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TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH BOARD

## Public Transit as a Climate Solution

July 21, 2021

@NASEMTRB #TRBwebinar

# **APA** Credits

• This webinar is worth 1.5 AICP credits through the American Planning Association

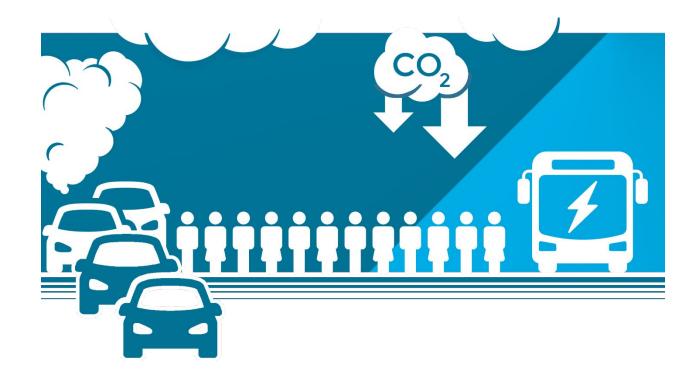


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# Learning Objectives

- 1. Identify how to incorporate transit as a climate solution
- 2. Determine strategies for reducing carbon footprints and greenhouse gas emissions

#### **#TRBwebinar**



#### An Update on Public Transportation's Impacts on Greenhouse Gas Emissions, TCRP Report 226

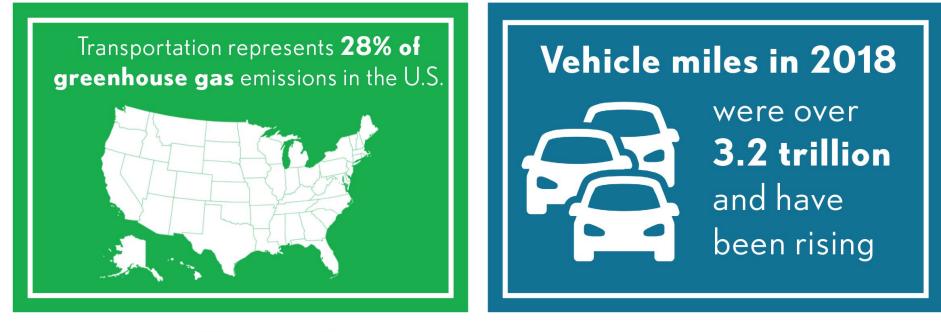
TRB Webinar: Public Transit as a Climate Solution

TCRP Project J-11 / Task 36 Summary Findings

July 21, 2021

Jen McGraw, Center for Neighborhood Technology

# National sustainability benefits of public transportation





As cities seek to meet climate goals transportation emissions reductions are essential.



Public Transportation in the U.S. saved 63 million metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e in 2018



Public Transportation helped avoid 148 billion miles of auto travel in 2018.

Did you know?

The average transit vehicle had 12 passengers in 2018.



Public Transportation helped avoid 6 billion gallons of gasoline use in 2018.

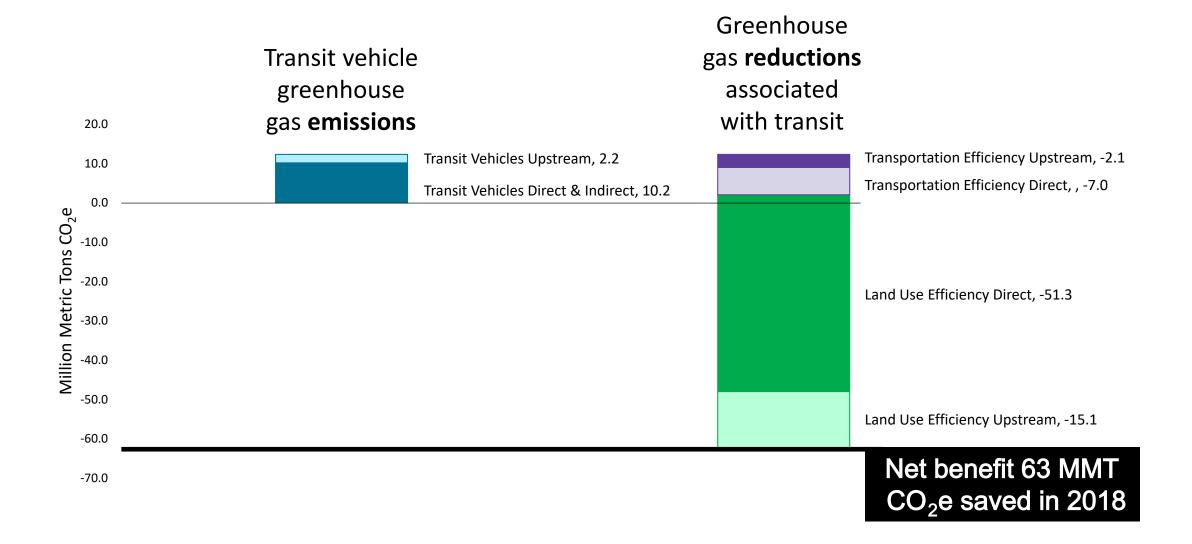
#### Did you know?

Transit riders avoided using 790 million gallons in automobiles.

Public transportation systems created land use efficiencies that saved 5.8 billion gallons of gasoline in communities.

