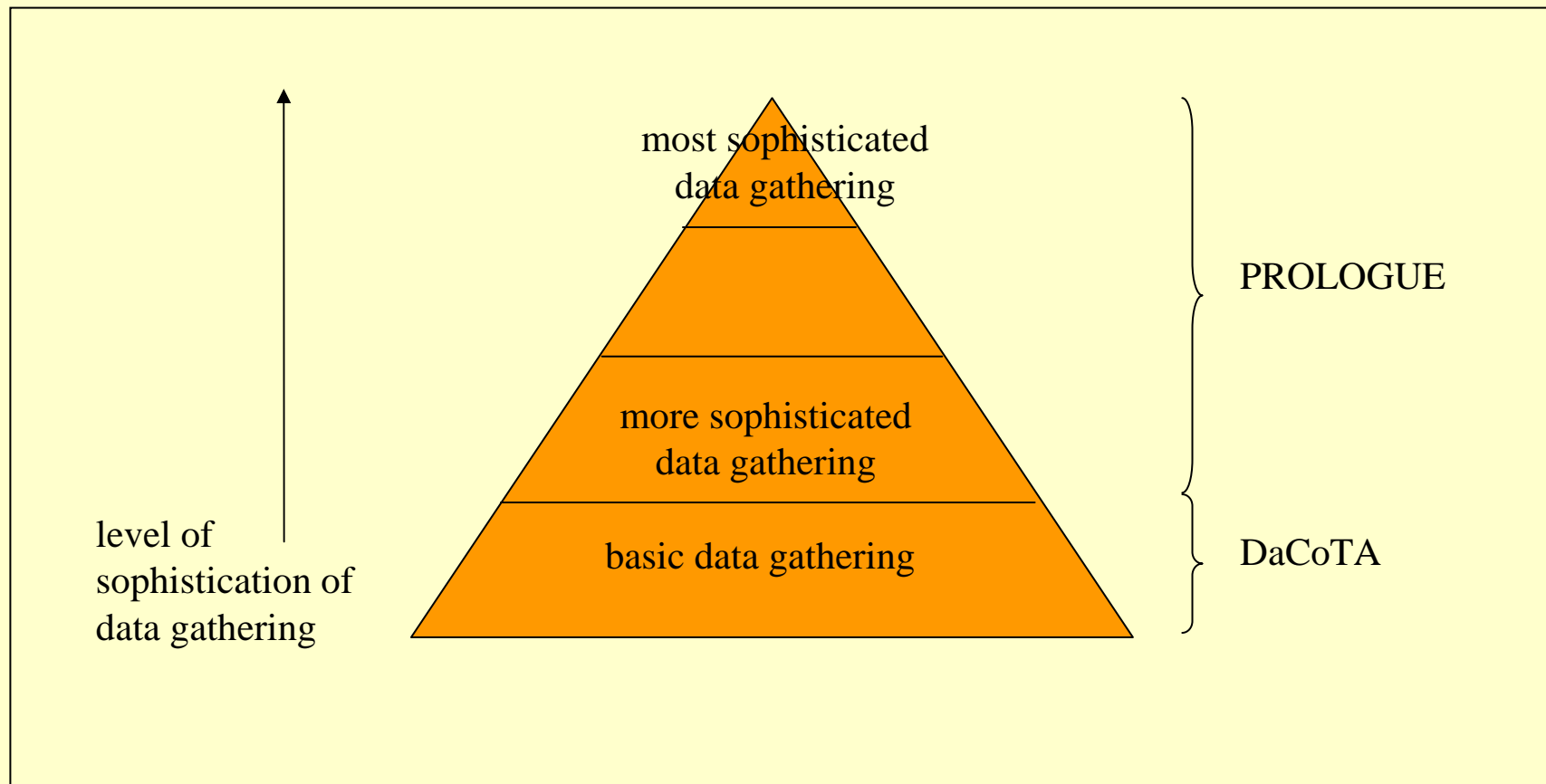
- PROLOGUE
 - European project submitted to the EC
 - Prologue of a large-scale ND study in Europe similar to SHRP2-safety

- DaCoTA
 - European project submitted to the EC
 - Road safety Data Collection, Transfer and Analysis

- 2BESAFE
 - European project submitted to the EC
 - Naturalistic Driving observations on powered two-wheelers

