TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH BOARD

TRB Webinar: Optimizing Data Quality within Maintenance Management Systems

November 30, 2023

1:00 - 2:30 PM



PDH Certification Information

1.5 Professional Development Hours (PDH) – see follow-up email

You must attend the entire webinar.

Questions? Contact Andie Pitchford at TRBwebinar@nas.edu

The Transportation Research Board has met the standards and requirements of the Registered Continuing Education Program. Credit earned on completion of this program will be reported to RCEP at RCEP.net. A certificate of completion will be issued to each participant. As such, it does not include content that may be deemed or construed to be an approval or endorsement by the RCEP.



AICP Credit Information

1.5 American Institute of Certified Planners Certification Maintenance Credits

You must attend the entire webinar

Log into the American Planning Association website to claim your credits

Contact AICP, not TRB, with questions

Purpose Statement

This webinar will explore experiences, challenges, and solutions from North Carolina (NCDOT), Minnesota (MnDOT), and New York (NYSDOT) in optimizing data quality within their maintenance management systems.

Learning Objectives

At the end of this webinar, you will be able to:

- Improve maintenance data quality being captured in their maintenance systems
- Understand the systematic approach to identifying areas requiring data validation
- Implement any necessary changes in maintenance management systems

Questions and Answers

- Please type your questions into your webinar control panel
- We will read your questions out loud, and answer as many as time allows



Today's Presenters



Charles Pilson
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Mott MacDonald



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Lubov Koptsev <u>Lubov.Koptsev@dot.ny.gov</u> *NYSDOT*



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Matthew Whitley mpwhitley@ncdot.gov NCDOT



Sciences Engineering Medicine



Five W's of Data Quality Management at MnDOT

Douglas Maki - Asset Management & Resiliency Engineer Asset Management Program Office

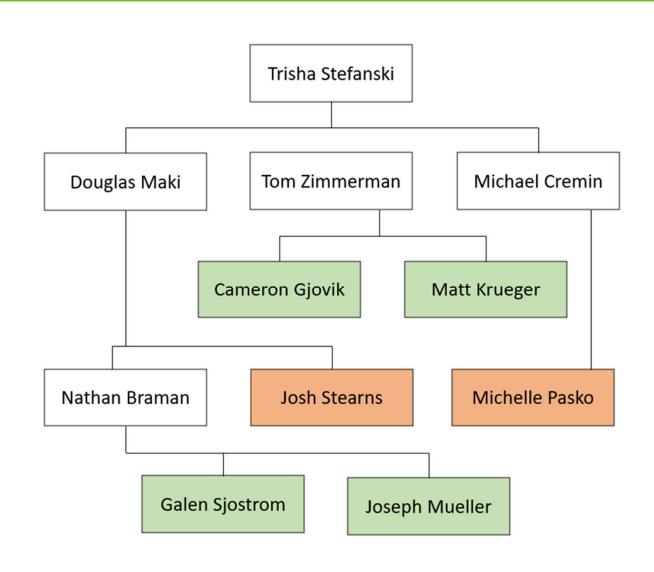


Agenda

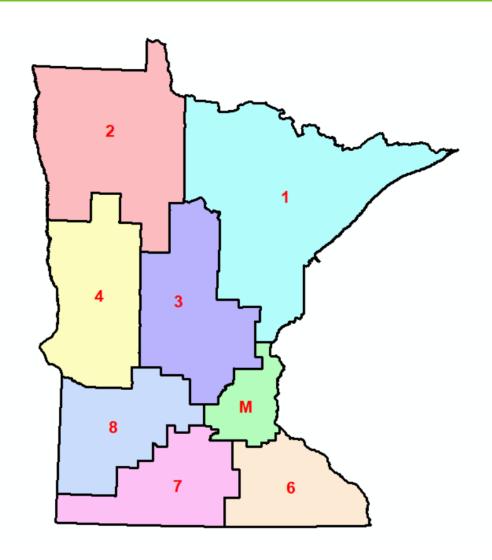
	Topic
1	Who is responsible for data quality at MnDOT?
2	Where should data quality management take place?
3	What constitutes high quality data?
4	How do we facilitate high levels of data quality?
5	When is data quality managed?
6	Why is data quality and its management important?
7	Data Quality Management Examples

Who is responsible for data quality at MnDOT?

- The most concise and correct answer is EVERYBODY!
- We have staff in the districts and Asset Management Program Office (AMPO) who are tasked with training frontline field staff on how to properly write work orders, inventory records, etc.
- Different functional groups have staff that manages inventory information, inspections, as-builts, planning, etc.



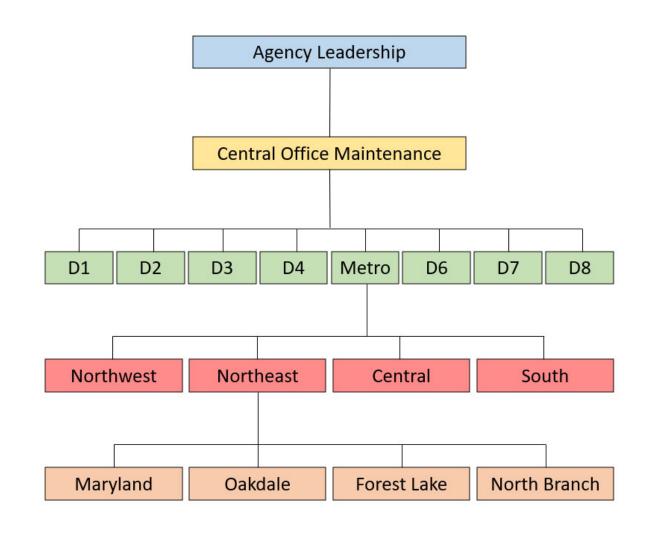
Who is responsible for data quality at MnDOT?



- The AMPO team also includes data analysts who review submitted records for accuracy and completeness.
- The Metro District has a smaller Asset Management team to help with specific challenges, such as funneling data entry through timekeepers
- The AMPO office will be hiring more permanent support staff to be housed out of each district

Where should data quality management take place?

- Data quality management takes place at many levels of the agency: front lines, immediate supervisors, district management, statewide management
- We rely on staff closest to the work (maintenance, inventory, inspections) to supply good data and alert us when the inventory data is not accurate
- Because of this bottom-up approach, buy-in from frontline staff is crucial to data quality management



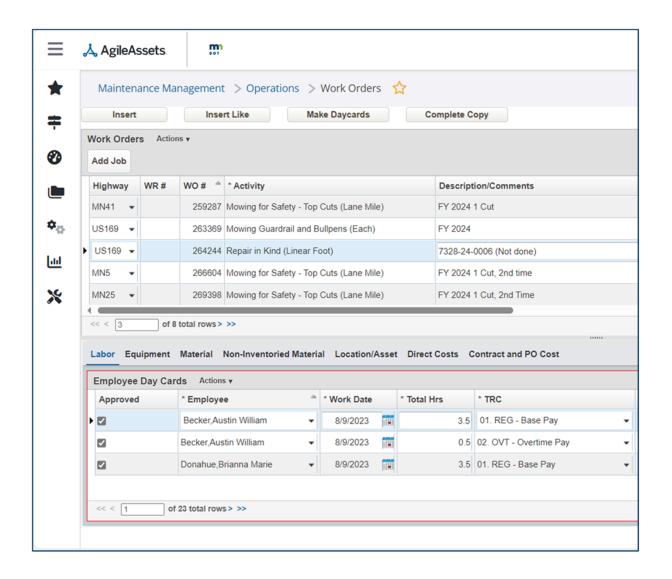
Where should data quality management take place?

- Historically, districts have had different approaches to recording, storing, and reporting of data, which led to inconsistencies and difficulty when comparing and contrasting
- Adoption of a new transportation asset management system (TAMS), which requires a more consistent approach
- Though front-line crews can still differ in their data entry practices, training is done by a centrally located asset management team, which helps minimize inconsistencies and variability



What constitutes high quality data?

- Before adoption of our asset management system, our field crews were accustomed to a lower level of detail for their day-to-day work
- Our new maintenance module requires additional info on labor, equipment, material (which can come from a variety of sources), and location/asset data
- This location data specifies the asset being worked on and the amount of work being done



What constitutes high quality data?

- The newly captured location and accomplishment data allows asset managers to determine cost and achievement rates that are essential to effective work planning
- TAMS is written in the linear referencing system (LRS), which differs from the reference post (RP) system that our field crews know and use
- This leads to some challenges when translating location information between the real world and WO location
- LRS and RP are usually close, but not always

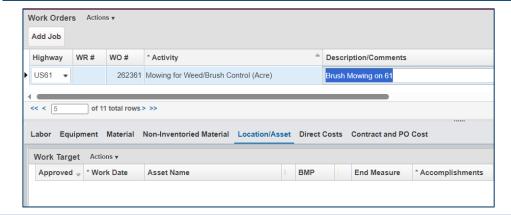




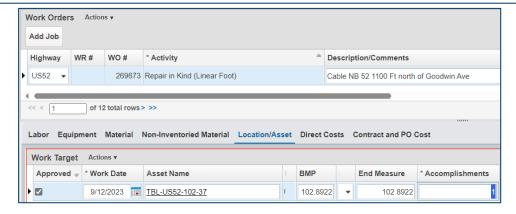
What constitutes high quality data?