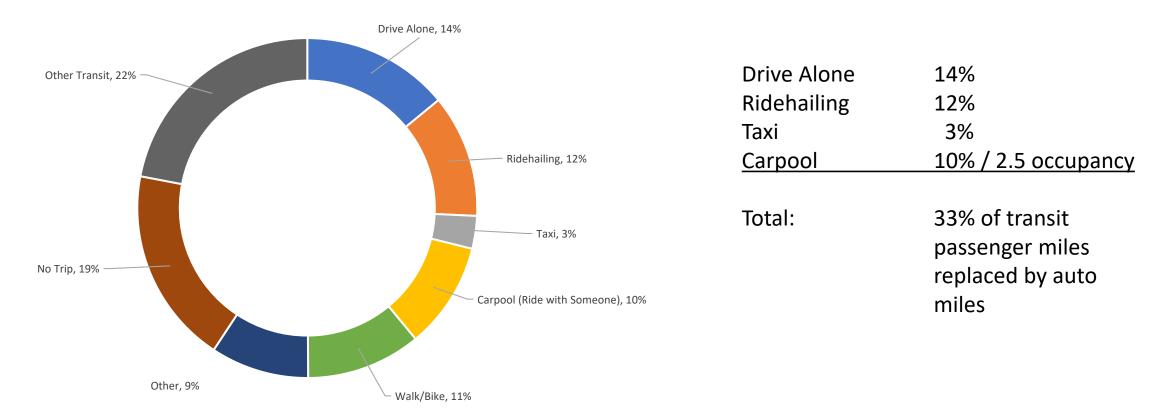


## GHG Impacts of Public Transportation 2018



## Mode Shift Factor

Mode transit riders would take in place of their transit trip:



Source: APTA, *Economic Impact of Public Transportation Investment 2020 Update*, April 2020, adjusted to include "other transit". Data from transit rider surveys.

#### **Transit Multiplier**

- **Direct Effect:** VMT reduction of transit passengers (also called Transportation Efficiency)
- Indirect Effect: VMT reduction in the community—even residents who do not ride transit themselves save VMT, such as through shorter trips & fewer driving trips (also called Land Use Efficiency)

Transit Multiplier =

(Direct Effect + Indirect Effect)

Direct Effect

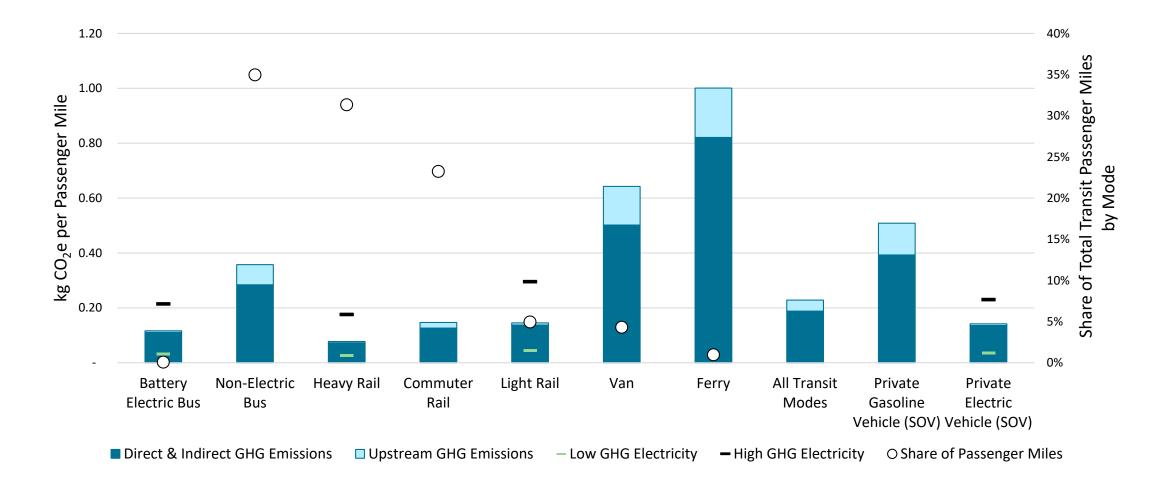
## Reduced carbon footprint of individuals using public transit

A typical trip on public transit emits **55% fewer greenhouse gas emissions** than driving or ridehailing alone.

#### Did you know?

- Public transportation is a low-carbon solution for passengers, and it has gotten better over time.
- Emissions per passenger mile in 2018 were 26% lower than in 2005.
- Transit kept pace with auto fuel efficiency improvements over the last decade.

### Average GHG Emissions per Passenger Mile



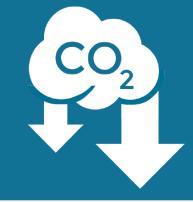
SOV is single occupancy vehicle. Average private vehicle occupancy for commute trips is 1.18 passengers, for all trips 1.67 passengers (NHTS).

Public transportation provides multiple resiliency benefits for communities impacted by climate.

#### Did you know?

- GHG reduction should not be transit's only sustainability metric.
- Transit provides necessary access to school, jobs, and services and helps reduce household transportation costs.
- Public transportation creates air quality improvements that benefit public health.

### Transit agency contributions to GHG emission reduction and sustainability



Public Transportation vehicles emitted **10% less CO2 per passenger mile** in 2018 than they did in 2008.

#### Transit vehicle CO<sub>2</sub> emissions have decreased & CO<sub>2</sub> per passenger mile has decreased over time



Change in kg CO<sub>2</sub> per Passenger Mile 2008 to 2018

Values in are in CO<sub>2</sub> not CO<sub>2</sub>e in this chart only for consistency with previous analyses 2008 Source: FTA, Public Transportation's Role in Responding to Climate Change, 2010.