Two complementary proposals on Naturalistic Driving in Europe

- DaCoTA en PROLOGUE



DaCoTA proposal

- Further improving the European Road Safety Observatory (ERSO) by enhancing, structuring and applying the data and knowledge it contains
- Follow-up of SafetyNet/SUNflower
- 17 partners from 13 countries under the leadership of Loughborough University UK
- *(two other proposals submitted)*
- DaCoTA duration: 30 months (start 2009?)
- 6 workpackages; Wp6: Driver behaviour monitoring through ND observations
- In Wp6: 6 countries involved under the leadership of SWOV NL

DaCoTA WP6 Naturalistic driving (I)

- To develop an *implementation plan* (methodology, technology, feasibility) for *continuous monitoring* of relevant road safety data within the framework of the European Road Safety Observatory (ERSO)
- ND offers the possibility of more, better and more efficient data collection compared with interviews, surveys, field experiments, police records, etc.
- ND allows for better comparability of data between countries

DaCoTA WP6 Naturalistic driving (II)

- Complementary to or instead of data on
 - Police data/hospital data on road crashes
 - In-depth data
 - Risk exposure data
 - Safety performance indicators (speed, drinking and driving, seat belt use, daytime running lights, crash notification etc.)

PROLOGUE proposal

- Aims to contribute to the reduction of the number of road casualties in Europe by further exploring, developing, testing and promoting the ND methodology
- Position this research in a broader perspective (environmental issues and traffic management/reliability)
- 9 partners involved under the leadership of SWOV NL
- 8 countries (7 European + Israel)
- PROLOGUE has an Advisory Board incl. US and Canada
- PROLOGUE duration 24 months (start in 2009?)
- PROLOGUE as a start up for a similar study as SHRP2safety

ND activities in the Netherlands

- Anti-collision systems for trucks
- Traffic management around Amsterdam (Dutch FOT)

From Ertico website

- **Partner News: Test of anti-collision systems for trucks kicks off**



Date: 11 July 2008



On 9 July, the Secretary General from the Dutch Ministry of Transport, Public Works & Water Management launched a series of large scale tests of anti-collision systems for trucks at an event in Delft, The Netherlands. Five anti-collision systems will be tested: Forward Collision Warning and Headway Monitoring, Adaptive Cruise Control, Lane departure Warning and Directional control. The systems will be tested over a period of four months, involving 3000 trucks. A black box will be used to measure and record the driver behaviour on the road.

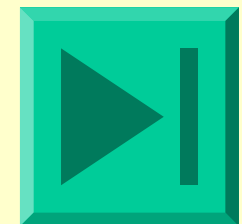
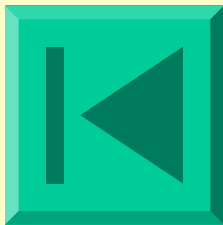
Anti-collision systems (AOS) for trucks

- AOS project in the Netherlands
 - 2008-2009; started 9 July 2008, 4 months?? (at least one year!!)
 - 3000 trucks
 - Project budget: 10 million euros
 - Dutch Ministry of Transport and Connekt/ITS Netherlands
- Systems tested
 - Lane Departure Warning Assist (LDWA) *retrofit*
 - Headway Monitoring and Warning and Forward Collision Warning (HMW and FCW) *retrofit*
 - Adaptive cruise control (ACC)
 - Directional Control (DC)
 - Black Box Feed Back (BBFB) *retrofit*

Anti-collision systems (AOS) for trucks (II)

- Large scale pilot study
- Haulage industry heavily involved (participation of 60 transport companies so far)
- Quasi “Case control” (no randomisation, but attempts to matching)
- 400 LDWA, 400 FCW + HMW, 400 DC, 400 ACC, 400 RoC, 600 black boxes + Feedback, 400 control group: total of 3000 trucks, Systems: OEM, Mobileye, CarrierWeb
- Roll over tests on test track

Anti-collision systems (AOS) for trucks



Closing remarks for discussion

- ND allows obtaining insight in behavior that is not possible to investigate by traditional research methods
 - in depth insight in pre-crash (history of pre-crash conditions), reliable insight in important but 'hard to investigate' subjects such as distraction and fatigue, real measurement of exposure to risk
- Large data-sets can be built that allows for analyses, but these large data sets are bringing their own problems
- How to comply with scientific robustness?
- Integration with environmental issues (e.g. eco-driving behavior) and traffic management should be considered
- International cooperation is needed, but how to organize this with advantages for all partners?