Common data entry errors

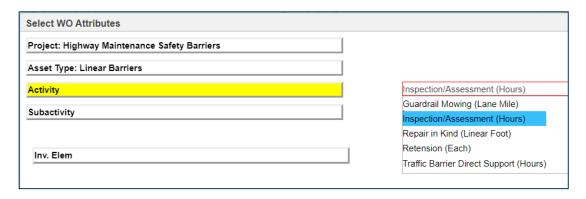
Omitting the asset that was worked on altogether



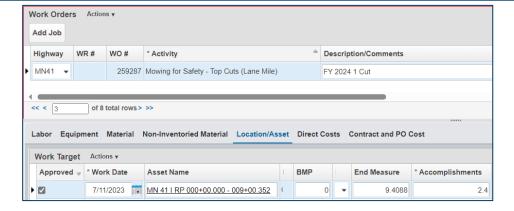
Leaving the accomplishment value at the default of 1, which is non-sensical for activities such as guardrail repair



Choosing the wrong work order activity



Not adjusting the beginning and ending points of the work location



How do we facilitate high levels of data quality?

- As mentioned earlier, the Central Office Asset Management team conducts training sessions after new software releases and during seasonal changeovers
- Regular reports are run to track how consistently TAMS is being utilized, and to determine data entry accuracy and completion
- When erroneous data is discovered, we work alongside the front-line staff to correct issues, reinforcing the importance of accurate data, and offering tips and tricks to make TAMS more efficient

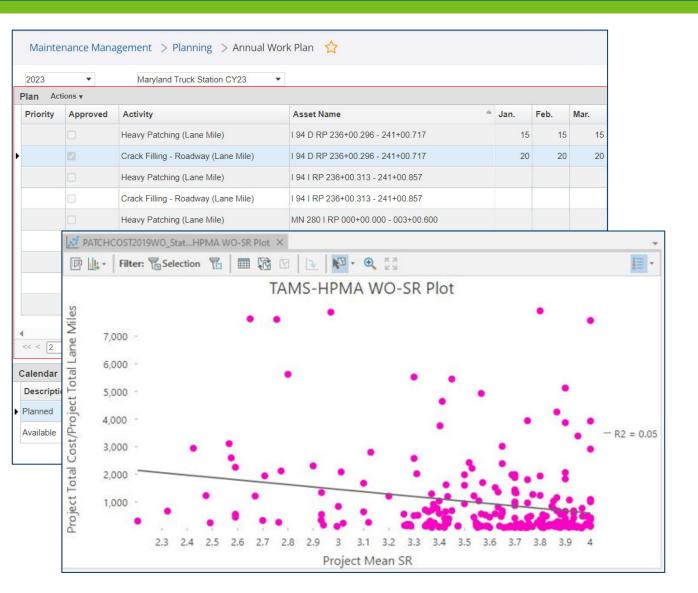
Row Labels	Total Entry Count	# Default B/EMP	# Default/No Accomp	# No Asset	# No Material Cost	Good Entries
⊞ Blow Patching (Lane Mile)	261	7	173	47	64	58
⊕ Debris Clearance (Hours)	4610	752	3048	0	4602	0
⊕ Fence Repair and Installation (Linear Foot)	396	13	113	76	67	159
⊞ Heavy Patching (Lane Mile)	304	9	228	48	86	43
■ Mowing for Safety - Top Cuts (Lane Mile)	2660	193	606	193	2660	0
⊞ Repair in Kind (Linear Foot)	6268	3565	1530	505	1091	1352
⊞ Wedge Paving - Roadway (Lane Mile)	65	1	39	4	6	25

When is data quality managed?

- Data quality is stressed throughout the process, starting before the work order is written by keeping accurate asset inventories and material lists and costs
- Monthly utilization reports are run to make sure that staff is using TAMS to record their work
- Seasonal reports are run to recap summer or winter work, which replaces similar reports from previous work management systems
- Reports are required when performance measures are calculated, which can be at various times throughout the year

	1					
Row Labels 🛂	TAMS Hours	RCA Hours	UT	ILIZATION		
T797312	961.5	1014.5		86.13%		
T797314	891.25	1036.75		86.95%		
T797315	880	1114.75		81.31%		
T797317	1165.25	1200.75		88.59%		
T797322	1104.5	1120.5		98.80%		
T797324	1514.5	2076.05		76.71%		
T797325	2261.25	2414.75		94.66%		
T797327	1318	1491		82.82%		
T797328	1141.25					
T797331	1057.75	M	leas			d or Modified
T797333	1378.25			(M	BMT effort)	
T797334	1483	Measure Area		Activity	Asset/Operation	Measure Description
T797336	1231					The Percent % of Noisewall Inspections
T797344	617.25	Noisewall Inspectio	n and	Inspections	Noisewalls	Completed On-Time
T797361	1538.36	Maintenance		High Priority Maintenance	Noisewalls	% completion of Noise Wall High Priority Maintenance Items within 6 months
T797363	1291.5					inspection finding
T797364	1517.5	Snow and Ice		Snow and Ice removal	Pavement	Frequency (%) of meeting bare lane target(s)
T797373	790				"Guardrails" Non	% Repairs completed within 10 days
T797375	1038				Functional; High ADT "Guardrails" Non	70 Repairs completed within 10 days
T797378	1548	Guardrail			Functional; Low ADT	% Repairs completed within 15 days
T797390	1681				"Guardrails" Functional; High ADT	% Repairs completed within 25 days
				Vlaintenance	"Guardrails" Functional; Low ADT	% Repairs completed within 30 days
				Mainte	"Cable Barriers" Non Functional; High ADT	% Repairs completed within 10 days
		Cable Median Bar	rrier		"Cable Barriers" Non Functional; Low ADT	% Repairs completed within 15 days
		and an			"Cable Barriers" Functional; High ADT	% Repairs completed within 15 days
					"Cable Barriers" Functional; Low ADT	% Repairs completed within 20 days

Why is data quality and its management important?



- Improved data quality helps reinforce public trust in our agency by increasing transparency and accountability
- Better quality data helps managers create more efficient work plans, which helps maximize the effectiveness of our funding
- Enhanced data quality allows for accurate reporting of performance measures and ensures a consistent approach across district boundaries

Data Quality Management Examples – Utilization Report

NOR	NORTH BRANCH SUB AREA									
NAME	DEPTID	TAMS	RCA	PERCENTAGE	GAP					
Anderson, Joseph John	T797316	98	98	100%	0					
Blazek,Cody Allen	T797316	97	97	100%	0					
Blazek, Jason	T797316	94.5	94.5	100%	0					
Cieluch Jr,Rick Joseph	T797316	108.5	108.5	100%	0					
Heimerl,Brian P	T797316	99	99	100%	0					
Kvale,Jeffrey A	T797316	96	96	100%	0					
Miller,Paul Charles	T797316	90.5	90.5	100%	0					
Morrison,Charles H	T797316	125	125	100%	0					
Raymond,Dean E	T797316	87.5	87.5	100%	0					
Volk,William R	T797316	54	54	100%	0					
Wendt,David D	T797316	83	83	100%	0					
Moss, Elizabeth	T797316	101.75	112.75	90%	11					
Hendrickson, Michael Allen	T797316	64	97	66%	33					
Thompson Jr, James W	T797316	0	152	0%	152					
Averages		85.63	99.63	90%	14.00					

Data Quality Management Examples – Utilization Report

	NOR	TH BRA	NC	H SU	JB AR	EA			
NAME		DEPTID	TA	MS	RCA	PERCENTAGE	GAP	1	
Anderson, Joseph John		T707216	C	ıδ	ΩQ	100%	0	1	
Blazek,Cody Allen	NAME		~	RESU	LT 🔀 SO	URCE TYPE CD	SOURCE T	YPE DEF	▼ HOURS SUM ▼
Blazek, Jason	Ancheta	a,Michael Sco	ott	TAMS	i	214	Annual Sign	n Replacement	1
Cieluch Jr,Rick Joseph	Ancheta	a,Michael Sco	ott	TAMS		2155	Signs Direc	t Support	11
Heimerl,Brian P	Ancheta	a,Michael Sco	ott	RCA		2222	Sign/Deline	eation/Marker Repai	3
Kvale,Jeffrey A	Ancheta	,Michael Sco	ott	TAMS		2222	Sign/Deline	eation/Marker Repai	108.5
Miller,Paul Charles	Ancheta	,Michael Sco	ott	TAMS	;	2310	Brush & Tr	ee Removal	3.5
Morrison,Charles H	Ancheta	a,Michael Sco	ott	TAMS		2807	7 Traffic Cor	itrol	3
Raymond,Dean E		n,Joseph Joł		TAMS	;	2107	7 Mastic Pat	ching Operations	72.5
Volk,William R		n,Joseph Jol		TAMS				stall/Repair/Maint	4.5
Wendt,David D		n,Joseph Jol		TAMS			Debris Clea	• •	15
Moss, Elizabeth		-		TAMS					- 15
Hendrickson,Michael Allen		on,Joseph Joh	III					Direct Support	0
Thompson Jr, James W	Anderso	on,Kyle		TAMS		210:	L Light Patch	ing	2
Averages	Anderso	on,Kyle		TAMS	i	2103	Heavy Pate	ching	4.5
	Anderso	on,Kyle		TAMS	;	2132	Milling Sur	faces	5
	Anderso	on,Kyle		TAMS		2202	Ditches/Slo	ppes/PondsClean/Sha	10
	Anderso	on,Kyle		TAMS		2210	Guardraillr	stall/Repair/Maint	54