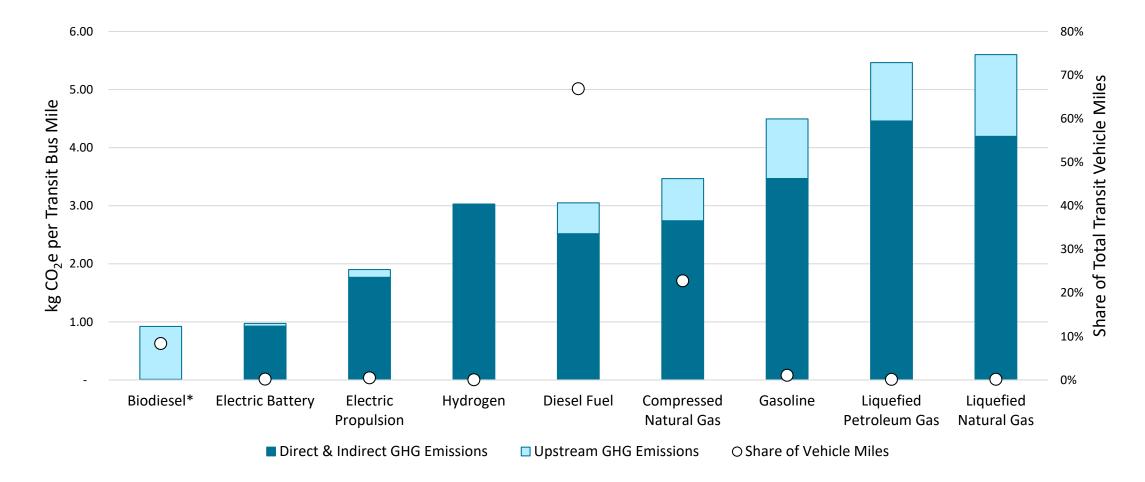


A battery electric bus emits 62% fewer GHG emissions than an average diesel bus.

#### Why it matters:

- Transit agencies are adopting lower-carbon fuels and technologies.
- Electricity was 29% less carbon-intensive in 2018 than 2005, on average in the U.S.
- As cities seek to meet climate goals transportation emissions reductions are essential.

## Transit bus emissions vary significantly by fuel

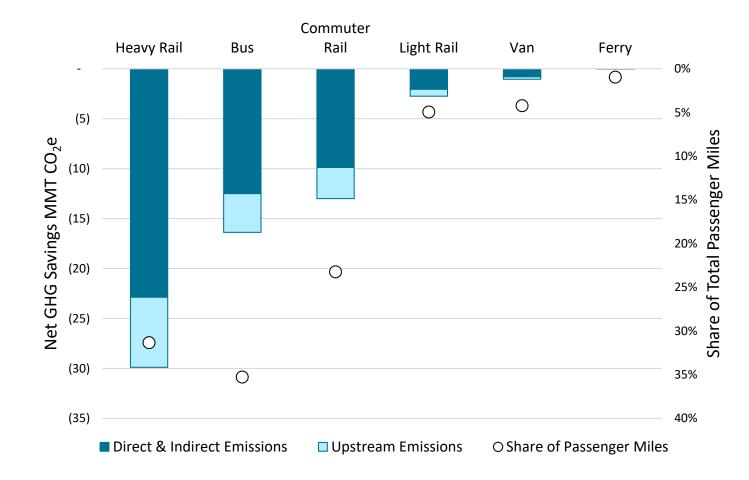


Fuel economy and fuel carbon intensity both impact this metric. \*Biodiesel also generates biogenic  $CO_2(b)$  of 2.96 kg per bus mile. These biofuels are sourced from plant matter and their carbon emissions are considered part of the natural carbon cycle.

# National sustainability benefits of public transportation by mode

# GHG Impacts of Public Transportation 2018 by Mode

(Transit Vehicle Emissions + Transportation Efficiency + Land Use Efficiency)



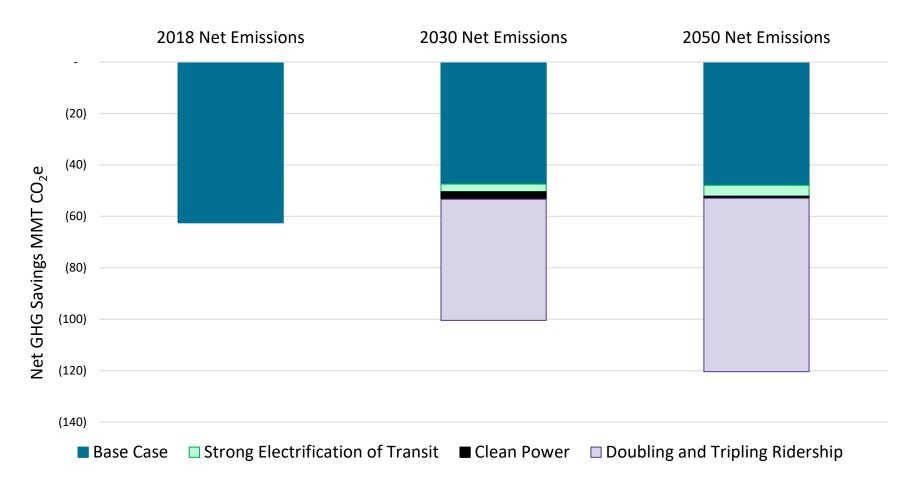
Variables impacting net savings:

- Vehicle technology
- Vehicle capacity
- Fuel, including electricity sources
- Occupancy
- Ridership
- Location efficiency
- Operations
- And more

### Potential future scenario

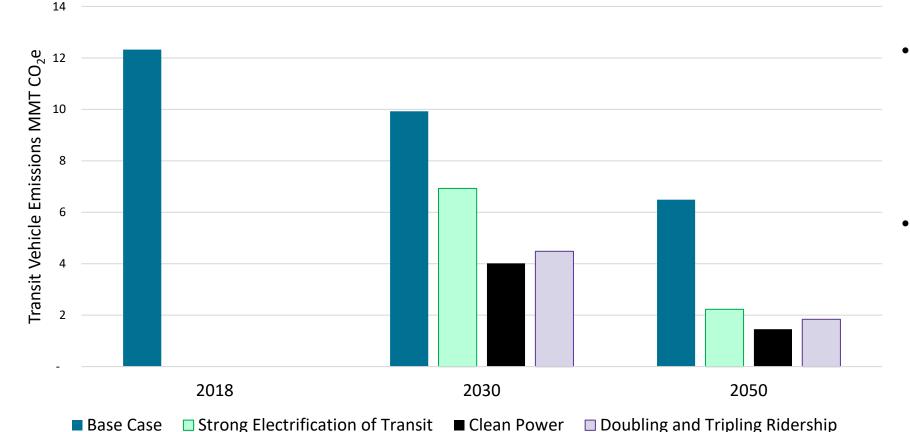
# Public Transportation Scenarios 2030 and 2050

(Hypothetical for Consideration)



- Largest GHG scenario change is avoided personal vehicle travel as ridership doubles & triples.
- Avoided vehicle travel creates net savings of 120 MMT CO<sub>2</sub>e via transportation & land use efficiency in 2050.
- Land use efficiency is expected to grow creating significant GHG savings among non-passengers.

# Transit Vehicle GHG Emissions, 2030 and 2050 Scenarios



- Scenario eliminates
   83% of transit vehicle
   emissions by 2050
   even as ridership
   triples.
- Emissions from transit vehicles fall from 12
   MMT CO<sub>2</sub>e in 2018 to 2 MMT CO<sub>2</sub>e in 2050.

# Project tools

## Scenario Tool

						Scenarios				
						A) Additional		C) Ridership		
						Electrification of	B) Zero Carbon	Increase		
						Transit Vehicles	Electricity	(Select % Change in		
						(Select % Increase	(Select % of Electricity	Passenger Miles		
						in VMT Electrified)	with 0 GHGs)	from 2018)		
						50%	100%	50%		
							Scen	ario Results		
							Transit Vehicle			
								Emissions with	Scenario	
				Transportation	Land Use		Transit Vehicle	Electrification, Zero	Transportation	Scenario Land
				Efficiency	Efficiency	Transit Vehicle	Emissions with	Carbon Electricity	Efficiency	Use Efficiency
			Transit Vehicle	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions with	Electrification & Zero	and Increased	Emissions	Emissions
			Emissions	Savings	Savings	Electrification	Carbon Electricity	Ridership	Savings	Savings
Transit Agency Name	City -	State 📅 Mode 🖡	r kg CO2e 🛛 👻	kg CO2e 🛛 🚽	kg CO2e 🛛 🚽	(kg CO2e) 🚽 🚽	(kg CO2e) -	(kg CO2e) 🕞 👻	(kg CO2e) 🚽 🚽	(kg CO2e) 🚽
Example		Light Rai	il 24,050,987	16,780,962	100,843,241	24,050,987	-	-	25,171,444	151,264,862
Example		Bus	25,159,072	43,515,075	261,498,781	33,594,988	12,579,536	14,963,123	65,272,612	392,248,171

Project tools available at http://www.trb.org/Main/Blurbs/181941.aspx



CNT

## Thank You

#### Jen McGraw jen@cnt.org

#### Center for Neighborhood Technology

cnt.org

TCRP Report 226:

http://www.trb.org/Main/Blurbs/181941.aspx

San Francisco 11am September 9, 2020.

# Benefits to Transit Agencies of Addressing Sustainability

#### TRB Webinar: Public Transit as a Climate Solution

**Amy Pettine** 

July 21, 2021





#### Developing transportation systems to promote broader community goals of mobility, equity, sustainability, health, and economic development

## We Put People First





Transit



**Transit Corridors** 



Active Transportation and Safety



**Cities and Streets** 



Parking and Demand Management



Paratransit and Community Transit



**Emerging Mobility** 

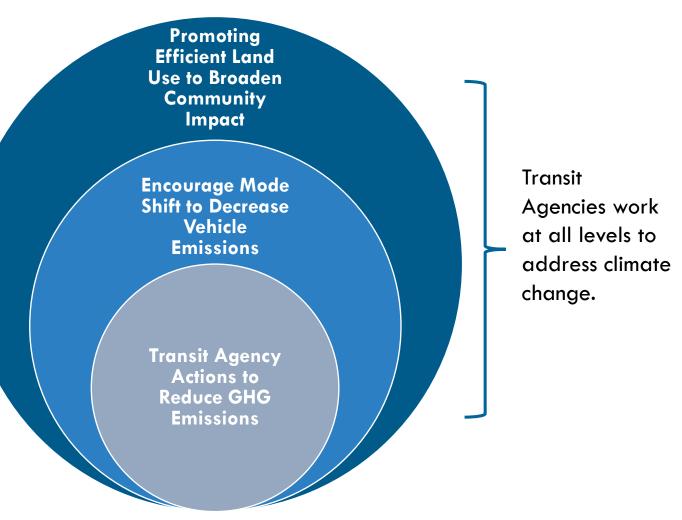


Engineering and Design

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### **Tackling Sustainability at All Levels**

Transportation is a major source of the greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions that are causing climate change. As communities work to cut emissions and become more resilient they are looking to public transportation as a climate action strategy.