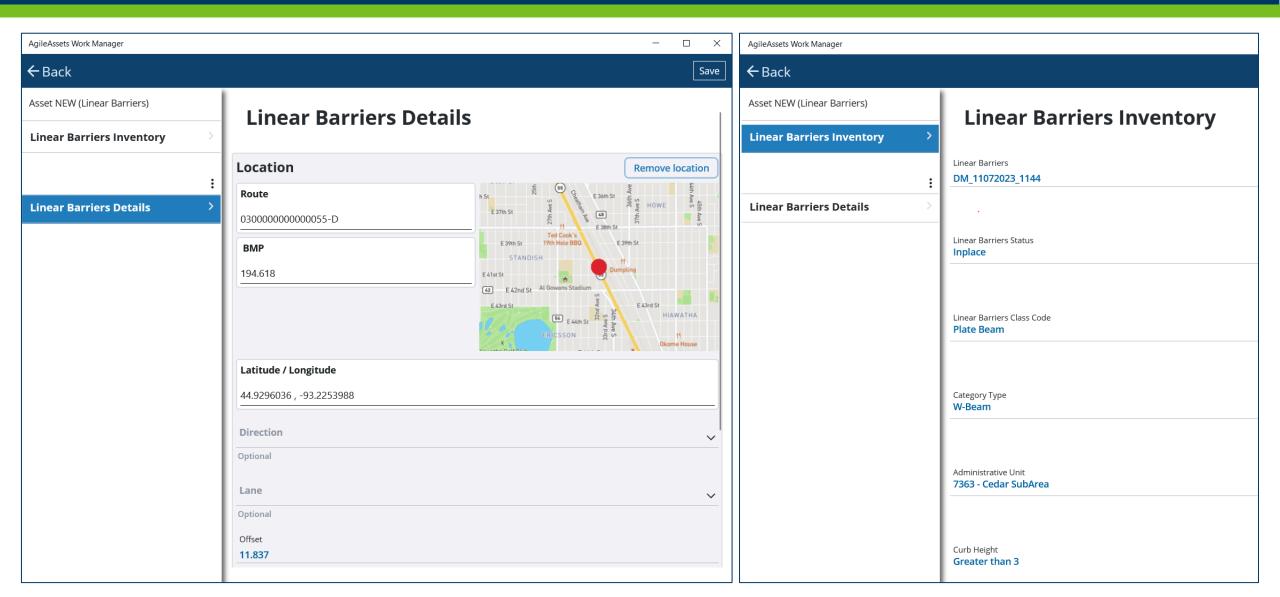
Data Quality Management Examples – Weekly Accomplishment Verification Report

Administrative Unit	Activity	Asset Type	Asset	ВМР	EMP	Accomplishment
7312 - Anoka Subarea	Mowing for Safety - Top Cuts (Lane Mile)	Section	MN 101 I RP 036+00.627 - 046+00.499	36.2900	36.5700	1.00
Number of Records 1						
7314 - Spring Lake Park Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	MN 610 D RP 000+00.000 - 009+00.408	2.0000	9.6070	1.00
7314 - Spring Lake Park Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	MN 610 I RP 000+00.000 - 009+00.398	2.0000	9.9187	1.00
7314 - Spring Lake Park Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	MN 610 I RP 000+00.000 - 009+00.398	1.0000	9.9187	1.00
7314 - Spring Lake Park Subarea	Gravel Shoulder Restoration (Lane Mile)	Section	MN 47 I RP 005+00.370 - 013+00.228	5.3980	13.4810	1.00
Number of Records 4						
7315 - Golden Valley Subarea	Fence Repair and Installation (Linear Foot)	Section	MN 100 I RP 000+00.000 - 016+00.116	.0000	15.9080	1.00
Number of Records 1						
7316 - North Branch Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	I 35WI I 021+00.473 - 041+00.745	21.4850	41.7960	1.00
7316 - North Branch Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	US 169 D RP 084+00.309 - 106+00.437	83.5270	105.6860	1.00
7316 - North Branch Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	US 169 D RP 084+00.309 - 106+00.437	83.5270	105.6860	1.00
7316 - North Branch Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	US 169 D RP 084+00.309 - 106+00.437	83.5270	105.6860	1.00
7316 - North Branch Subarea	Brush & Tree Removal (Acre)	Section	US 169 D RP 084+00.309 - 106+00.437	83.5270	105.6860	1.00
Number of Records 5						
7317 - Forest Lake Subarea	Mowing for Safety - Top Cuts (Lane Mile)	Section	I 35 I RP 127+00.426 - 132+00.896	132.1070	132.4330	1.00
7317 - Forest Lake Subarea	Mowing for Safety - Top Cuts (Lane Mile)	Section	MN 243 I RP 000+00.000 - 001+00.224	.0000	1.2200	1.00
7317 - Forest Lake Subarea	Pavement Buckle/Blow Up Repair (Square Yard)	Section	I 35 I RP 127+00.426 - 132+00.896	132.5040	132.5040	1.00
Number of Records 3						
7321 - Mendota Heights Subarea	Roadway Sweeping and Flushing (Lane Mile)	Section	I 494 D RP 063+00.493 - 072+01.124	63.1910	73.2347	1.00
Number of Records 1						
7328 - Chaska Subarea	Mowing for Safety - Top Cuts (Lane Mile)	Section	MN 5 I RP 026+00.242 - 046+00.129	26.4330	46.1860	1.00
7328 - Chaska Subarea	Mowing Guardrail and Bullpens (Each)	Section	MN 5 I RP 026+00.242 - 046+00.129	26.4330	46.1860	1.00

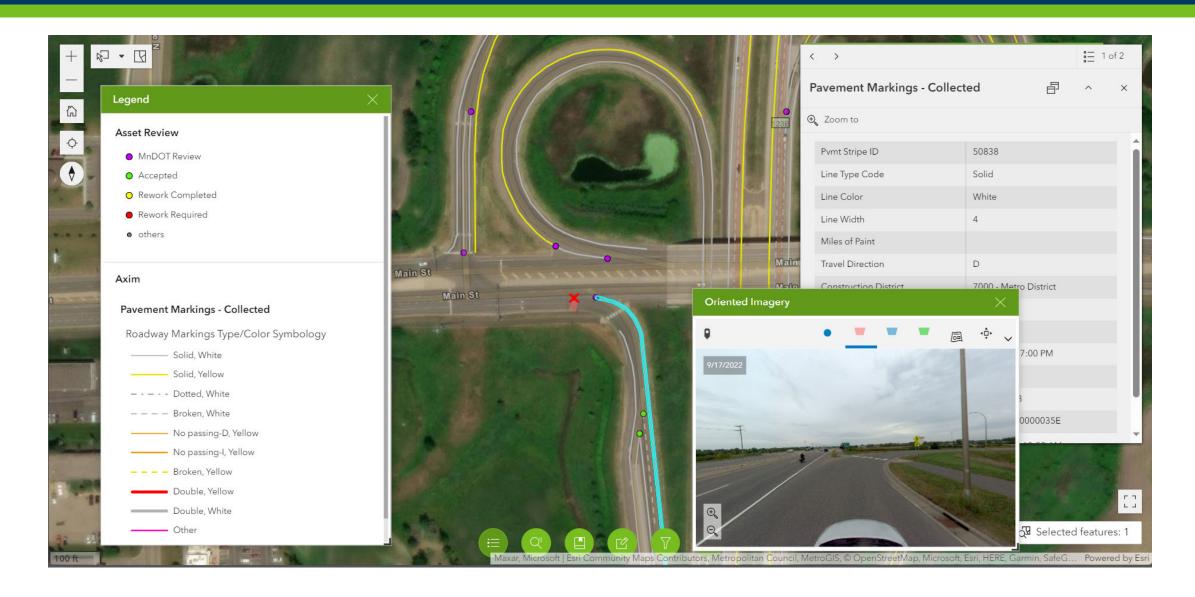
Data Quality Management Examples – Asset Inventory Using As-Built Submittals

Traffic	Barrier As-bu	ilt Survey Data							
Traffic Ba	arrier Identification				Coordinates	Attributes			
Plan ID	Barrier Class Code	Manufacturer or Standard ▼ Plan/Plate/Detail* ▼	Collect Product line [Category Type]	Collect Product [Subcategory Type]	Linestring (Lat1, Long1; Lat2, Long2; etc)	Post Type	Blockout Type	# of cables	Comments
Site 1	Plate Beam	5-297. 696 Traffic Barrier Type 31 Low Fill/Long Span ***	W-Beam	Type 31 Standard	45.1234, -93.1234; 45.3456, -93.3456; 45.5678, -93.5678; 45.7890, -93.7890; 45.9012, -93.9012; 45.2345, -93.2345	Steel	Steel		
Site 2	Cable	Brifen	High Tension	Brifen	45.1234, -93.1234; 45.3456, -93.3456; 45.5678, -93.5678; 45.7890, -93.7890; 45.9012, -93.9012; 45.2345, -93.2345	Steel	N/A	4	
Site 1	End Terminal	Road Systems, Inc.	Fleat 350	Wood	45.1234, -93.1234; 45.3456, -93.3456	Steel	Steel		
Site 2	Cable Anchor	HTCB_ANCHOR - Anchorage Assemblies for HTCB	End Anchorage		45.1234, -93.1234	Steel	N/A		
Site 5	Crash Cushion	Barrier Systems by Lindsay	Universal TAU	TAU-II	45.1234, -93.1234; 45.3456, -93.3456	Steel	Plastic		