## **How Transit Agencies Benefit**

- Key Player in Mitigating Climate Change (Transportation Sector Impacts High, Transit Sector Contributions Low (1.2% of GHG)
- Leverage New Technologies
- Workforce Development
- Mode Shift Goals Bring System Investments to Provide a Reliable Alternative to Driving
- Concrete Benefits from Agencies who have worked towards sustainability
- FTA has several grant programs that provide additional funding to shift away from diesel buses

#### WHY IS TRANSIT IMPORTANT?



# **Transit Agency Challenges**

- State Plans & Mandates
- Seat at the Table

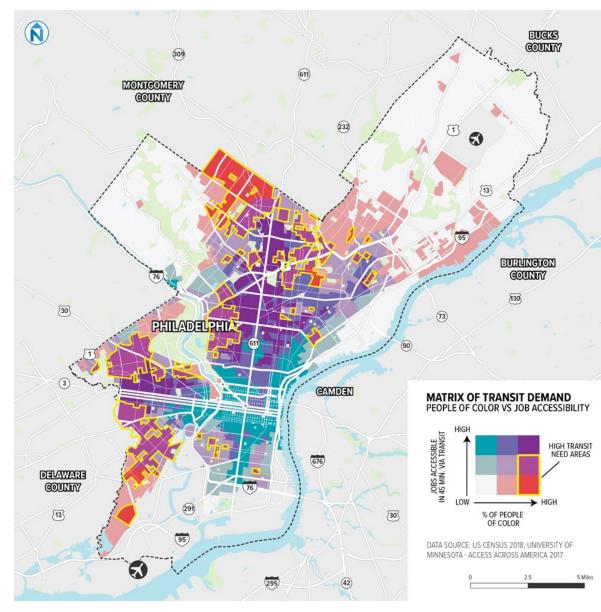
Question – where do transit agencies fit in?

- Telling a Story
- Measuring Success
- Encourage Culture Change
- Increase Funding



# Sustainability + Equity

- Public transportation serves many essential needs. It also plays a role in:
- Reducing air pollutants
- Addressing health and safety impacts of transportation
- Reducing household transportation costs
- Increasing access



## **Public Transportation Impacts**

- 1. Transit Vehicle GHG Emissions: the GHG emissions associated with transit vehicle fuel use;
- 2. Transportation Efficiency GHG Savings: the GHG emissions saved by passengers riding transit rather than using personal vehicles; and
- 3. Land Use Efficiency GHG Savings: the GHG emissions saved by the broader impact of transit on vehicle miles traveled (VMT) in the community.



## **Fleet Conversion**

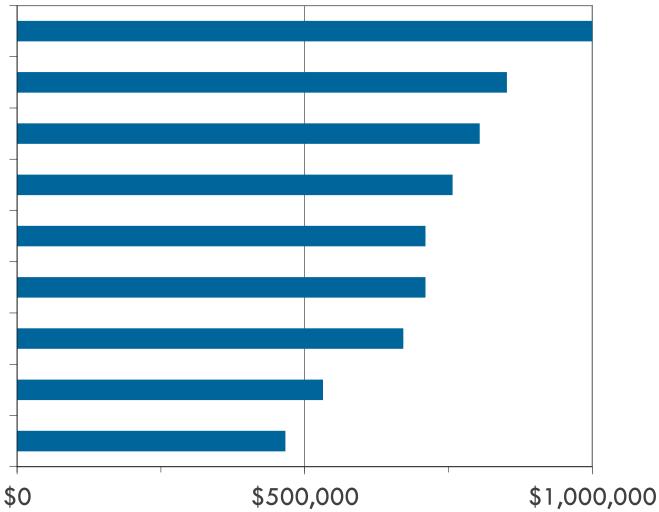
- Huge increase in electric fleet in last few years
- Upfront expense in vehicles and facilities
- Utility coordination essential
- New technology challenges
- Long-term savings possible





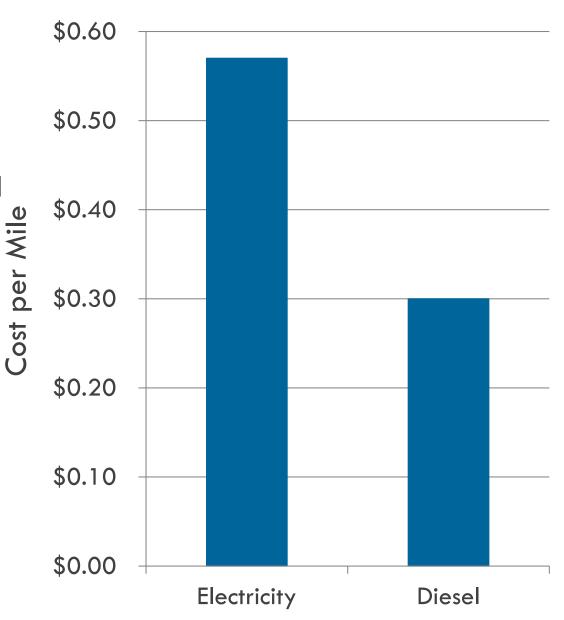
### **Transit Bus Costs**

Fuel Cell-Electric Battery-Electric (660 kWh) Battery-Electric (550 kWh) Battery-Electric (440 kWh) Battery-Electric (on-route charging) Battery-Electric (330 kWh) Hybrid Diesel-Electric w/ Mid-Life Re-Build CNG w/ Mid-Life Re-Build & Low-NOx Engine Diesel w/ Mid-Life Re-Build