Data Quality Management Examples – Asset Inventory <u>Using Work Manager</u>



Data Quality Management Examples – Asset Inventory Using LiDAR Data



Data Quality Management Examples – Asset Inventory LiDAR Data Sampling

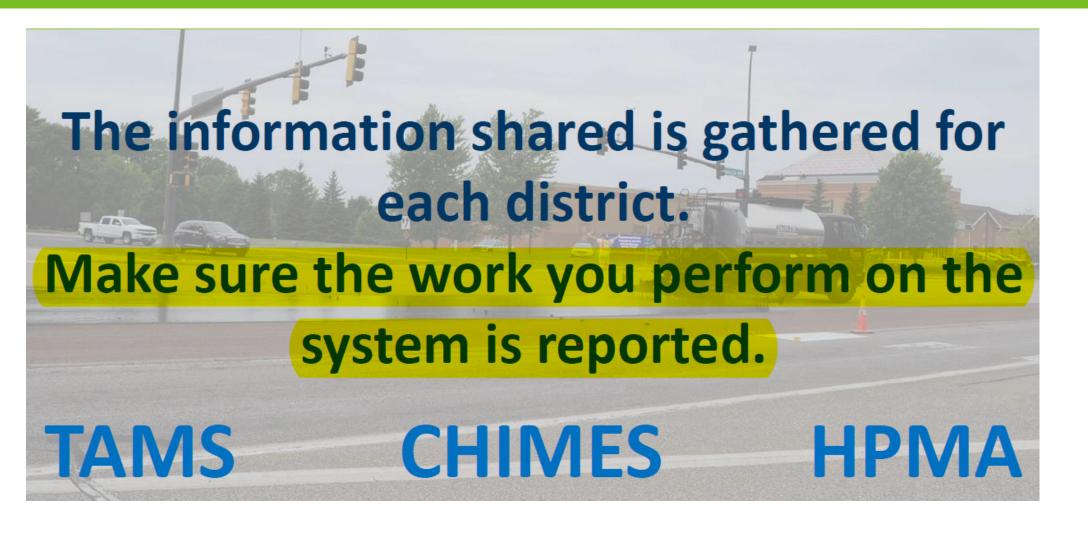
ISO 2859 "S	ampling proc	edures for inspection	by attributes"	example estimation	on for Pilot dat	a, corridor hwy	2, sign stru	ctures
Z	z2	population Portion	margin of error	Population size	n	n1		
1.96	3.8416	0.95	0.05	1500	72.9904	69.64775357		
c: Confiden	ice Level = .95	5			Unlimited Pop	pulation: n =(z^2	2*p*(1-p)),	/ m^2
z: z-score =	1.96 (known)							
m: Margin	of error = .05				Finite Popular	tion: n1 = n/(1+((n-1)/N)	
N: Populati	on Size (asse	sts per corridor, per d	elivery)					
p: Populati	on Proportion	n = use confidence lev	vel (worst case: .5)					

Data Quality Management Examples – Performance Measures Reporting

High quality pavement maintenance data leads to reliable performance measures, which help determine work plans

Year of Rehab	Construction_District_Name	Measure_Cat	SUM_ln_mi	MEASURE_NAME	ACTIVITY_LANE_MI	PERCENT_COMPLETE	CURRENT_LOS	TARGET_STATUS
2016	D1-DULUTH	THICK	74.96	D1-DULUTH THICK 2016	3.164	4.22%	< C	BELOW
2016	D1-DULUTH	THIN	62.898	D1-DULUTH THIN 2016	20.0474	31.87%	< C	BELOW
2016	D2-BEMIDJI	NEW	2.734	D2-BEMIDJI NEW 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D2-BEMIDJI	THICK	84.752	D2-BEMIDJI THICK 2016	50.7056	59.83%	С	BELOW
2016	D2-BEMIDJI	THIN	16.724	D2-BEMIDJI THIN 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D3-BRAINERD	NEW	19.634	D3-BRAINERD NEW 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D3-BRAINERD	THICK	59.514	D3-BRAINERD THICK 2016	9.87	16.58%	< C	BELOW
2016	D3-BRAINERD	THIN	160.04	D3-BRAINERD THIN 2016	25.62	16.01%	< C	BELOW
2016	D4-DETROIT LAKES	NEW	13.756	D4-DETROIT LAKES NEW 2016	4.644	33.76%	< C	BELOW
2016	D4-DETROIT LAKES	THICK	106.328	D4-DETROIT LAKES THICK 2016	18.6144	17.51%	< C	BELOW
2016	D4-DETROIT LAKES	THIN	2.646	D4-DETROIT LAKES THIN 2016	0.732	27.66%	< C	BELOW
2016	D6-ROCHESTER	NEW	1.504	D6-ROCHESTER NEW 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D6-ROCHESTER	THICK	49.316	D6-ROCHESTER THICK 2016	1.512	3.07%	< C	BELOW
2016	D6-ROCHESTER	THIN	13.653	D6-ROCHESTER THIN 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D7-MANKATO	NEW	9.066	D7-MANKATO NEW 2016	0	0.00%	< C	BELOW
2016	D7-MANKATO	THICK	133.422	D7-MANKATO THICK 2016	61.238	45.90%	< C	BELOW
2016	D7-MANKATO	THIN	14.908	D7-MANKATO THIN 2016	8.144	54.63%	С	MEETS
2016	D8-WILLMAR	THICK	60.688	D8-WILLMAR THICK 2016	65.992	108.74%	Α	MEETS
2016	D8-WILLMAR	THIN	135.516	D8-WILLMAR THIN 2016	107.897	79.62%	В	MEETS

Data Quality Management Examples – Performance Measures Reporting



Data Quality Management Examples – Performance Measures Reporting



DISTRICT 6 Edge Joint Sealing

Concrete Pavements with Bituminous Shoulders

?? lane miles

Joint Sealing Performed

?? lane miles

Performance = ??% Target = 80% How can this Performance Measure be documented?

There is no activity code established to specifically document this work.

While each of the 5 W's (and 1 H) are important to data quality management, the most important aspect that underpins all of them is clear, concise, documented **COMMUNICATION**.

Communication regarding:

- Who is responsible for recording data
- What data should they be recording (e.g. labor, equipment, material)
- When should the data be recorded (and reported upon)
- Where data should be recorded (front lines, office staff, contractors)
- Why accurate data recording is crucial (helps with buy-in)
- How the data should be recorded (tools, methods, etc.)



Thank You!

Douglas Maki

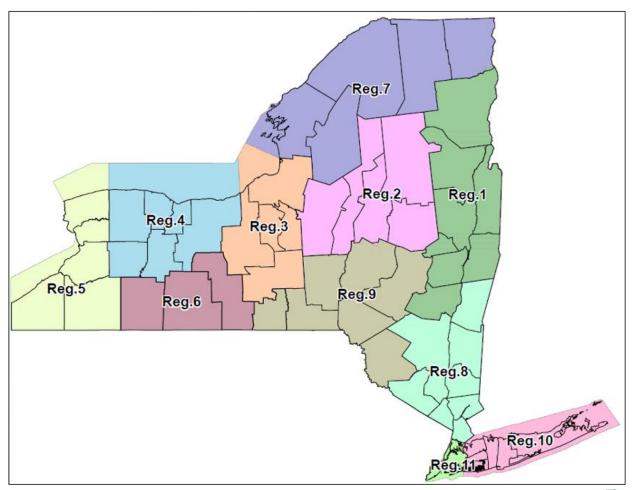
douglas.maki@state.mn.us

651-234-7044



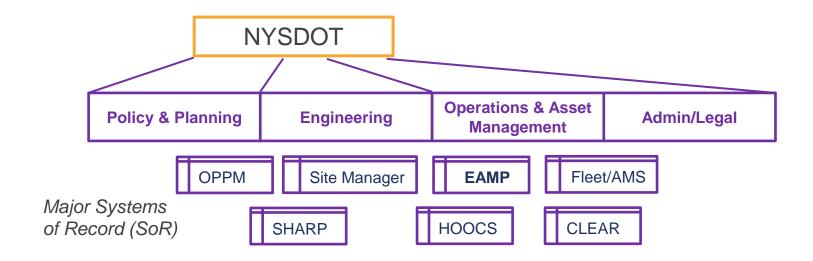
Data Improvement in NYSDOT's Maintenance Management System

New York State Department of Transportation



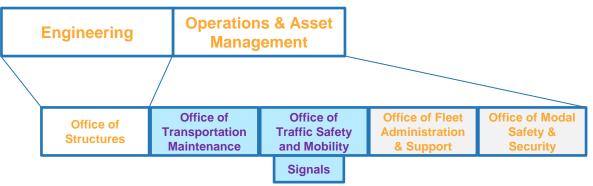


Enterprise Asset Management Program (EAMP)





Enterprise Asset Management Program (EAMP)



- Snow and Ice Control
- System Preservation and Repair
- Facilities Operations and Management
- Fiscal and Program Management
- Contract Management
- Training
- Personnel Management and Hiring
- Performance and Asset Management

EAMP



NYSDOT Maintenance Management Systems

2006 - 2021

d Operations Work Manag Organization 99 - test area 999		Special Pro	Region	Tables Admin Print Date #URSDAY - MAY 01,	September 1	Report Number	270
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	203020	21	-			AND STREET	-
Sub-Organizatio 0201-AREN -ADMINISTRATIO		•	Task	-	N Mat Loc.		Work Order Numbe
Asset Group	Route	200 31		set	100		
w w	10000			1991			
Touring Route Begin Refe	rence Marker	End Re	eterence Marker	Length	Off	System Description	Accid N
Callor 0.	Egypment	0	Motorial	O. Total S	0.	N LEW VOOR Rett	N Connects
Performance		-					21
	ocomplishment (Int	- Historical Av	0.000	Davis	Chala	
Units of Accomp	Ashmeré	0.000	Historical Av Sub Org	Residency	Region	State From	
Units of Accomp	lishmert	0.000		0.000	Region	From	
Units of Accomp	ishmere int Cost	0.000		0.000	Region	From	