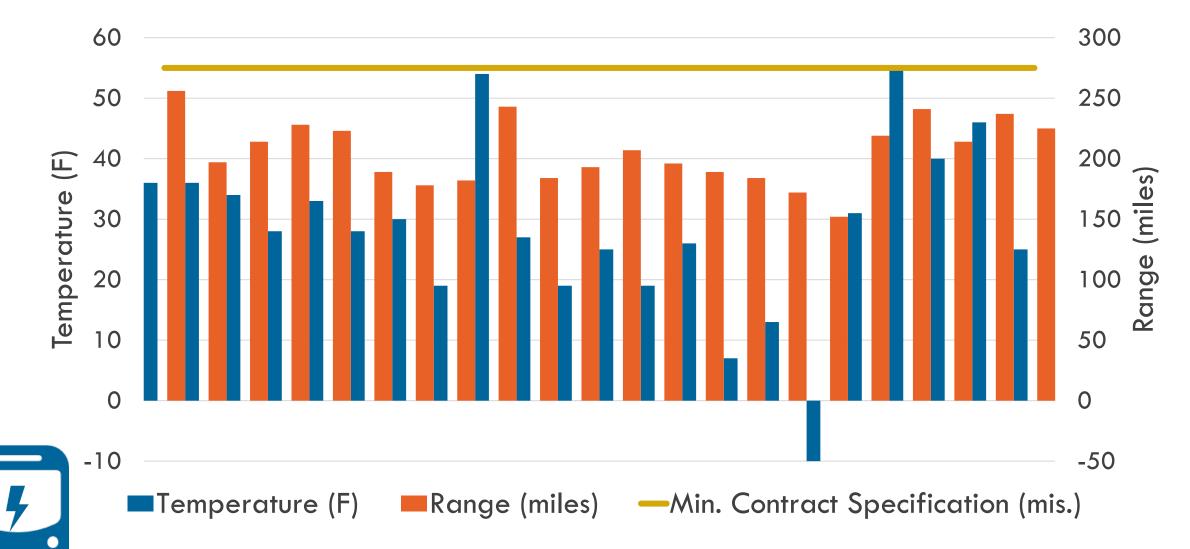
# **Operating Costs**

- Ostensibly lower
- Fuel economy of electricity 2x to 3x that of diesel
- Problems with rate structure
  - Demand charges





### **Range Anxiety**



## **Encourage Mode Shift**

- Increasing ridership is the strongest way to increase public transportation's GHG impacts in communities
- This will require additional transit service, which can increase transit vehicle GHG emissions, but this is more than offset by the GHG savings of passengers who avoid personal vehicle use and the larger land use impacts of transit.







### **Increase Transit Funding**

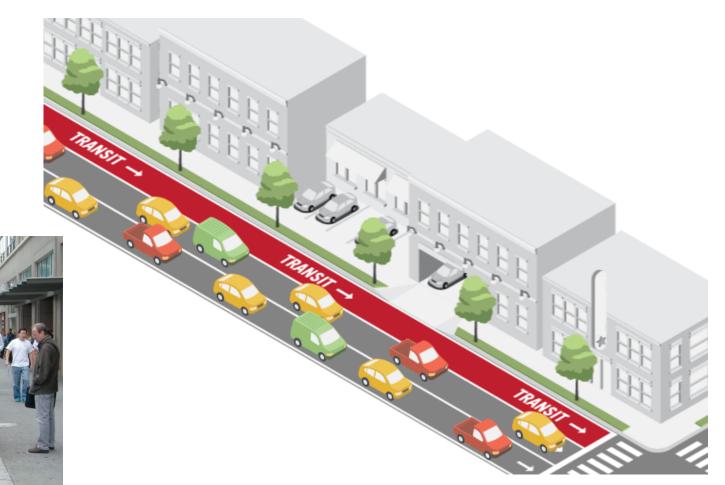


## **Prioritize Transit in Roadway Design**

Bus Priority

- Traffic Signal Priority
- High Quality Bus Stops
- Improved Accessibility
- Off-board Fare Payment



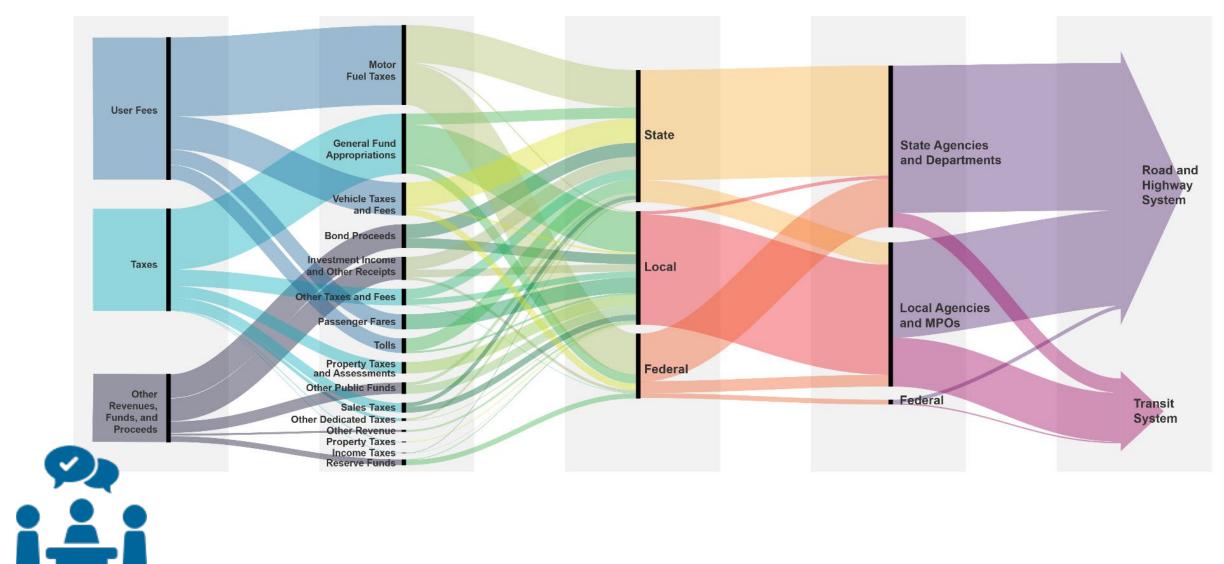


### Transition from Mobility Provider to Mobility Manager





### **Align Funding with Our Values**



### Advocate and Educate



Supports sustainable growth.

rate. Transit supports growth by moving

more people within the same right-of-way

footprint-accommodating new residents

4 Denver is growing at an unprecedented

and employees efficiently.

5

the Center for Disease Control's

recommendation of 22 minutes a day of moderate aerobic activity.