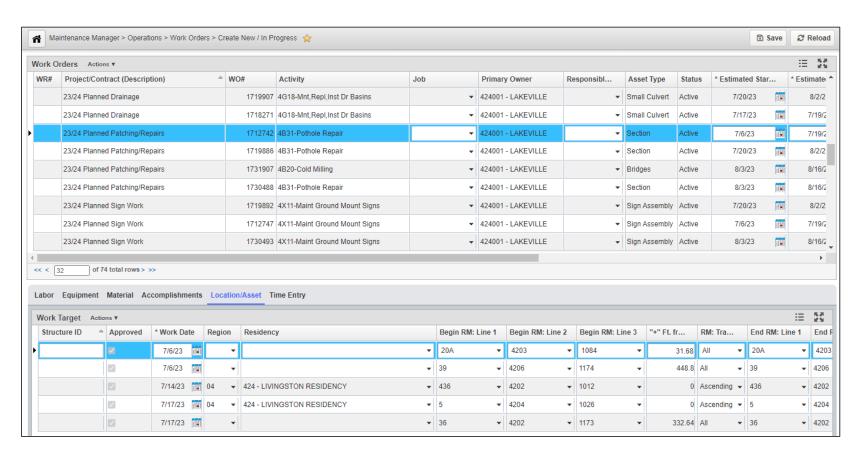
Maintenance Tasks

Task	Task Code	Unit of Measure	Description
Sweeping	C64	Miles	Sweeping performed by self-propelled pick up sweeper, drawn broom, or manual removal of debris from shoulders, curb side, and gutters adjacent to the roadway. Report manual sweeping as 0.1 mile per location.
Grade Material Behind Shoulders	D01	Shoulder Miles	Grading and removing excess material including vegetation and gravel to reestablish drainage. This includes grading of unstabilized shoulders to reestablish drainage (see D31 for work under guide rail).
Remove Material Under Guiderail	D31	Feet	Mechanical or manual removal of vegetation and soil under guide rail and re- establishment of drainage.
Clean Culverts & Pipes	G01	Feet	Cleaning any culverts or pipes, including driveway pipes, cross culverts and closed drainage systems. Any inlet and/or outlet sumps required for this task are reported under G61. Large culverts, through which a bulldozer might pass, should be reported under G61.
Repair Concrete Culvert	G04	Cubic Feet	Repair damaged or deteriorated concrete culvert elements, other than the invert. Includes removal of existing materials, placement of new materials and other related work, as required.
Sliplining or lining Culvert/Pipe	G05	Feet	Any culvert or pipe repair, which includes the installation of a new liner pipe or liner system, is reported to this code.



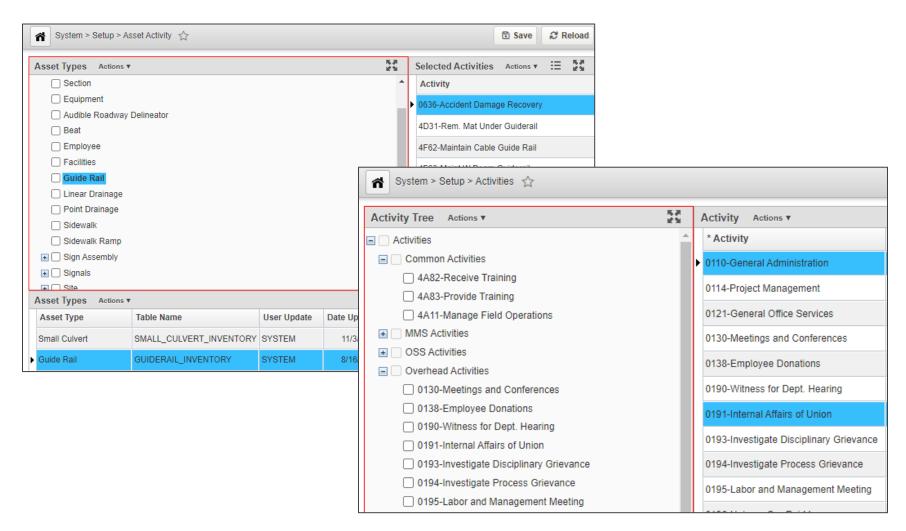
NYSDOT Maintenance Management Systems

2021 - Present



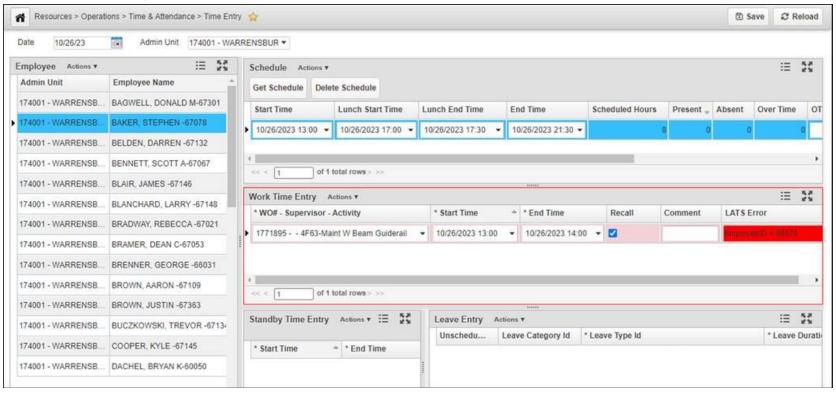


Maintenance Tasks

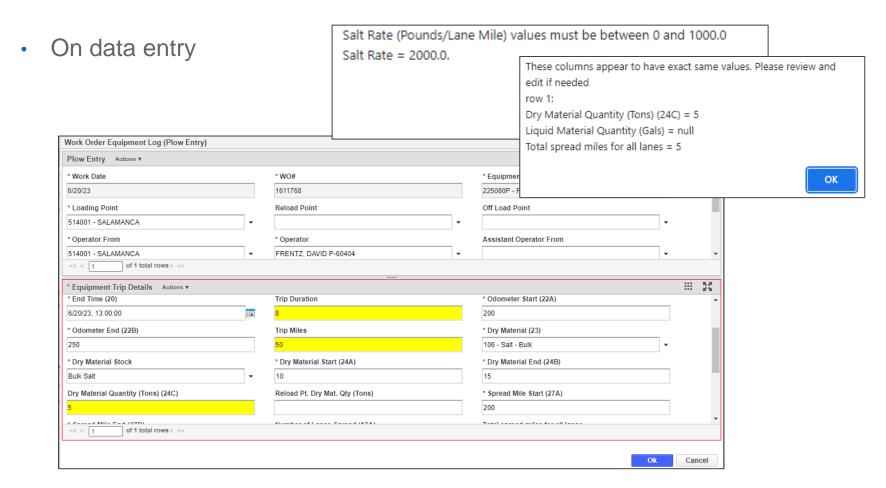




On time entry data









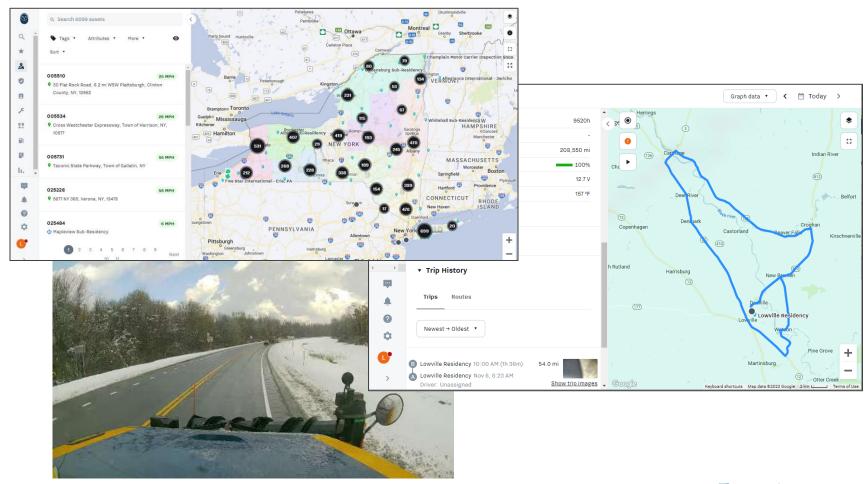
Maintenance Core Work Summary- Statewide Bi-Weekly Report, PP # 14 (9/28/2023 - 10/11/2023)

A summary of Core Infrastucture Maintenance and Repair done by Maintenance Forces during the previous Pay Period; does not include all work done

Program: Pavement Maintenance & Preservation

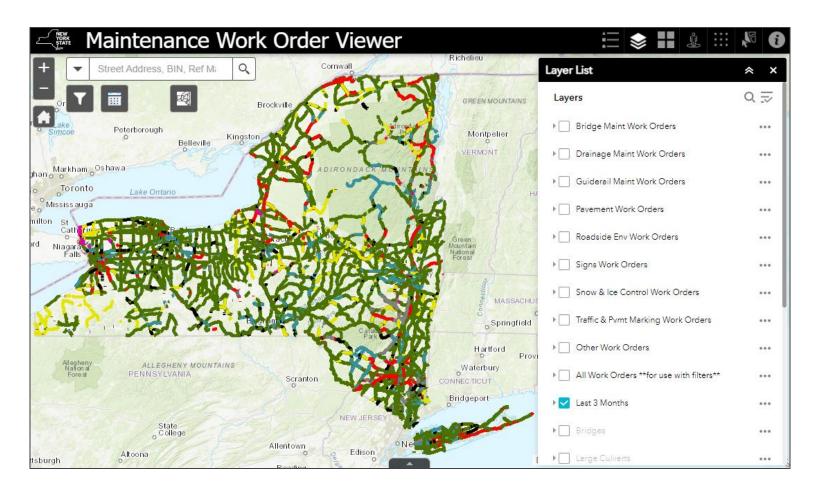
	Work Category	Accomplishment	UNIT	Material Costs	Labor Hours - Total
	Paving	6	Lane Miles	\$0	1,838
	Patch & Shim	4740	Tons	\$147,005	22,508
	Conc Pav Blowups & Joint Repair	103	Each	\$600	1,998
	Pavement Milling	14	Lane Miles	\$3,000	3,312
	Crack Sealing	2	Lane Miles	\$0	119
	Shoulder Grading	103	Lane Miles	\$7,541	5,531
Pr	ogram: Safety				
	Work Category	Accomplishment	UNIT	Material Costs	Labor Hours - Total
	Guide Rail Repair	3	Miles	\$92,168	7,739
	Bridge Rail Repaired	293	Feet	\$205	795
	Traffic Signs Installed/Repaired	3199	Each	\$151,099	7,918







Maintenance Work Orders





Lubov Koptsev

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Data Validations in Asset Management

Matthew P. Whitley, MPA, P.E. Raymond C. Honbarrier, P.E. Sam Eddy, E.I.