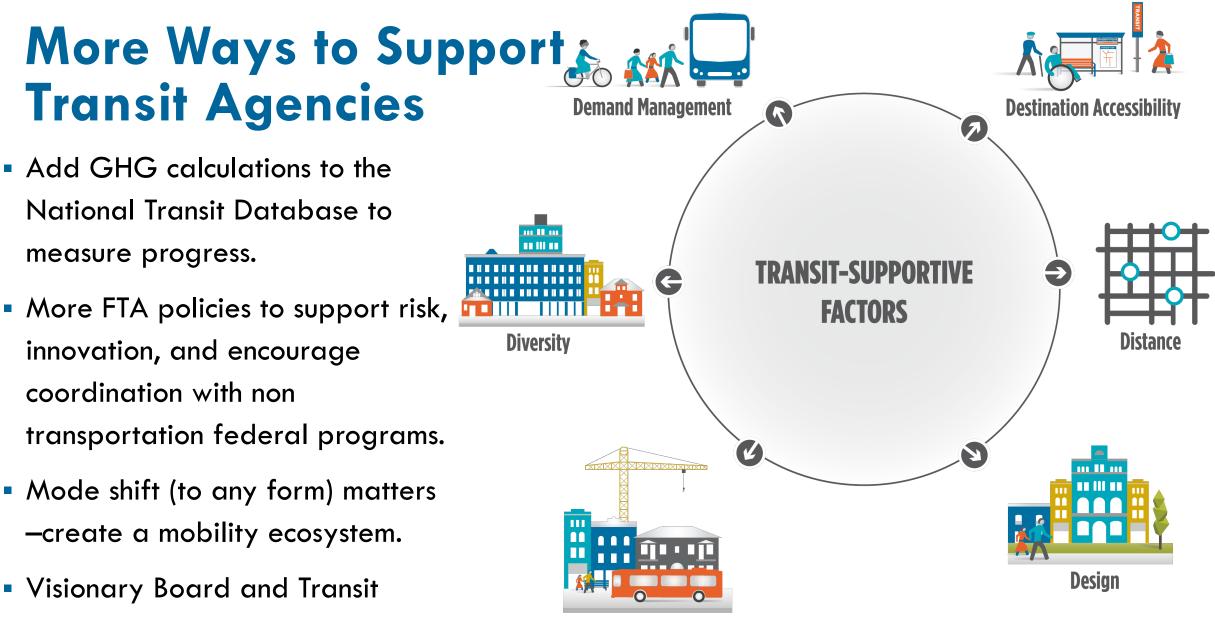


a world-class city.

transportation to get around

**7** Boosts the region's economy. By 2035, Denver will add more than 190,000 jobs based on DRCOG projections. Transit can help people reach these jobs and expand economic mobility.

Leadership



Density

### Thank you!



Amy Pettine

apettine@nelsonnygaard.com



# Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority

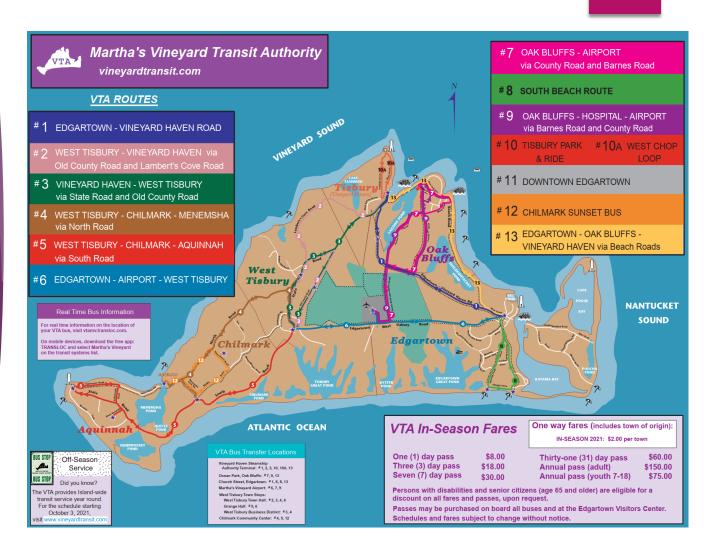
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TRANSIT AGENCY PERSPECTIVE ON IMPLEMENTING SUSTAINABLE SOLUTIONS

ANGIE GOMPERT, VTA ADMINISTRATOR

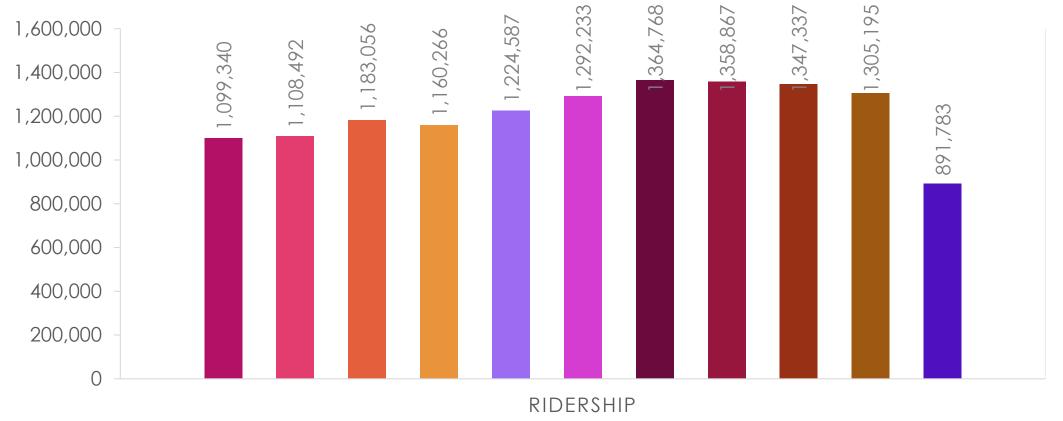
#### Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority

- Serves all 6 towns on the island
- 12 year-round routes
- More routes and buses in summer
- 1.4 million rides annually
- 1.2 million miles service annually
- 32 buses, including 16 electric