Operations Program Management

8/30/2023

Connecting people, products and places safely and efficiently with customer focus, accountability and environmental sensitivity to enhance the economy and vitality of North Carolina



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A global leader in providing innovative transportation solutions

















Agenda

- Background on Maintenance Data at NCDOT
- AMS (Asset Management System) / SAP Data Validations
 - Work Activity Unit of Measure Max Threshold Validation
 - Project ArTEMIS Required Location Granularity
 - Location Validation SAP Table / System Error Message
- PMS (Pavement Management System) / PCS Data Validations
 - 2021 Pavement Condition Survey Observations
 - Analysis / Results / Conclusion
 - New data validations built into data collection process for FY 2022
- AIC (Asset Inventory Collection) Data Validations
 - Pipe Inventory
 - Multi-Barrel Pipe Review Pop-up Errors and SQL scripts
 - Rater Report Cards

How and where is money being spent?



STI-funded Projects: \$2.2 billion

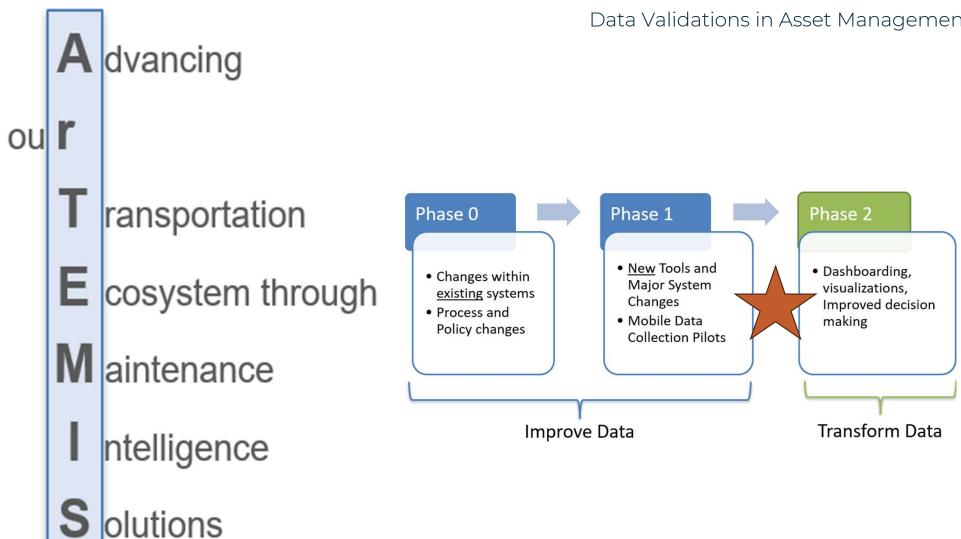
Clearly connects \$'s planned and performed to locations

How and where is money being spent?



Maintenance Efforts: \$1.95 billion (GMR, BPR, CR, PP, BP, RE)

How and where is money being spent?



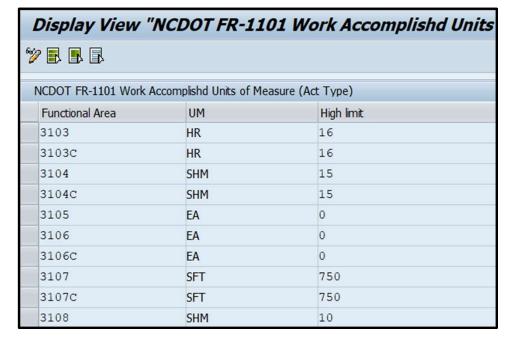
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AMS / SAP Data Validations

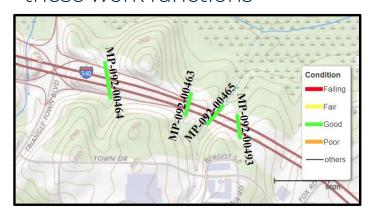
Work Activity Unit of Measure – Max Threshold / High Limit

- High Limits for common work functions are maintained in a table within our SAP financial system
- This limits the work accomplished values that can be entered when recording work activities
- Helps to eliminate typographical errors and mistakes made from extra keystrokes when entering data



Work Activity Required Location Granularity

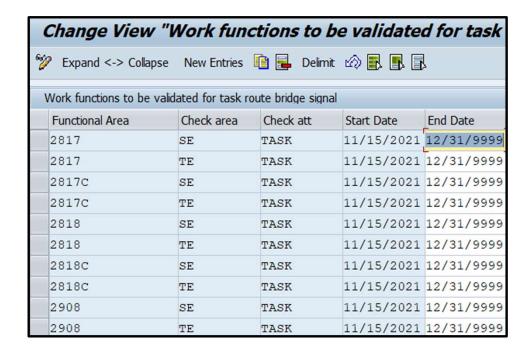
- Short list of critical work functions sent to all Division Offices Statewide
- Field crews are required to task these activities within AMS system
- Required level of granularity is listed as a minimum requirement when using these work functions



ArTEMIS Work Funct	ArTEMIS	
Functional Area	Functional Area Name	ArTEMIS (Granularity)
2817	Mechanical Asphalt Patching (TON)	Y (Route)
2817C	Mechanical Asphalt Patching (TON)	Y (Route)
2818	Full / Partial Depth Asphalt Pavement Repair (TON)	Y (Route)
2818C	Full / Partial Depth Asphalt Pavement Repair (TON)	Y (Route)
2908	Brush and Tree Control /Herbicides (SHM)	Y (Route)
2911	Manual Brush and Tree Control (SF)	Y (Route)
2912	Mechanical Brush and Tree Control (SHM)	Y (Route)
3108	Drainage Ditch Maintenance (SHM)	Y (Route)
3109	Maintenance of Shoulders AND Ditches (SHM)	Y (Route)
3111	Minor Shoulder and Drainage Ditch Maintenance (LF)	Y (Route)
3112	Shoulder Maintenance / Reconstruction (SHM)	Y (Route)
3115	Slope Repair (EA)	Y (Route-MP)
3115C	Slope Repair (EA)	Y (Route-MP)
3120C	Install / Repair / Maintain Barriers (LF)	Y (Route-MP)
3122C	Maintenance Repair and Replacement of Attenuators (EA)	Y (Route-MP)
3126	Install Pipes (48" or Less) (LFT)	Y (Inventory or Route-MP)
3126C	Install Pipes (48" or Less) (LFT)	Y (Inventory or Route-MP)

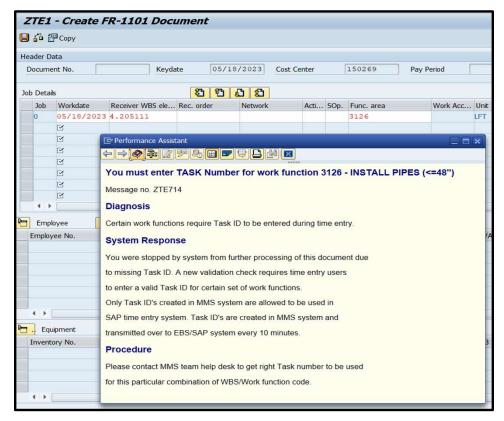
Work Activity Location Validation - SAP Table

- Short list of critical work functions maintained in a table in our SAP financial system
- "Check Area" field denotes whether the data check is performed during Time Entries or Service Entries
- "Check Attribute" field denotes that the system is checking that the entry has a Task (Work Order)associated with it



Work Activity Location Validation - System Error Message

- Error message generated if conditions for entry are not met
- Text box pop-up explains to field user that certain work functions require a Task ID (Work Order) to be entered
- Response / Procedure is conveyed to the users so that the error can be fixed
- This "hard-stop" ensures that charges to certain work activities are tied to a mappable location



Data Validations in Asset Management

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PMS / PCS Data Validations

Importance of Secondary Pavement Condition Data

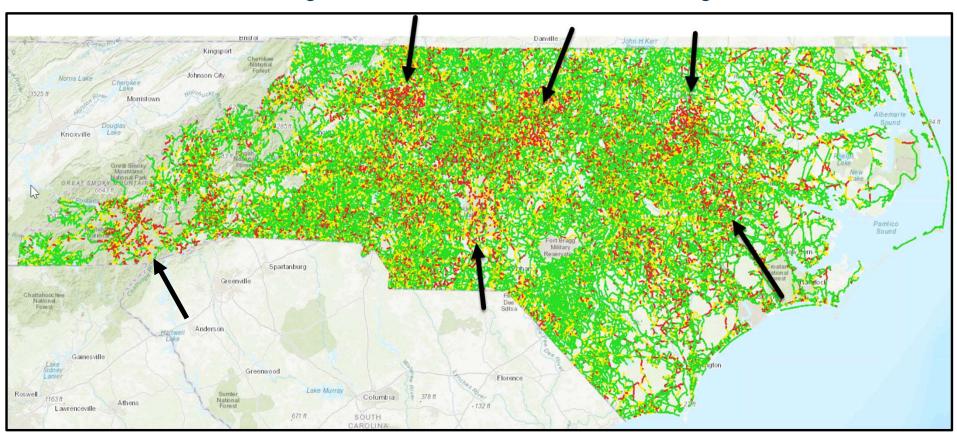
- Used for multi-level reporting across the department
- TAMP Federal Report that uses the entire Secondary System condition data
- HPMS Federal Report due yearly, impacts the federal funding state receives
- HMIP 5-yr resurfacing and preservation plan due to the NC Legislature yearly
- Pavement Performance Analysis and Resurfacing Funding Needs Legislative Report based on the condition data that is collected during the survey
- High dollar decisions are being made with this data!



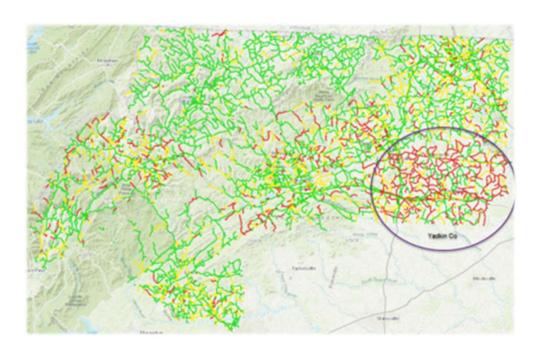


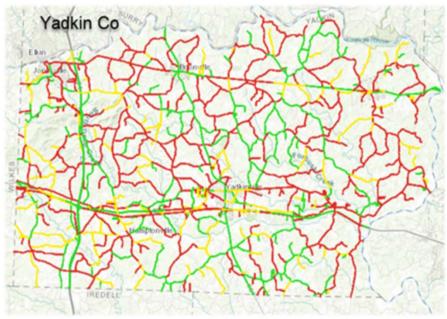


NCDOT 2021 Secondary Pavement Condition Survey Observations

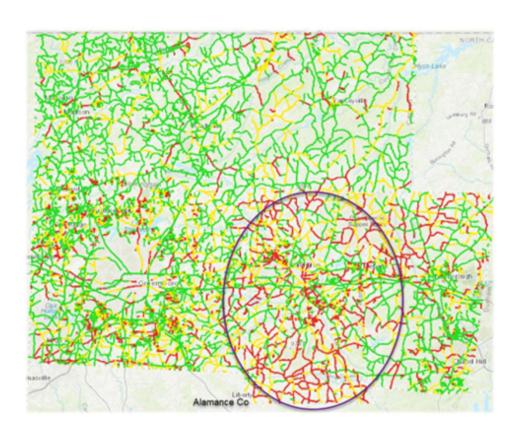


Division 11 – Yadkin County



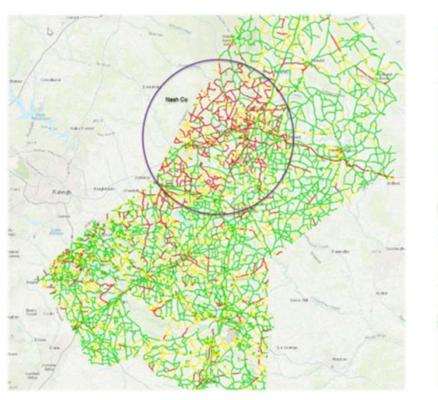


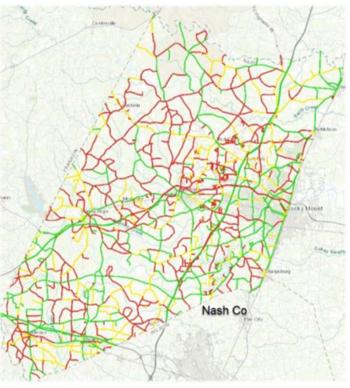
Division 7 – Alamance County





Division 4 – Nash County

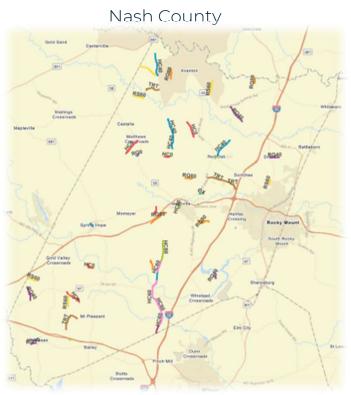




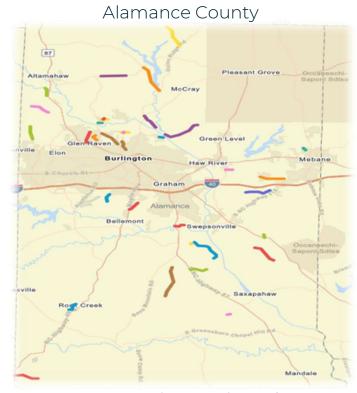
County List – All affected counties had the same rater team in 2021

Div.	County	2017 Avg. Rating	2021 Avg. Rating
2	Greene (40)	76	60
4	Nash (64)	79	59
7	Alamance (1)	73	64
8	Montgomery (62)	87	61
9	Davie (30)	82	68
11	Yadkin (99)	77	60
14	Jackson (50)	71	58

Site Visits by PMS Engineer



24 sections reviewed



24 sections reviewed

PCS Rating of "0"... But why, the road looks good right?

Sections rated as overall rating of "0" (rated as 85 from site visit)





Transverse Cracking and Bleeding

BST Pavement rated as "Moderate" for both types (treated in 2018)

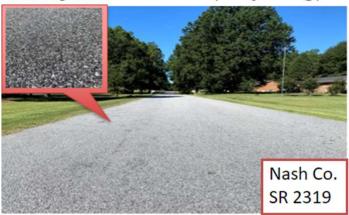
							•		,
	Alligator N L M S	Trans	Rut	Rav	Oxi	Bleed	Ride	Patch	PCR
Hist	8200	L	L	L	N	M	L	N	61.4
Rater	4420	M	L	L	N	M	L	N	29.8
QA	7300	L	L	L	N	L	L	N	68.1
PMS	7300	N	N	L	N	L	L	N	78.1
**************************************					The Later	A. Land	A		



Oxidation

	Alligator N L M S	Trans	Rut	Rav	Охі	Bleed	Ride	Patch	PCR
Hist	7210	N	N	M	N	N	L	N	75.9
Rater	3 3 3 1	M	M	N	S	N	L	N	25.0
QA									
PMS	7210	N	N	N	N	N	L	N	85.9

 Plant mix pavement rated as "Severe" but does not show any signs of oxidation (no pitting)





Rutting

Plant mix pavement rated as "Moderate" rutting

	Alligator N L M S	Trans	Rut	Rav	Oxi	Bleed	Ride	Patch	PCR
Hist	4330	M	N	N	N	N	L	N	52.6
Rater	3 3 3 1	M	M	N	N	L	L	N	20.0
QA	3 3 3 1	M	M	N	N	N	L	N	30.0
PMS	6220	L	N	N	N	N	L	N	73.4



Data Validations in Asset Management

Conclusion and Resolution

Small errors when rating individual distresses can have a <u>major impact</u> on the final score

2021 Rater overrated most distress types

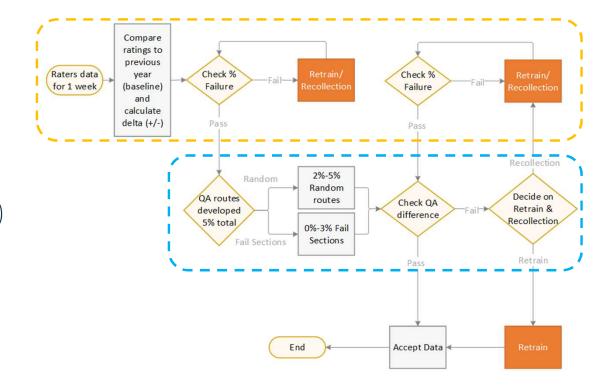
Primary Contractor & QA/QC Contractor

- Re-rate 8 counties ~4,000 miles
- Consider not using teams 7 / 13 in future years
- Improve communication between raters/QA teams
- Implement better data validations during collection

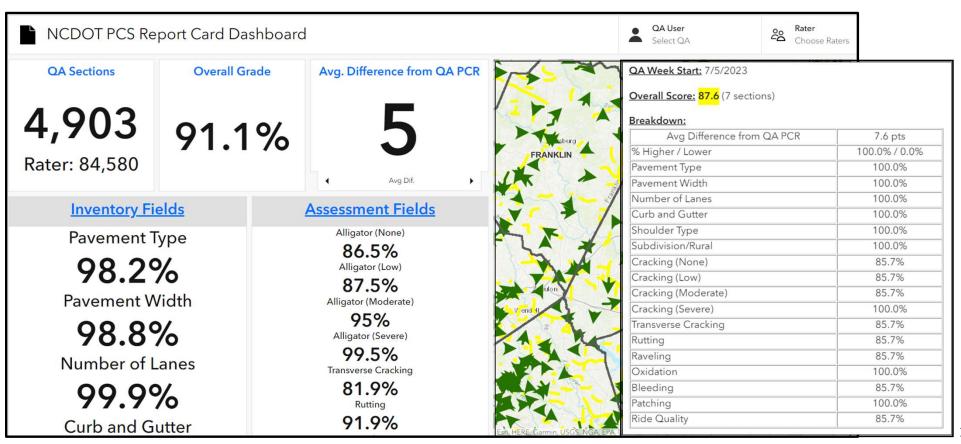
	Nash County						
2017 Avg. Rating	2021 Avg. Rating	Survey Avg. Rating**					
79	35	82					
A	Alamance County						
2017 Avg. Rating							
71	52	80					
*Ratings based on OPM engineers' survey							

Pavement Condition Survey – Data Validation Flowchart

- Phase 1 Validation Compares new rater data to previous year, 60% of the data must be within 15 points of historical values to pass
- Phase 2 Validation 5% of the newly rated mileage (up to 3% failed sections remainder random) is re-assessed by QA teams
- During QA data validation phase, distress rating differences are analyzed to determine data quality before it is accepted



Rater Report Card Dashboard for monitoring statewide consistency



Data Validations in Asset Management

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AIC Data Validations

Importance of AIC Pipe Inventory Data

Non-NBIS Pipes

- Second largest class of NCDOT pipes
- Pipes (round) > 48 inches and culverts; less than 20 feet along the centerline of the road