### **Ridership Trend**

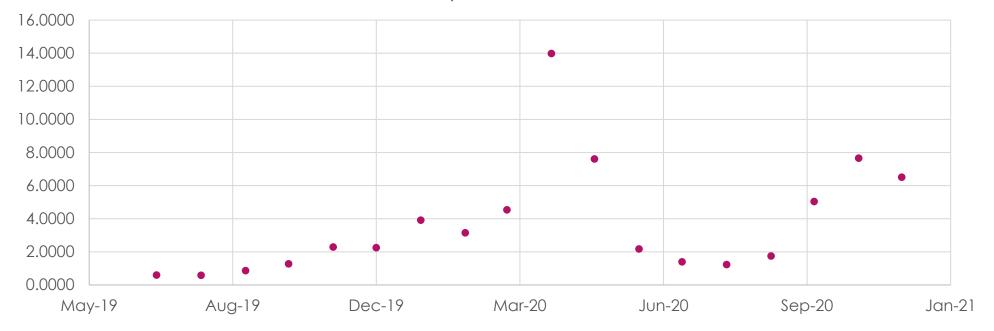


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■ FY10 ■ FY11 ■ FY12 ■ FY13 ■ FY14 ■ FY15 ■ FY16 ■ FY17 ■ FY18 ■ FY19 ■ FY20

#### Greenhouse Gas Savings

lb GHG saved per rider



#### Greenhouse Gas Savings

# Median GHG savings per rider – 2.67 Pounds (.0012 mT CO2e)

#### Over 3 Million Pounds (1,360 mT CO2e) of GHG savings over a traditional diesel system from project to date





#### A Focus on the Future

- An electric fleet will serve the Island in the future and maintain relevancy
- A state-of-the-art solution that supports fuel, noise, and emissions reduction
- Removes 36,000 tons of carbon dioxide over ten years of driving 1.4 million miles annually
- Microgrid solution provides reliability and opportunity for future vehicle to grid services



#### VTA's Vision Future of Island Public Transit

- Electric Transit Vehicles
  - Buses, vans and service vehicles
- Charging Infrastructure
  - Plug-in vehicle chargers
  - Inductive charging
- Photovoltaic (PV) Solar
  - Generate energy for system
- Energy Storage Systems
  - Makes grid connection optional
  - Back-up source of power



#### Progress to Date

- Operating 16 all electric buses, 50% of fixed route bus fleet
- Updated our operations and maintenance facility's electrical distribution system to make it capable of handling charging for entire fleet
- Procured vendor for inductive charging units
- Secured the first on-route inductive charging site
- Installed eight solar canopies that will generate 700 kW of electricity
- Installed and began operating microgrid

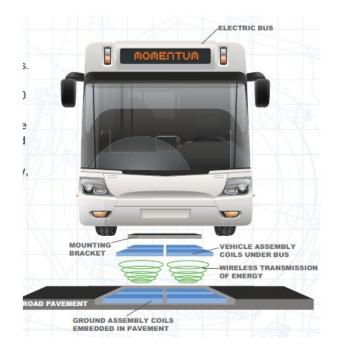
### Solar PV

- Provides an onsite renewable generation solution
- PPA with Borrego
- Now owned by VTA and Enel X in public-private partnership
- 16 vehicle charging stations underneath (with room for additional chargers to be added in the future)
- ▶700 kW system
- Power buses with clean electricity
- Challenge: limited export to 500 kW



### In-Route Charging

- Inductive, fully wireless
   charging stations
- One in place now at base facility; another just approved
- 15 miles of range in 10 min of charging
- Provides robust commuter service without relying on fossil fuels





#### Energy Storage



- 1 100 kW and 2 280 kW systems
- Capture and store solar energy for use when the sun is not shining
  - Avoids electricity generated from fossil fuels

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 Ability to further reduce energy costs through utility load management programs

### Control Software

#### • Managing load from the buses in real time

- All buses charging at once = 2.5 MW; Utility service capacity = 1 MW
- Needed a smart system to ensure smooth operations
  - Operations come first buses MUST be charged in time
  - Take advantage of PV generation to use the cleanest electricity even if the sun is not out
- Managing the entire microgrid
  - Controlling the system required a software package to make it all work
  - It's not just about solar, it's a coordinated system of energy production, storage, distribution, and management



PXISE Energy Solutions

#### VTA's Impact

As of March 2021, electric buses have driven over 600,000 miles resulting in 1,600 short tons direct GHG emission savings

- Estimated to save 36,000 tons of carbon dioxide over 10 years
- Creating replicable process and lessons learned for other transit agencies
- Engaged key partners in problem-solving and identifying viable pathways for achieving vision
- Created infrastructure to support further fleet electrification
- Marketable mode of transportation to reduce use of personal vehicles on Island

#### Technical Learnings

#### Design Considerations:

- Bus operations and phasing
- Pieces needed now, vs full build
- Battery Procurement:
  - Understanding battery functionality
  - Availability and timing spare parts delivery
- Controls Software:
  - Integration with all components
  - Software Updates
  - Software compatibility with microgrid components

#### Broad Lessons Learned

Strong partnerships are key, and you need leadership to keep the project on task and to ensure the vision is not compromised

- Thoughtful phasing of the project is essential to ensure operations continue. In some cases, it would be useful for partners to have an understanding of all aspects of the proposed project
- Financing will require some creativity. Procurement constraints with federal funding may be a limitation for other transit agencies
- Fortitude and flexibility adopting a new fuel type fleet wide is a long process. Expect problems, delays and challenges. Every site is different, utility partners vary, as does the availability of resources.
- You can make a difference now!

### Today's Panelists







Moderated by: Jen McGraw, Center for Neighborhood Technology

Amy Pettine, Nelson/Nygaard

Angie Gompert, Vineyard Transit Authority





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