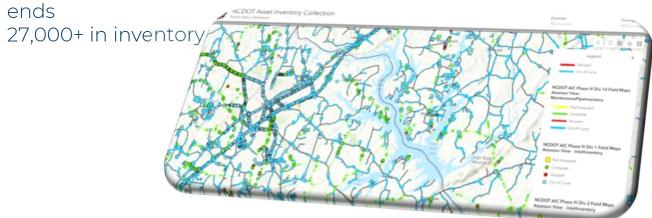
 Most daylight on both ends Maintenance Pipes

- Pipes (round) ≤ 48 inches
- Most daylight on both ends
- Does not include driveway pipes
- 350,000+ in inventory

Storm Drainage Pipes

- Most are maintenancesized pipes
- Pipes that are part of a closed system (connected to a drainage box on both ends)
- Limited inventory information collected
 Very limited inventory presently (< 15,000)

ArcGIS Online: NCDOT pipes



AIC Process

- Pipes are re-inspected every 5 years
- Collect inventory, condition data and photos
- Program also includes statewide inventory of inlets, retaining walls and noise walls
- Larger pipes are part of NCDOT Structures
 Management data and are excluded from AIC (> 5,000 NBI-sized pipes and culverts)





Data Validations in Asset Management





Ріре Туре
Coating
Barrel Width Inches
Barrel Height Inches
Barrel Count
Hydraulic Opening Square Feet
Barrel Spacing Inches
Inlet Headwalls
Outlet Headwalls

Length Feet

Rater Report Cards

- Quality Assurance teams follow behind raters and check for errors
- Report cards inform us on the quality of the data raters are collecting and where there might be issues with the data
- Incorrectly reporting some attributes or missing some condition failures could result in dismissal of the Rater Team

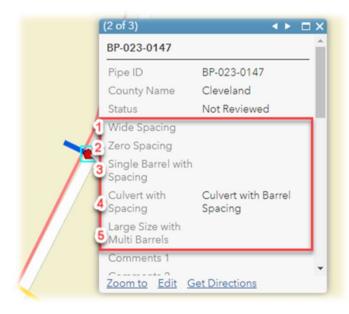
NON-NBIS PIPES:	TEAM	QA	PASS/FAIL
PIPE MATERIAL	CIP CONCRET	CIP CONCRET	PASS
PIPE SHAPE	BOX CULVERT	BOX CULVERT	PASS
PIPE LINER	NONE	NONE	PASS
BARREL WIDTH INCHES	42	48	FAIL
BARREL HEIGHT INCHES	42	48	FAIL
BARREL COUNT	1	1	PASS
BARREL SPACING INCHES	0		PASS
INLET HEADWALL TYPE	HEADWALLS	HEADWALLS	PASS
INLET HEADWALL MATERIAL	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	PASS
OUTLET HEADWALL TYPE	HEADWALLS	NONE	FAIL
OUTLET HEADWALL MATERIAL	CONCRETE	N/A	FAIL
INLET CROWN TO BED FEET	7	8	PASS
OUTLET CROWN TO BED FEET	7	5	PASS
STRUCTURE FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
EXTERNAL OBSTRUCTION %	0%	0%	PASS
INTERNAL OBSTRUCTION %	0%	20%	FAIL
SEDIMENT DEPTH INCHES 1ST	0	11	FAIL
SEDIMENT DEPTH INCHES 2ND	0	0	PASS
INLET SCOUR LENGTH INCHES	0	0	PASS
INLET SCOUR DEPTH INCHES	0	0	PASS
OUTLET SCOUR LENGTH INCHES	0	0	PASS
OUTLET SCOUR DEPTH INCHES	0	0	PASS
OUTLET PERCH INCHES	0	0	PASS
HEADWALL DAMAGE	GOOD	GOOD	PASS
DISTORTION FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
CRACKING FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
SPALLING FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
JOINT FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
CORROSION FAILURE	N/A	YES	FAIL
ROADWAY SETTLEMENT	GOOD	GOOD	PASS
SHOULDER DAMAGE	GOOD	FAIR	PASS
INLET PICTURE	GOOD	POOR	FAIL
OUTLET PICTURE	GOOD	POOR	FAIL
FAILURE PICTURE	N/A	GOOD	FAIL

MAINTENANCE PIPES:	TEAM	QA	PASS/FAIL
PIPE TYPE	CONCRETE	CONCRETE	PASS
PIPE SIZE INCHES	18"	18"	PASS
BARREL COUNT	1	1	PASS
INLET HEADWALLS	NONE	NONE	PASS
OUTLET HEADWALLS	NONE	NONE	PASS
STRUCTURE FAILURE	YES	YES	PASS
PERCENT BLOCKED	0%	0%	PASS
EROSION FAILURE	NO	YES	FAIL
CRACKING FAILURE	YES	YES	PASS
JOINT FAILURE	YES	YES	PASS
CRUSHED FAILURE	N/A	N/A	N/A
METAL SECTION LOSS FAILURE	N/A	N/A	N/A
PAVEMENT FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
FAILURE PICTURE	NO	YES	FAIL

INLETS:	TEAM	QA	PASS/FAIL
INLET TYPE	DROP	DROP	PASS
GRATE COUNT	1	1	PASS
GRATE TYPE	FABRICATED	FABRICAT	PASS
GRATE STD NUMBER			N/A
LID LENGTH FEET			N/A
LID WIDTH FEET			N/A
DEPTH FEET	< 5 FEET	< 5 FEET	PASS
BOX TYPE	CIP	MASONRY	FAIL
INVERT COUNT	2	2	PASS
STRUCTURE FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
GRATE/LID FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
GRATE/LID MISSING	NO	NO	PASS
BLOCKED FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
APRON FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
CRACKING/JOINT FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
EROSION FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
BOX FAILURE	NO	YES	FAIL
INVERT BLOCKED FAILURE	NO	NO	PASS
FAILURE PIC	NO	YES	FAIL

Automated Multi-Barrel Data Validation





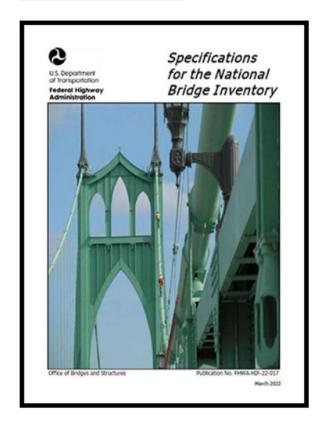




Multi-Barrell Review – Process/Outcome

- Many data errors were found and corrected
- After field review, some drainage features are sent to Structures Management Unit for evaluation to be classified as an NBI structure
- 42 structures so far have been taken over by SMU into our NBI inventory through this effort

National Bridge Inventory – Based on the SNBI



Data Validations in Asset Management

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Thanks for your time!





Contact Us

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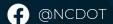
sceddy@ncdot.gov 919-835-8209

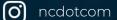
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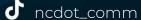








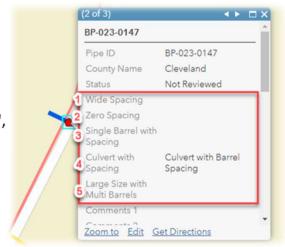






Multi-Barrell Review – Data Errors

BrlCount IN ('2','3','4','5','6') AND BrlWidth >= **120**PipeType IN ('Aluminum Box Culvert', 'RCBC', 'Precast RCBC') AND BrlSpacing <> **0**BrlCount IN ('2','3','4','5','6') AND BrlSpacing = **0** AND PipeType IN ('Aluminum Pipe', 'CMP-Round', 'Concrete Pipe', 'Concrete Arch', 'Other', 'Pipe Arch-CM', 'Skipped', 'Steel Plate Arch')
BrlSpacing > (BrlWidth / **2**)
BrlCount = '1' AND BrlSpacing > **0**





Today's Presenters



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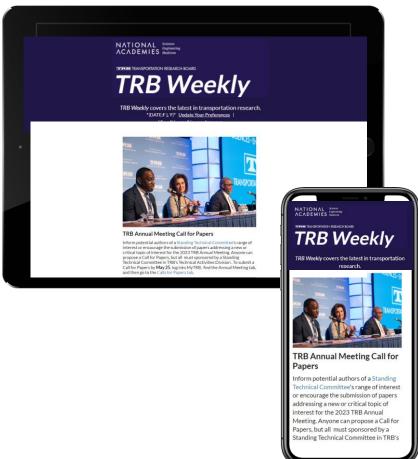


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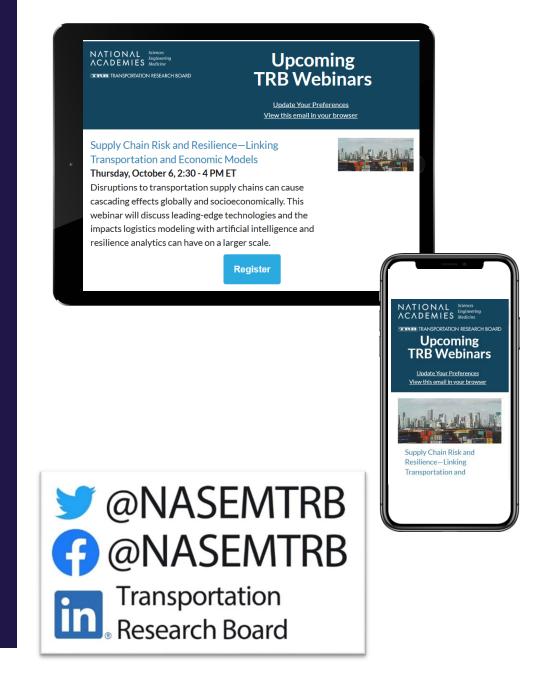
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